1	Wednesday, 16 November 2011
2	(10.00 am)
3	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. Do I understand the order o
4	the battle is first the National Union of Journalists
5	and then the Guardian and then Mr Sherborne? Thank you.
6	Right.
7	Opening submissions by MS STANISTREET
8	MS STANISTREET: Thank you, sir. Yours is an unprecedented
9	inquiry into the press that could have far-reaching
10	implications for our industry, so we at the National
11	Union of Journalists felt it was essential for the union
12	that's the voice for journalists and for journalism
13	throughout the UK and Ireland to play a central role.
14	We were therefore very grateful to you for recently
15	granting us core participant status.
16	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Can I encourage you to slow down
17	a bit.
18	MS STANISTREET: Yes.
19	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thanks.
20	MS STANISTREET: The NUJ is an independent union and has
21	been representing journalists throughout the media
22	industry for over 104 years. We're a democratic, lay
23	member-led grass-roots organisation. It is members in
24	our workplace chapels and our branches who shape union
25	policy and direct priorities.
	Page 1

union and had previously been the NUJ's lay vice-president and president after having served on the ruling National Executive Council for eight years, representing all members of the union working in newspapers and news agencies.

During that time, I was working full-time as a journalist. I joined Express Newspapers in 1999, working on the Sunday Express. During my time there, I worked in the city department as an interviewer and feature writer, then for the news desk where I worked as a feature writer and then books editor until I was elected to the full-time role of Deputy General Secretary in the NUJ.

It was my experience as an NUJ chapel rep at the Express, where we operated a joint chapel between the Daily Express and Express and Daily Star titles, representing members individually and collectively in a whole range of issues, that galvanised my activism within the NUJ and gave me a deep insight into the issues facing journalists working in the press today.

My team of officials represent and engage with journalists working in national and regional newspapers, tabloid and broadsheets alike, on a daily basis.

It's vital that in an Inquiry reflecting on the problems and issues within our industry, that the Page 3

We speak on behalf of our 38,000 members who work throughout the industry as freelancers and in staff roles in newspapers, news agencies, magazines, online, book publishing, in public relations and as

book publishing, in public relations and a photographers.

Our headquarters are here in London and we also have offices in Glasgow, Manchester and Dublin.

We represent members collectively where we have collective bargaining rights and recognition, and individual representation also forms a large part of our work. As well as our bread and butter industrial work, we campaign on issues ranging from quality journalism and defending public service broadcasting to fighting for protection of sources and press freedom.

I shall say something briefly of my own experiences as a journalist and as a trade unionist, and in case it's thought by including these few sentences in the NUJ's opening statement I'm avoiding the possibility of challenge by cross-examination, I will exhibit this opening statement to a witness statement and the Inquiry team can consider, if it wishes, to call me as a witness at an appropriate time.

I was elected General Secretary of the NUJ in April and took over the role in July. For the three previous years I was the elected Deputy General Secretary of the Page 2

concerns, the experiences and insights of ordinary working journalists are heard and I know you're very much alive to this. They are the workers at the sharp end who deal with the reality of life in a pressured, busy newsroom every single day. Our members strive on a daily basis to serve the public, balancing the need to inform, educate and entertain with the need to serve the competing and sometimes conflicting demands of publishers and commercial interests. It's a daily challenge and it's quite frequently a battle.

The NUJ is currently making a good deal of effort to identify journalists to give evidence and to share their experiences with the Inquiry, however the stark reality is that in many workplaces there's a genuine climate of fear about speaking out. In order that it's not simply those who have retired or who have been made redundant and left the industry who feel able to make a contribution, we're working with the Inquiry team to ensure that journalists who wish to contribute to the Inquiry can give their testimony in confidence to afford them protection from retribution.

The fear is not necessarily just of immediate punishment but of finding that a few months after your Inquiry ends, a journalist who has spoken out may find herself on a list of redundancies. We support your Page 4

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draft protocol on anonymity and will discuss specific measures in relation to particular witnesses with the Inquiry theme.

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Of course, predictably some of the newspaper owners are unhappy about this, but the reality is that putting your head above the parapet and speaking out publicly is simply not an option for many journalists who would fear losing their job or making themselves unemployable in the future. In our experience, that fear has been a significant factor inhibiting journalists from defending the principles of ethical journalism in the workplace, and in media organisations hostile to the concept of trade unions there's a particular problem.

There's already been discussion of the important role journalism plays. Journalism is a force for good, a vital part of any democratic society. People choosing to enter the industry don't, believe me, do it for the money or the career prospects. They become journalists because they want to make a difference. They want to play their part in holding power to account, to shining a light in those dark recesses of society. They want to do their job well, do it professionally and they want to keep their communities informed and expose wrongdoing 23 and the reason why we're all here today is because of excellent, dogged investigative journalism which has Page 5

journalism, you can't do it without cheating readers of

2 the newspapers they deserve and you can't do it without

sounding the death knell of an industry that plays such

4 a critical role in our society.

5 In this context, the more resource-intensive areas 6 of journalism such as specialist correspondence and 7 investigative journalism have become something of an

8 endangered species and a journalist's ability to get out 9 there and research and deliver work thoroughly has been

10 diminished. Agency copy is topped and tailed, press

11 releases are churned out as news. The pressure on

12 journalists to deliver --

13 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm going to ask you to slow down

14 again and I'll tell you why, because there are parts of

15 what you're saying that aren't being picked up because

16 of the speed at which you're speaking.

17 MS STANISTREET: Apologies.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That's all right. 18

19 MS STANISTREET: The pressure on journalists to deliver is

20 relentless, often to unpredictable and unreasonable

21 timescales and without the resources to do the job well.

22 Such pressures lead to shortcuts and can result in the

abandoning of fundamental principles. That's why it's

24 important for your Inquiry to understand the reality of

25 newsroom culture and the pressures that some journalists

Page 7

brought this scandal to light.

Journalists do not, however, operate in a vacuum. It's important to place the examination of the industry's culture and practices in the broader context of the current state of the industry. The newspaper industry, particularly in the local and the regional press, has been in crisis over recent years. The scale of cutbacks, redundancies, casualisation of the workforce and entire closure of titles has made it a very challenging and insecure time for journalists.

This has been the inevitable result of the entire economic model within the newspaper industry. Greedy employers have stripped profitable and once proud newspaper titles of their assets. When the days of 25, 30 per cent profits ended, rather than settle for more modest profits that would do nicely for most of our major blue-chips, the response of some of the major newspaper groups was to slash costs further, cut the bottom line, sacrificing quality and content in the process.

This is not a sustainable business model and we're seeing the results of this bad management on a daily basis with ever more cutbacks and redundancies. These owners are playing fast and loose with our industry. You can't do that without sacrificing quality

Page 6

1 in some workplaces have come under to deliver the goods,

2 to write stories that are inaccurate or misleading.

3 These practices are the product of the culture. You

4 cannot separate the practice of journalism and the

5 culture which underpins the industry. To paraphrase the

6 Irish poet WB Yeats, you cannot separate the dancer from 7

the dance.

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It's not journalists who develop and foster the culture in any one newspaper group. In any workplace, where does the power reside? Not at the bottom, where the majority work to get the job done. It's at the top. In journalism, the reality is that there's often a stark expectation from on high: deliver the goods, get the job done, bring in the story whatever the means. If you don't, well, the consequences are often simple and clinically brutal.

At the heart of any newspaper culture is the editor. What he or she says goes. For anyone who's worked in a newsroom, the concept of an editor who didn't know just what their troops were getting up to is laughable. Editors rule the roost. They set the tone, not just in the editorial line of their newspapers but in the way that the entire newsroom operates. What's accepted, what's not, the tone of an editorial conference, whether bullying, which is sadly all too commonplace, goes

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unchecked, the dispensing of praise or the nature of the inevitable roasting when the goods aren't delivered.

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To imagine editors as mere bystanders whose underling reporters run rings around them would be fanciful in the extreme. That's why, to anyone with any journalistic nous, the peddling of the line that hacking was the action of a single rogue reporter operating in splendid isolation was as daft as it was unbelievable and that's why it's vital when considering the culture and the practices of the press to examine the broader context of how that culture is forged and cultivated.

For NUJ members, a significant way in which they input collectively into that workplace culture is through their workplace NUJ group, the chapel, as we call them, but that can only happen in places where there is a functioning organised chapel. This mainly happens in places where there's a legal recognition agreement in place and a collective bargaining agreement. Mere membership is not enough. There are many newspapers where journalists feel very anxious about their employer knowing that they're members of the 21 NUJ or that they're active in the union outside of work.

Nor is the limited right to representation in disciplinary or grievance proceedings enough. The only way a union is able to sufficiently and actively protect Page 9

the interests of its members is by the establishment of genuine collective bargaining.

That process involves putting other issues central to a journalist's work, whether that's staffing resources, commercial pressures, bullying behaviour in the work place or ethics, squarely at the negotiating table. Believe me, senior executives in this industry only sit down with our workplace reps and with NUJ officials because they're obliged to, because we have recognition and an agreement on collective bargaining.

Whilst I'm sure there are many employers who would rather not have to bargain collectively, there are many media employers who have a particularly intransigent view in this regard and will go to great lengths to block the NUJ from its titles.

Take Rupert Murdoch. He created and funded his own proxy union, the News International Staff Association, which was later refused a certificate of independence by the certification officer because of its lack of independence from the employer. This was established on the eve of the legislative changes being introduced that saw the restoration of trade union recognition rights, all to keep the NUJ and our sister unions out of Wapping.

Staff at News International, mostly on the Page 10

News of the World, who have been dismissed or made

2 redundant in the wake of the hacking scandal, have

learnt in recent months to their cost the impact of not

4 having strong and independent workplace representation.

5 There cannot be a genuinely robust and confident

representation from any organisation that's not

7 independent whereby means of its funding and actual 8

existence is effectively in the pocket of the company's 9

owner and senior executives.

A well-organised union provides a counterbalance to the power of the editors and the proprietors. It can limit their excesses and give journalists the confidence to raise their concerns. The collective can tackle stress and bullying and defend principles of journalistic ethics as well as dealing with pay and terms and conditions.

One of the many members to come to the NUJ in the wake of the closure of the News of the World was Derek Webb. He, has you may have seen, told his story to BBC's Newsnight in some depth last week. Mr Webb was hired as a private detective by the News of the World and carried out surveillance for the company for many years. However, he alleges that in the wake of the arrest of the paper's royal editor, Clive Goodman, he was taken aside by a senior executive on the Page 11

1 News of the World and told he had to "stop being 2 a private detective and become a journalist". The same

3 senior executive also apparently told him that he must

4 join the NUJ and acquire an NUJ press card. This he

5 duly did. For the NUJ this is a breathtakingly cynical

6 move on behalf of the News of the World but also an

7 interesting perspective on an organisation that's so

8 hostile to the NUJ. Clearly in the minds of senior

9 executives at News International, presumably a proper 10 journalist is one who is a fully fledged NUJ member with

11 a union press card rather than the ones

News International dispenses to its staff.

You suggested earlier this week that the essential question in this Inquiry might well be: who guards the guardians? The NUJ can help here. For one of the key ways of ensuring "systems within an organisation which promote or induce good behaviours and tend to expose bad behaviours", to quote Mr Jay, is for journalists to have the protection of a trade union.

The establishment of collective bargaining is one vital means of preventing the unacceptable "culture, practice and ethics" under investigation in this Inquiry should not be seen as some form of special pleading on behalf of a vested interest group, for the right to collective bargaining is as fundamental as the right to Page 12

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privacy under Article 8 of the Convention and the right to freedom of expression under Article 10.

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Article 11 protects everyone's freedom of association and "the right to be a member of a trade union for the protection of his interests".

In a unanimous Grand Chamber decision of Demir and Baykara v Turkey, the European Court of Human Rights concluded:

"The right to bargain collectively with the employer has, in principle, become one of the essential elements of the 'right to form and to join trade unions for the protection of [one's] interests' set forth in Article 11 of the Convention ..."

The interrelation between Article 11 and the right to collective bargaining had been earlier described in Wilson and others v UK, a case of an NUJ member which arose out of the considerable steps Associated Newspapers took to derecognise and disempower the NUJ in 18 the 1980s. In that case, the court, which included Lord Phillips, as he now is, held:

"The essence of a voluntary system of collective bargaining is that it must be possible for a trade union which is not recognised by an employer to take steps including, if necessary, organising industrial action, with a view to persuading the employer to enter into Page 13

the Piper Alpha Inquiry report, a role which finds statutory form in the Offshore Installations Regulations 1989.

We at the NUJ believe that there's a clear link between a strong trade union presence in a workplace and a strong ethical awareness. Collective trade union representation is a moral human right and journalists should not be denied this right in our newspapers.

I can speak from personal experience when I say that having the collective confidence of a robust union presence can make an enormous difference when individuals want to speak out on matters of journalistic ethics.

In September 2001, when I was one of three NUJ chapel reps at Express Newspapers, we took collectively the unprecedented step of making a complaint to the Press Complaints Commission directly about the reporting of the Daily Express' coverage of asylum seekers. Some journalists at the title, particularly those involved in the coverage, felt so upset and so angry about the racist tone of the Express's coverage and so powerless to individually do anything about it that they were considering leaving their jobs. The NUJ chapel met and issued a public statement about the hate-stirring front page headlines, one of which was "Asylum seekers run for Page 15

collective bargaining with it on those issues which the union believes are important for its members' interests. Furthermore, it is of the essence of the right to join a trade union for the protection of their interests that employees should be free to instruct or permit the union to make representations to their employer or to take action in support of their interests on their behalf. If workers are prevented from so doing, their freedom to belong to a trade union, for the protection of their interests, becomes illusory." The court held that the UK had a duty to protect

that right. We don't expect to persuade you to recommend legislation to protect collective bargaining for journalists. We will seek to persuade you to make recommendations which recognise the vital role the NUJ has in protecting journalists from, amongst other things, pressure to engage in unethical practices. We will produce a note on the legal matters referred to here, which we hope you will find of value.

In case it might be thought that the empowerment of trade unions to protect the interests of their members at work is not the stuff of public inquiries such as this, the NUJ would draw attention to the recognition given to the role of trade union representatives in the protection of the safety of employees by Lord Cullen in Page 14

your lives", and what we felt to be editorial interference from the proprietor.

It wasn't the only public stance NUJ members felt impelled to take. In 2004, the chapel once again complained to the PCC over the inflammatory and blatantly inaccurate coverage of so-called gypsies coming to the UK during the enlargement of the EU. In both cases we believed the paper was guilty of breaking the PCC's code of conduct on discrimination, which states:

"The press must avoid prejudicial or pejorative reference to a person's race, colour, religion, sex or sexual orientation or to any physical or mental illness or disability."

Again in 2006, journalists on the Daily Star walked off the editorial floor to hold an urgent chapel meeting and demand that a spoof page called the Daily Fatwah, whose only purpose was to mock Islam, was pulled. The management backed down and the page was indeed pulled that night, and their collective intervention on a matter of journalistic ethics made a difference.

In each of these cases a common factor in the offending coverage was editorial decisions on the content were being made on the basis of the resulting spike in sales. It would be impossible for a single

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journalist to tackle this.

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Another common factor is that the PCC did absolutely nothing to help. In fact, our complaints merely warranted a short written reply from the then chair, Sir Christopher Meyer, saying he was satisfied that no journalists were put under pressure to write inaccurate or unethical material. Perhaps he got that expression from the paper's then editor who sat with him on the PCC, but he certainly didn't it get it from any journalist at the Daily Express as no one from the PCC even contacted us to investigate.

The NUJ is a trade union which has its code of conduct at its heart. It was established in 1936 and is embedded in our rule book and by signing our membership form it's made clear to journalists that they're signing up to abide by the code. We have an ethics council which is a key part of our union structures. We run an ethics telephone hotline which journalists regularly access to gain advice and support.

Of course as part of that code, we commit to robustly defending the public interest test and the ability of journalists to do their jobs freely and professionally and we'd vigorously defend members using other means, sometimes of course unpalatable and unpopular, if it's in the pursuit of a story that is Page 17

1 first place.

> The idea of a conscience clause was raised by the NUJ when giving evidence to the Commons Select Committee into privacy and media intrusion back in 2003. The committee recommended such a clause but it was rejected by both the PCC, which has no say in industrial matters, and the Society of Editors, which does.

8 The text of our clause is:

> "A journalist has the right to refuse assignments or be identified as the creator of editorial which would break the letter of the spirit of the NUJ Code. No journalist should be disciplined or suffer detriment to their career for asserting his/her rights to act according to the Code."

That's why the NUJ does put forward special pleading on the issue of a conscience clause. The introduction of such a contractually binding protection will be a great advance for journalists and for journalism in

We'll come on to the detail of press regulation and any future model in the later part of your Inquiry, but it's the view of the NUJ and its members that the PCC has failed, abysmally so. We would absolutely resist any changes that would lead to anything akin to the licensing of journalists or anything that would in the Page 19

clearly in the overriding public interest. That's the duty of a journalist engaged in informing the public.

But our code is also about public accountability. It commits journalists to do nothing that would intrude into anybody's private life, grief or distress, unless justified by overriding consideration of the public interest. It commits journalists to do their utmost to correct harmful inaccuracies, it commits them to obtaining material by honest, straightforward and open means with the exception of investigations that are overwhelmingly in the public interest and where that evidence can't be obtained by straightforward means.

Clearly the industrial scale of the phone hacking at News International and the breadth of the scope of the stories generated as a result did not comply with the principles of the NUJ's code of conduct.

It is in that context of the cut and thrust business of journalistic ethics and the commercial and the editorial pressures that our members can face that we've 19 been campaigning for some years now for a conscience clause in contracts of employment, so when journalists stand up for a principle of journalistic ethics they have a contractual protection against being dismissed, and crucially so they have the confidence and the security to put their head above the parapet in the Page 18

slightest dilute press freedom. That would not be a solution to the problems the industry finds itself in.

But for years we've had the media bosses' model of self-regulation. It's one that excludes both the producers and the consumers of the media output and represents only the owners. The general public and journalists themselves have had to contend with what's been little more than a self-serving gentlemen's club and not even a club that all newspapers are obliged to join, as illustrated so finely when Richard Desmond's Northern & Shell company walked out of the PCC. It's a model that's failed. But there are models out there, models that have teeth and provide more than a thin veneer of accountability on the owners' part, models that hold newspapers to account and genuinely deliver when it comes to protecting the interests of the public and of journalism.

An interesting and relevant example is the establishment of the Press Council of Ireland in 2007. The NUJ played a key role in the establishment of the PCI, which is based on a model that's more co-regulation than self-regulation. We're represented alongside editors and civic society nominees on the basis of full equality on the Press Council. Our own Irish Secretary Seamus Dooley sits on the council's code committee and Page 20

1 1 future of our industry and it's vital that the views of it's interesting to note that the very same newspaper 2 2 groups whose executives won't sit in the same room as working journalists and journalism are heard and 3 the NUJ in the UK manage to work quite happily and 3 seriously considered. The NUJ will do all it can to 4 4 assist and to ensure our members can concentrate on what collaboratively across the water in Ireland as part of 5 5 the Press Council of Ireland. Just yesterday our Irish they do best and what gets the vast majority of 6 Secretary attended a meeting of the Finance and 6 journalists out of bed each day, which is serving up 7 7 quality journalism that informs and entertains. Administrative Committee of the PCI alongside a senior 8 8 represent of News International. Thank you for giving us the time this morning. 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I've deliberately not interrupted. Irish journalism and Irish society has benefited 9 10 10 from such enlightened co-operation in the public Barristers get used to being interrupted but I didn't 11 11 want to interrupt you, but I wonder if I could just ask interest. 12 The increasing consolidation of media ownership and 12 one question based upon what you've said. 13 the disproportionate power and influence this provides 13 You present the picture of journalists, which I'm 14 14 with it also needs to be considered by this Inquiry. sure is right, entering your industry to make 15 15 a difference and holding power to account. I equally When newspaper titles are bought and sold, there should 16 be a rigorous public interest test. The highest bidder 16 understand the other dynamic of people fearing for their 17 17 future employment. But one of the features which has shouldn't be allowed to simply walk away with our 18 national titles in their pocket and the accompanying 18 been already identified is that there was a great gap 19 19 power and influence that brings. between the Guardian's exposure of hacking and anybody 20 Currently there's a dearth of genuine scrutiny and 20 taking it up of some 18 months, and I wonder, if 21 21 everybody knew about it, why it wasn't that one of your most sales are usually completed on the basis of 22 a secretive sealed bid where it's only the money that 22 fearless journalists didn't do something about it. 23 talks. It should not be possible for our titles, 23 MS STANISTREET: Well, I think I've outlined how impossible 24 24 whether that's a national newspaper title or a local it is for many journalists individually to raise these 25 issues. Many of our national newspaper titles don't newspaper, to be bought and sold on the whim of one man 25 Page 21 Page 23 have NUJ collective representation or a workplace 1 or corporation or used as pawns to further an 1 2 2 individual's commercial or ideological interests. culture where individuals feel that they can raise 3 3 things and not be fearful for their jobs. A media owner shouldn't have our police and our LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Just because you recognise, I don't 4 politicians in a stranglehold for fear of their personal 4 5 peccadillos being splashed over the front pages of a 5 know, in how many of the national titles are the NUJ 6 newspaper. No media group should be allowed to achieve 6 represented? 7 7 MS STANISTREET: We're represented at the Express titles, at such dominance. 8 I've given some examples today of how a robust, 8 the Guardian, where there's a very strong, robust NUJ 9 9 chapel, where the vast majority of staff at the Guardian well-organised NUJ presence can make a real difference 10 10 are members, I think it's 95 per cent of the workforce and a positive contribution to the culture within 11 a newspaper and to the broader industry. We're 11 there. We're represented at the Telegraph. We're not 12 currently engaged in efforts to encourage our members to 12 represented at Associated Newspapers -- or recognised, 13 13 rather, at Associated Newspapers or News International come forward and play their part and enable you and the 14 14 Inquiry team to have as good an insight as possible into or the Mirror national titles. We are represented, have 15 the reality of their working life and newsroom culture 15 recognition agreements with many of Trinity Mirror's 16 for journalists working across the industry. This will 16 local newspaper groups. 17 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Okay. So what percentage of the provide examples from across the newspaper sector, 18 18 including testimony from journalists who can shed real industry do you --19 19 MS STANISTREET: In national newspapers? About half. light on the culture within the News of the World, on 20 cases of bullying at senior level, all key factors we 20 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes. All right. I'm sure we'll get 21 21 believe led to the scale of hacking within the a great deal more as the Inquiry proceeds. Thank you 22 22 newspaper. I hope to be able to submit more detailed very much. 23 23 written testimony arising from this work in the coming Right. I think we can probably proceed to hear 24 24 Mr Rusbridger. I'll offer you the same courtesy that weeks. 25

For us, this is an Inquiry that will shape the

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I don't offer to members of the bar, which is to keep

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1	quiet. Alternatively, you may prefer that if I have a	1
2	question which arises on anything you say, I ask it and	2
3	interrupt, but I'm happy to take my lead from what you	3
4	would prefer.	4
5		5
6	MR RUSBRIDGER: I'll take you up on your promise not to	6
7	interrupt, if you ask questions at the end.	7
8	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You prefer me to do that?	8
9	MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes.	9
10	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right, very good. You ought to know	10
11	that it is a courtesy which I won't extend to the bar.	11
12	MR RUSBRIDGER: They're used to thinking on their feet. I'm	12
13	not.	13
14	Opening submissions by MR RUSBRIDGER	14
15	Thank you for this opportunity to address the	15
16	Inquiry at such an early stage.	16
17	I wanted to add to some of the context which we hope	17
18	this Inquiry takes into account as well as setting out	18
19	Guardian News and Media's main areas of concern.	19
20	First, we hope that it's apparent to all that the	20
21	events that led to this Inquiry were shocking and	21
22	immensely damaging. Damaging because they impacted on	22
23	the trust in all journalists. Shocking for what they	23
24	revealed about one powerful and dominant company, about	24
25	the responses of the police and the flawed nature of	25
	Page 25	
1	regulation, about the limitations of Parliament and the	1

incorporate it into what we do. The more we incorporate it, the more journalism becomes, as it were, plastic. There will be less pretence that we are telling the whole truth and nothing but the truth about a story frozen at the moment that we published it, what Walter Lippman in 1922 called the

that this world of response doesn't exist or to

a combination of video, audio and data, as well as text,

What was once a one-way publishing process is now

more responsive. Most editors are live to the potential

contribute. They're beginning to think: if we add what you know to what we know, we may end up with a fuller,

becomes a potential fact checker. Social media allows

what we write and we have the choice whether to pretend

anyone to respond to, expose, highlight or contradict

We also live in a world in which every reader

so there's a convergence of media which will have

implications for readers and which may well have

benefits of harnessing the ability of others to

implications for regulation.

better picture.

22 confusion between news and truth. A journalist today 23 lives with the knowledge that there will be an external

24 reaction to much of what she or he writes within minutes 25

of publication. Journalism today is often less

Page 27

regulation, about the limitations of Parliament and the initial unwillingness of much of the press to write about what had been going on at the News of the World. There was, in short, a failure of the normal checks and balances in society to hold power to account.

This Inquiry is being held, as you know and you've heard this morning from the General Secretary of the NUJ, at a time of existential threat to the idea and sustainability of journalism itself.

Commercially, newspapers may struggle to survive in the form in which they currently exist. Digital media have sucked advertising out of the printed press, circulations are declining at a rate of up to 10 per cent a year. While digital audiences are growing fast and the possibilities are great, no digital revenue model yet offers certain hope of maintaining editorial endeavours at anything like their current levels.

Editorially, the notion of journalism itself is being transformed. Until recently, a newspaper was something produced by a relatively small number of people in the know for a large number of people who weren't in the know. Now virtually everyone has the capacity to publish and to inform themselves. The once a day deadline has been replaced by a 24-hour continuous news cycle, newspapers are moving from text to Page 26

a snapshot, more a moving picture.

Three more brief pieces of context, especially given the title of your first module.

First, readers are, as in the rest of their lives, consumers. They expect organisations, whether public or private, to be responsive and accountable. Newspapers have often been poor in responding to challenge.

Secondly, privacy is not a fringe concern, it's mainstream. Virtually every citizen is becoming attuned to what a significant concern privacy is in the modern world. Anyone who has a Facebook account, who uses Google, who is treated by the NHS, who talks to the police, who has an Oyster card, who drives too fast, who shops at Tesco, who has insurance, who puts their bins out on a Thursday night, who banks online, who has a mobile phone, everyone is more conscious about privacy and how organisations, public or private, handle it.

Thirdly, we as citizens are more conscious of the idea of a rights-based society with consequential responsibilities. I hope that adds to the context.

Now a few suggestions, the first of which relates to the events before July 2011.

Clearly a major focus of your attention in part 2 will be the phone hacking itself. Equally important, in our view, in part 1, is to look at the failures of the Page 28

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18-month period once the so-called "rotten apple" defence had been exploded by the Guardian, ie from July 2009 to late January 2011.

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These months are, it seems to us, worth examining because they show the dogs that didn't bark. Why didn't they? What accounts for the reluctance of the police to investigate phone hacking properly even in July 2009? Why did it take four inquiries before they took it seriously? Why did senior officers make untruthful statements about what had happened? Were MPs intimidated or put under surveillance or threatened? Why did the PCC fail in its attempts to get at the truth? Why initially was there such a widespread reluctance amongst other journalists to touch the story? Why did it take an American paper to see the significance of an issue to which so many British journalists appeared blind?

To give one example not yet raised I believe in the Inquiry: no British news editor apparently considered it interesting that a former News of the World journalist was in November 2009 awarded the stunning sum of £800,000 for suffering what an employment tribunal regarded as a culture of bullying at the newspaper by its then editor, Andy Coulson. This record payout and verdict against the man who was about to walk through Page 29

of what journalism is. In my statement to your Inquiry on press freedom last month, I quoted David Broder, the former Washington Post commentator, and his definition of what a newspaper was. He called it:

"... a partial, hasty, incomplete, inevitably somewhat flawed and inaccurate rendering of some of the things we heard about in the past 24 hours ... distorted despite our best efforts to eliminate gross bias by the very process of compression that makes it possible for you ... to read it in about an hour."

That passage and exposure to the American tradition of public editors or ombudsmen inspired me to appoint Britain's first readers' editor in 1997 and we note with encouragement that since the start of your Inquiry, two other newspaper groups have decided to publish regular corrections and clarifications on page 2.

We would be very happy to share with you our thinking and experience based on nearly 15 years of running a truly independent column, and the value that such columns bring to the newspaper and for readers.

This very local, responsive form of regulation, what counsel to this Inquiry termed, I believe, internal regulation, seems to us the cornerstone of responsible journalism and has a material impact on culture, practice and ethics.

Page 31

the front door of Number 10 were not judged to be newsworthy. But, and we've just heard this from the General Secretary of the NUJ, a culture of bullying in any organisation is important and it may be highly pertinent to ask whether journalists on the paper felt intimidated and did things they knew to be wrong.

I respectfully suggest the Inquiry might like to ask whether this was the case within the News of the World and, if so, what safeguards can be built into news organisations in future so that journalists already working under ever-increasing pressure and in the context of financial insecurity can exercise some moral choices about the things they can't square with their consciences.

The answers to these questions about the response to the phone hacking revisions are vital ones for anyone who cares about the health of a democracy.

Did people both internally and externally feel a fear of News International? Was its influence across many aspects of British political and cultural life simply too dominant? How did News Corp leverage its 21 commercial, political, journalistic and as we now know outsourced criminal muscle?

The second issue relates to internal practices, and particularly those which relate to an honest recognition Page 30

Thirdly, we've already suggested that the industry might profitably learn from the thinking of others who face similar challenges in relation to ethical dilemmas. You're aware of and counsel has noted the questions which former GCHQ director Sir David Omand suggested any intelligence operation should consider in relation to intrusions into privacy: the harm test, the public good test, the proportionality test, the need for due authorisation and the bar against fishing expeditions.

Should you find it helpful, we would like to explore this further. In particular, ways of demonstrating that proper questioning and authorisation had taken place before publication. It seems to us that this is an extension of the sort of pre-publication consideration and precautions which many of our reporters already use under the so-called Reynolds doctrine in defamation.

A mention of defamation leads us respectfully to suggest, fourthly, that you consider the extent to which your own thinking in respect of regulation could be dovetailed with the current consultation on the defamation bill before Parliament. I recognise that both you and counsel have stated that this Inquiry does not intend to look at the defamation bill. However, our defamation laws, widely considered to be slow, costly and illiberal, are often used as a sledgehammer to crack Page 32

a nut which could equally well be solved by a properly recognised system of mediation within a system of press regulation.

So if you're minded to entertain thoughts of radical reform of the latter, it might be useful to canvass views on how you could draw on an awful lot of recent and creative thinking about our libel laws. Indeed, your reference yesterday to mechanisms for dispute resolution fair and cheap I believe are at the heart of this.

We could stick an M for mediation in PCC, maybe call it the Press Standards and Mediation Commission. It could then be a one-stop shop disputes resolution service, so that people seldom had to go to law to resolve their differences with newspapers. It would be quick, responsive and cheap, and we could even make this a carrot to tempt people into the fold of independent regulation, ie newspapers that signed up to it would have clear advantages over newspapers that didn't.

Fifthly, and on regulation more broadly, it will come as no surprise to this Inquiry that we weren't impressed by the way that the PCC handled phone hacking. We said in November 2009 that it was misleading to call the PCC a regulator and we note that the incoming chairman, Lord Hunt, has gone further. It is absolutely Page 33

tiller.

A new regulator clearly has to have teeth, the power to intervene and investigate meaningfully and to impose significant sanctions.

I note that you have questioned the overly binary debate of statutory versus self-regulation and we agree. If statutory regulation implies some form of state control or licensing of journalists, we would oppose it. The crucial issues, it seems to us, are funding and cost, the expertise/independence of those who run it and serve on it, and that it regulates the whole market, subject, of course, to the definitional difficulties of describing what the market is or will be.

If statute can help make independent self-regulation work well, then we would welcome suggested use of statute to be scrutinised properly against concerns of press freedom. For example, there may be carrots and sticks that once recognised in the law or by the courts solve several of the challenges you have already spoken of in making non-statutory regulation work.

As discussed above, a PCC successor might offer a mediation and arbitration service covering libel. It could also deal with privacy. Central to both would be a workable and agreed definition of the public interest that not only do we as an industry agree with but should Page 35

not a regulator, in his view.

So it could be argued that before we abolish self-regulation, we should first try it.

No one has any quarrel with the job the PCC does in mediating complaints. Many people think its code is a good one, if a little too preoccupied with exposing iniquity, and that its adjudications form a coherent body of caselaw.

Against that, its governance looks opaque even to people within the industry. Its rules on so-called third party interventions are difficult to follow. If it were not merely a complaints-driven system but a more proactive regime which monitored, investigated and encouraged cultural change, it might make systemic abuse less likely to occur.

Its attitude towards privacy, including informal pre-publication advice, is not at all clear and it's a mystery as to why it launched an inquiry into something that it was completely ill-equipped to investigate. It was clearly lied to by the industry's main player, yet appears to lack the powers or the will to do anything about it.

So while we think there are useful things to build on, we don't agree with those who think that everything is currently broadly okay subject to a touch on the Page 34

also be prepared to argue in any forum.

Privacy is more difficult than libel in two senses. It challenges the industry with the degree to which they would tolerate prior restraint, and however little we like the developing jurisprudence of the courts, there is a problem that the further a regulator diverges from the remedies available in law, the less likely it is that claimants will use the services of the regulator.

Finally, and this speaks to all the modules, it seems to us that there's a pressing need to examine the issue of plurality and competition framework. Only last month the tiny family-owned Kent Messenger Group was prevented from taking over seven Northcliffe titles because of the distortion of the newspaper market in East Kent. Yet, until the post-Milly Dowler intervention of MPs in July 2011, there appeared to be nothing anyone could do to prevent News Corp from effectively doubling its already remarkable dominance of British media by acquiring the 61 per cent of BSkyB it didn't already own.

If you come to the view that there was a genuine fear of News International in public life, partly, but only partly, on account of what private investigators and criminal figures were employed by them to dig up, then it's important, we submit, to recommend

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a regulatory and legal framework which prevents media companies in this country from acquiring too much dominance.

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All journalists worry about any form of interference in freedom of expression and you will have picked up on a widespread anxiety about whether new forms of regulation might inhibit us. From one point of view, no one currently gains very much from regulation. You might think the Financial Times doesn't really need the PCC to make sure that it stays on the ethical straight and narrow. The Northern and Express titles showed just what they thought of constant criticism by the PCC by walking out of it. Some regional and magazine editors see little gain and much expense.

The PCC, for all its failings, was born from the view that there was an overriding imperative to agree a common professional and ethical code to which we would 17 not merely pay lip service but which would actually inform everything we did. Only by acting together could we repel the people who really were looking for any excuse to tie our hands, and so we lashed ourselves together in order to be stronger.

I think the public has also gained from this, and in the aftermath of an episode in which thousand of members of the public were illegally targeted by journalists,

Page 37

it's important that we keep them in front of mind at all

The coming period of examination of the press will doubtless be an uncomfortable one in some respects, but we're sure that you will have in your mind the good things that journalists do which more than ever need protection, as well as the work of the 99 per cent of British journalists who wouldn't have a clue how to hack a phone, who don't go to work to snoop into the private lives of others. And it's our hope that with creative thinking you and your team can find ways of bolstering all the good that flows from the best journalism while cutting out the worst.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Mr Rusbridger, that sounds like 14 a target in itself.

I'm conscious and have been conscious from the various presentations that you've made, both the seminars and the speeches you've given, that this is a topic which has obviously exercised your mind for some considerable time, and therefore I would very much welcome not merely a restatement of the problems, which I am starting to get to grip with, but also some help with solutions that work for everybody. Nobody need convince me that the vast majority, the overwhelming majority of journalism practised in this country is very

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much in the public interest and has the public interest very much at its heart. But I think you're right, as indeed everybody else has realised, that there is a distance now to go which we can't ignore, and which we ignore at our peril.

So let me just ask you a few questions about what you've said, and if you can't answer them now, that's fair enough, I just want them to be thought about.

When Mr Jay opened the case, he spoke about these two narratives, the positive and the negative, and I've heard not surprising concern expressed by some of the core participants about anonymous evidence and I understand that, and from a background of the criminal law where anonymity has caused enormous problems, I recognise the issues that are thrown up, but how am I going to get to the bottom of the culture which is hinted at, which is spoken of this morning, unless people are prepared to say it? And how am I going to help those that are concerned about the potential impact that that will have upon them, and their livelihood, which is a not at all ignoble concern, to try and expose what needs to be exposed so that we can get an idea of the corners of the problem?

So that's the first series of questions that I have. The second is the slightly different picture that Page 39

some of the media representatives portray to the picture presented by others. It's encapsulated in the concern that was expressed at a very early stage about lack of tabloid experience, and by tabloid I mean red top rather than including in that description the size of the paper upon which the newspaper is printed. That's not what I'm talking about, as everybody understands.

Nobody has suggested that the ethics of those that are mass market newspapers should be different to those which are rather more targeted, and that seems to me to be right, but there is no doubt, it seems to me, that concepts of privacy about which you spoke are differently perceived by different titles, and I need to know how to address that. I need to know how I should be thinking about the concept of privacy, and to what extent obviously those who have been affected by issues of privacy will have extremely strong views, and where the balance is. I think that's a struggle.

You mention what safeguards can be built into news organisations so that journalists can exercise moral choices. That echoed something that Ms Stanistreet said about the conscience clause, but is it appropriate for me to be requiring that? Is that a way forward? I'm very concerned about the extent to which the law ought to be prescribing any of these things, not least because Page 40

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that itself impacts on the freedom that I have no doubt is critical to the exercise of journalistic responsibilities. Then you talk about oversight and governance, which

I've already mentioned. If there is to be a public benefit test as I believe there should be, then it obviously has to be subjective if the journalist and the editor has to believe it, but secondly, is there place for some objective criteria and a demonstration of oversight that establishes that it has been thought about?

It will come particularly to the fore where stories don't actually prove themselves. You could take a story such as the cricketing revelations recently and say, well, that demonstrates, and indeed it does demonstrate, the power of investigative journalism, where there was a real public interest. But one has to be able to make that decision before one knows the result of the test. In other words, you have to have some mechanism to decide this line which is going to involve blagging and steps which might otherwise be a legitimate subject of complaints, is overridden by public interest, even if in the end you don't get the lollipop because nothing comes 23 of it, and yet it then comes out. That's another issue and that's an issue which has to be tested at various Page 41

into the law and that runs parallel, because I'm not going to be one that cuts anybody out from coming to law, but I do feel that everybody could benefit from some mechanism -- at least I think I feel; I'm only beginning and none of these views are formed, they're merely thoughts -- as to how one can set something up that is for the benefit of everybody.

You mention a carrot and a stick, but how am I going to persuade those that don't even subscribe to the PCC that it's a sensible approach? And how am I going to involve that other great media outlet now, the Internet, to buy in?

You pick up the point about teeth, and my concern about the binary issue, and I'm sure that the approach -- no, I can't say I'm sure. I feel it's likely that the approach is going to require something rather more nuanced than one or the other, but how can that work in a way that doesn't -- and if I say this once a day, I hope people will believe me -- doesn't impact on the freedom of the press and the freedom of expression, both of which I believe are absolutely fundamental to our society, and I will carry on saying it because that is absolutely my view.

Then you mentioned the competition. The word plurality came into my terms of reference quite late in Page 43

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The problem about pre-publication authorisation, just to raise a concept -- and I'm afraid you are now getting a whole series of questions which is really, of course, addressed to everybody and come out of everything that everybody's said, but because you're the last core participant, you're going to get it from me -is how one is going to test some sort of authority. I mean, I know there's been a very real concern, and indeed Mr Mosley has pursued through to Europe issues of 10 notification, but on what basis would that decision be made? Would it be made on the basis of the story that the press wants to put in the public domain or would it require some detailed examination of the facts to see whether that story is justified?

I'm not answering these questions, I'm merely asking them.

Let me just carry on to the next point.

I think there is a great deal of scope in finding some mechanism that allows for the resolution of disputes between members of the public and the press short of the courts, because it's become so expensive or so dependent upon conditional fees that it isn't available to many. I would like to investigate the idea of having some sort of service that does that, that ties

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the day and raised monumental problems, but how is one to do that? And even if we are where we are, how is one to take that forward in a way that respects independence and takes the decision-making into an area that is cognisant of those problems?

So they're just a stream of consciousness, really, based upon things that you've said but also that I've heard this morning and heard over the last few days. I don't ask you to answer this examination paper immediately, but if there's anything that you do want to add, because some of those I might have asked as questions while you were speaking, you're very welcome to do so. Otherwise, everybody can take on board what I have said and think about the ways in which we can address them in the weeks that are to come.

I want this Inquiry to mean something. I am, and I repeat, very concerned that it should not simply form a footnote in some professor of journalism's analysis of the history of the 21st century while it gathers dust. This is an opportunity for your industry, your profession, and I'm very keen that it's used as profitably by everybody so that the vast expense that all are incurring is not wasted.

That was a speech I didn't expect to make and wasn't planning, but I hope that it's of value.

1 If there's anything you want to add to what I've 1 in libel, use that less and are more threatened by 2 said, I would be very grateful. 2 privacy issues. 3 MR RUSBRIDGER: Thank you for responding so creatively to 3 When asked by the House of Commons and the joint 4 what I said, and if I just give you some brief reactions 4 committee looking into privacy, my answer has always 5 to what you've said to me and then we can consult and 5 been that we haven't yet been -- we get the injunctions 6 respond more fully. 6 that everyone else gets about privacy, but no one has 7 7 On the point of anonymous evidence, I think that is yet tried to stop the Guardian from writing about 8 clearly a difficult one. The reason that Nick Davies 8 anything on the basis of privacy, and when I gave 9 and the New York Times and later Panorama and 9 evidence with John Witherow, the editor of the 10 10 Dispatches, ie journalists were able to get at this Sunday Times, before the joint committee the other day, 11 story in a way that the police and the PCC weren't was 11 he said more or less the same. He said he thought the 12 because they spoke to journalists off the record. So 12 balance at the moment was about right. 13 when the New York Times turned up in town, we said to 13 But there are different business models involved and 14 them, "If you find and speak to enough people on the 14 I think the only way it's going to work is for the 15 News of the World, they will tell you the same thing 15 industry to come together around a public interest 16 that they told Nick Davies", which was that this stuff 16 defence that they agree to and are prepared to defend. was going on, that it was known about, it was rife and 17 17 It's been quite striking to me that in the rash of 18 it was ingrained in the paper. 18 privacy injunction cases in the courts earlier this 19 The New York Times managed to get two journalists to 19 year, if you do an analysis of them, and there's a handy 20 speak on the record, and the third police inquiry 20 analysis sitting on the Guardian law site, in most cases 21 21 immediately announced they would interview these the newspapers don't argue that it was in the public 22 witnesses as suspects under caution, and of course that 22 interest as defined by the code, so I think we have to 23 23 have a public interest defence that we believe in and got nowhere. 24 24 So there was a contrast between the people who were are prepared to argue and if we're not prepared to argue 25 trying to get public evidence and didn't get to the 25 then that tells you something --Page 45 Page 47 1 truth, and the people who took off the record evidence LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: And it must recognise -- I'm sorry 1 2 and did get to the truth. 2 I'm now interrupting, but it must recognise, mustn't it, 3 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That makes an assumption, actually, 3 that different newspapers have different audiences who but I take the point. 4 are interested in different things? MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes, well. 5 MR RUSBRIDGER: That is true, and I take on board all the 6 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: No, I understand the point. 6 things that my colleagues say about the fact that the 7 MR RUSBRIDGER: I think it's inevitable, and I hear what the 7 commercial model of some newspapers is built on an 8 General Secretary of the NUJ said about the fear of 8 entirely different kind of content, but it's a slippery 9 people -- I mean, there are two factors that are going 9 road if you go down that argument too much because it 10 to be at the back of people's mind. One is the 10 ends up at the News of the World. Unless you have 11 retribution factor, which Michelle Stanistreet talked 11 universal principles around which we agree, and this is 12 about, which is you're going to be unemployable if you 12 the business of how we lash ourselves together in 13 13 say bad things about the industry in front of this industry, about things in which -- where we come from 14 14 committee, and the other obviously is that if people different starting points, it has to be around a common 15 were frank the police are going to come along and arrest 15 idea of what the public good and public interest is. 16 them. 16 And we must mean that. Including arguing it in court. 17 17 On the conscience clause, again off the top of my So those are two difficult factors which you're 18 going to have to think about and I know you've given 18 head, I would have thought there would be things that 19 a lot of thought to already. And we can think further. 19 would help this tribunal in the provisions of 20 On the tabloids versus the broadsheets and privacy, 20 whistle-blowing, so lots of companies do have 21 it's true that there is a divide between different types 21 whistle-blowing clauses built into their governance, 22 22 of newspapers, and broadly and crudely, the so-called and --23 broadsheets have been more interested in the law of 23 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: There's now legislation for it. 24 libel and the development of the so-called Reynolds 24 MR RUSBRIDGER: Quite. So there must be something there,

principles, and the tabloids are broadly less interested

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but I'm not a lawyer and that's something on which

I shall take further legal advice.

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On the public benefit test, I think it is similar to the Reynolds test, which, as broadsheets, we're quite used to dealing with now, so the best investigative reporters on the Guardian know that they have to answer -- they may be asked these questions if they want to avail themselves of the Reynolds defence. It's about who the source is, what's the motive of the source, what's the quality of the information, have you put the information to the people you're writing about in advance, have you given them time to respond, have you included their response?

You're familiar with the Nicholls test. Although I think as an industry we would say that Reynolds didn't work particularly well when it was tested in the courts until the Jameel judgment in the House of Lords, nevertheless at the Guardian we have been able to publish a lot of stories that we wouldn't have been able to publish in the past because the lawyers on the other side kind of know the process that's been gone through and they recognise that they're not going to be able to get a case up and running.

So I think that Reynolds is working quite well, and you can take some of that into this privacy thing and that's where the Omand rules are quite interesting,

Page 49

1 questions for a regulator to ask.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I seem to be doing it all at the

3 moment, but at least thinking about it.

4 MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes.

5 Notification I think is complex because it meshes in

6 with lots of other different bits of media law which

7 engage prior restraint. So if you have a confidential

8 document which perhaps you shouldn't have, or you want

9 to put it to the subject in advance for libel reasons,

10 you run the risk that they will get an injunction under

11 confidence and the story will never appear.

LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I understand the problem, and that's

13 an issue that has to be addressed, and I have some very,

14 very quarter-formed ideas, but I'm keen to get ideas

15 from everybody, actually, to see ways in which this

16 could work. I mean, we're only Day 3, and we're going

17 to get to Day 100 and something, I would have thought,

18 so there's plenty of time, but the purpose of the

19 openings is just to put all these things out there.

20 MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes. Is this helpful for me to just

21 respond --

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22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Carry on, yes.

23 MR RUSBRIDGER: Disputes resolution and the carrots and

24 sticks. I mean, what we've been thinking -- obviously

25 under Article 6, anybody can go to law who wants to.

Page 51

because if you can say yes, we did consider the harm, 1

2 the good, the proportionality, it was authorised, and

3 no, this wasn't a fishing expedition, which goes to your

4 point about things that may have public interest at the

5 end that didn't look at though they would at the

6 beginning or vice versa --

7 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Correct.

8 MR RUSBRIDGER: -- if you can show your working -- now,

I know some of my colleagues and the legal team would be

10 anxious if that became the kind of official audit, but

nevertheless I think it's inevitable that any form of 11

regulation is going to say: who knew about this in

13 advance? What questions were asked? Were any notes

14 taken? And I think if newsrooms in the way that they

15 handle Reynolds began to handle these issues in the same

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LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I'm not suggesting something that 17 17

18 PricewaterhouseCoopers could come and read. I'm

19 actually suggesting something rather less sophisticated

20 than that, to demonstrate that there is a system.

21 MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes.

22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: That actually these things were

23 thought about and not just after the event, but in

24 anticipation.

25 MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes, and I think these are reasonable Page 50

1 I think that a mediator in a pretty cost-free way could,

2 at an early stage, look at meaning, could explore the

3 degree to which the facts contested could decide on the

4 facts, could deal with the prominence of an apology and

5 the wording of an apology. All these things that can 6

take months at huge expense to do through the courts

could be done by a mediator.

8 If a mediator kept notes of all that, so there was

9 a record of that discussion, so that if the mediation

10 fell apart you could then show that to a judge, if it

11 went on to trial, and the judge could then recognise

12 whether the newspaper had made a genuine attempt to

13 reach resolution, that could be reflected in the costs

14 or the damages or it could be regarded as a complete

15 defence. Ie if a newspaper had early on put their hands

16 up, confessed their error and said, "We will correct

this prominently and pay the damages" and that had been

18 rejected by the claimant, as has happened to us on

19 occasion, I think the judge could then say, "Actually,

20 I think that is a defence". So it's something like the

21 offer of amends or a Part 36 offer.

22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: You'd have to have the mediator to

23 have the ability to assess damages up to perhaps

24 a certain level.

25 MR RUSBRIDGER: I don't see why not, yes. And I'm not Page 52

a lawyer, we the degree to which the primary legislation would have to be involved in order to greek would have to be involved in order to greek which sort of takes us control near the stream of the two departs of the two largest press or organisations in this control, stantory bit that says in setting up this independent force to the edition, and one of the regulation we need to recalculate of the pressure of the two largest press or organisations in this control, leave the regulation we need to reveak bits of law in order to give force to the edition, and one of the coherent models whereby the government isn't appointing any body, but is setting out then appoint, and one of the coherent models whereby the government isn't appointing any body, but is setting out then appoint, and one of the coherent models whereby the government isn't appointing any body, but is setting out then appoint, and one of the coherent models whereby the different or the proper of the pressure of the two departs of this larger.  I LORD JUSTICE LEVISON: Anyway, these are all things for the furner. Mr. REMORTORE: Yes A for the press of the shorthand writer can cool down.  Well come back at about 1.30. Thank you.  21 (11.5 am)  Well come back at about 1.30. Thank you.  22 (11.15 am)  Well come back at about 1.30. Thank you.  23 (A short break)  24 (I.130 am)  Page 53  1 dings.  1				
which sort of takes as onto the next issue because this is the statutory versus non-statutory bit. The statutory bit that says in setting up this independent force to these things, in order to dovetial aspects of law, we don't have a problem with, as long as the regulation itself toesn's right of statutory regulation.  LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, well, I think in the speech the LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, well, I think in the speech the government in a upportaining amploody, but is setting out government in a upportaining amploody, but is setting out force to deal with. That is the terms, of course, of module one of part 1 of this Inquity. But before government in a upportaining amploody, but is setting out government in a upportaining amploody, but is setting out for the examples he gave was the long JUSTICE LEVESON: Anyway, these are all things for the flag future. Mr Rusbridger, thank you very much indeed. That's probably a convenient moment to have break so that the fingers of the shorthand writer can cool down. Well come back at about 11:30. Thank you.  You will get all from you. Elens the will cover to topics which, although touched upon in the oral submissions Fin about to make to you.  This problem. First of all, although I addressed a series of guestions to Wr. Rusbridger, they should be treated as questions to everybody. Fin sare they will be. Right, Mr Sherboome, I haven't had anything in writing at all from you. Librave from everybody else. Right, Mr Sherboome, I haven't had anything in writing at all from you. Librave from everybody else. Right, Mr Sherboome, I haven't had anything in writing at all from you. Thave from everybody else. Right, Mr Sherboome, I haven't had been submissions Fin about to make to you.  The problem of the come of the press, and in that I do include the Associated titles.  We say that this is exquited unto the training to the tabloid or popular end				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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15 McRuSBRIDGER: Yes. 16 MR RUSBRIDGER: Yes. 17 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Anyway, these are all things for the future. Mr Rusbridger, thank you very much indeed. 18 future. Mr Rusbridger, thank you very much indeed. 19 That's probably a convenient moment to have a break so that the fingers of the shorthand writer can cool down. 20 that the fingers of the shorthand writer can cool down. 21 We'll come back at about 11.30. Thank you. 22 (11.15 am 22 (11.15 am 22 (1.15 am 22 (1	14	then appoint, and one of the examples he gave was the	14	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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21 We'll come back at about 11.30. Thank you. 22 (11.15 am				=
22 (11.15 am 23 (A short break) 22 anything really wrong, other than the unfortunate hacking incident, as they see it, they both urge you that a freer press is the answer. 25 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Before Mr Sherborne starts, two Page 53 We say that this is symptomatic of a level of Page 55  1 things. 1 complacency amongst the British press, or a part of it. 2 Such editors or newspapers, as was clear from the seminars of the Inquiry last month, are firm members of 4 questions to everybody. I'm sure they will be. 4 the "see no, speak no, hear no evil" brigade. It is a 4 theme to which I will return in due course. 6 Writing at all from you. I have from everybody else. 6 Before I continue, can I just explain one term, which may well recur throughout my submissions. I've 8 MR SHERBORNE: Sir, you will get. 9 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Oh. Retrospectively? 9 me not be Delphic. After all, it's not my strong point. 10 Whilst I am referring to the tabloid or popular end of the press, and in that I do include the Associated titles. 11 submissions are of course to open the evidence that you'll hear from my clients. 12 submissions are of course to open the evidence that you'll hear from my clients. 13 submissions before the evidence starts on Monday next week. It concerns, as you'll appreciate, legal issues as opposed to evidential ones. 20 as opposed to evidential ones. 21 CORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. 21 CORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Right. 22 Collyer Bristow I represent the core participant victims, all 51 of them. I sat and listened, as you did 25 about here in terms of intrusion into their privacy, anything really wrong, other than the core participant to that a anything are there press is the answer. 25 We say that this is symptomatic of a level of Page 55  We say that this is symptomatic of a level of Page 55  We say that this is symptomatic of a level of Page 55  Complacency amongst the British press, or a part of it. 25 Such editors or newspapers, as awas clear from the seminars of the Inquiry fem the "see no, speak no, hear no				-
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principally, are features very much of the tabloid or popular newspaper market, something which Mr Rusbridger touched on only moments ago.

So far, so good. Let me begin then.

There are currently 13 or so journalists from the News of the World as well as a journalist from its sister newspaper, the Sun, who have been arrested and are waiting further questioning. However, it is the whole of the press, and in particular the tabloid section of it, which we say stands in the dock, at least metaphorically so, and certainly in the court of public opinion, if not here.

The nature of the charge, at least against some of the press, concerns their culture, practices and ethics, but the indictment could as easily read as follows: illegally accessing people's private voicemails, bribing employees into divulging personal information, blagging sensitive details through deception and trickery, blackmailing vulnerable or opportunistic individuals into breaking confidences about well-known people, the blatant intrusion into the grief of victims of crime, the vilification of ordinary members of the public unwittingly caught up in such events, the hounding of various well-known people, their families and friends, purely because this sells newspapers, and finally, the

of this when a former tabloid editor, Mr MacKenzie, spoke at one of the seminars. A man who boasted that in his considerable experiences he only checked his sources once. An editor whose view was: if it sounds right, it probably is right, and so you lob it in anyway. Nothing has changed.

Before one says, as another former editor and now PR said at the seminar, that this type of journalism has been firmly consigned to the history books of Fleet Street, you should remember that Mr MacKenzie is still deeply involved in this industry and is currently a prize columnist employed by the Daily Mail.

Sir, as you said at the outset, it is not the function of this Inquiry to offer applause or to make specific criticisms of any one newspaper or another. My role here is not to give applause to anyone. My role on behalf of those who had suffered at the hands of the press over a number of years means that I am here to highlight the wrongs, systemic, flagrant and deeply entrenched as I say they are.

As I've said, I represent the victims and this is really their story. My submissions will be laced throughout with the accounts that they give.

While there are 51 core participant victims, there are in fact many, many more people with similar stories,

Page 59

bullying of those who, in seeking to question these practices, are therefore merely exercising the very same freedom of speech behind which much of this behaviour is sought to be shielded or excused by the press.

Quite an impressive charge sheet, you might think. No wonder it may take this Inquiry some time to conduct the investigation. It may take me a little time today, as well, to outline the true, unvarnished extent of the tawdry journalistic trade that we now have in this country, particularly in the publication of personal information about people's private lives, information that in some cases has been rightly denied to the press, or anyone else, as a matter of law.

The real code of practice, we say, seems to be for such journalists, in publishing stories about the private lives of people in the public eye, that what you can get away with you buy, regardless of whether it is illegal, unlawful or just plain wrong. What you can't buy you procure, often through deception and lies. What you can't procure you just plain steal. And what you want to publish but you can neither verify nor necessarily prove, you simply make up, because it sounds right or it sells newspapers.

On that last point, don't just take my word for it, as they say. We were all treated to a classic example Page 58

similar experiences, similar narratives of how their lives have been ruined or adversely impacted by the kind of culture, ethics and practices which you will hear evidence about from a selection of individual core participant victims. These victims can explain their feelings and their experiences far more eloquently and far more vividly than I can paraphrase.

One may be forgiven if one attended or heard the seminars last month from thinking that it is the press who are the victims here. Victims of draconian libel laws, victims of greedy lawyers on no win no fee agreements, victims of unaccountable judges who arbitrarily impose gagging orders on them preventing them telling us, the public, about what the rich and famous get up to in private.

This is no accident. The press is a powerful body. They have a common interest and a self-serving agenda. Why wouldn't they, after all? This is about survival, and they have lobbied hard to try and push their agenda through the pages of their own highly influential newspapers, to influence politicians with the sole objective that there should be less rather than more restriction or regulation, and that if this was so, journalism would be even better.

If you need proof positive that it would not, then Page 60

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However, the press have a very powerful voice and should not, as Mr Jay said, be allowed to drown out the voices of the victims. As the embodiment of that voice, a lone voice, of course, amongst the serried ranks of newspapers and lawyers on either side of me, I can say that I don't intend to be drowned out, but I will show that unfortunately, sir, as you feared, a number of individuals have already been vilified for agreeing to share their experiences with this Inquiry, and I will return to this later.

There is, of course, a real difference between freedom of speech and freedom of the press. The two should not necessarily be seen as the same. While the first is an understandable and fundamental principle, we can see where an entirely free press, as some would suggest, has got us, and before I leave the narrative which the press wish to espouse, it is worth remembering what another former editor, Ms Rebekah Brooks, told the House of Commons Select Committee in 2003:

"Self-regulation under the guidance of the PCC", she claimed, "has changed the culture in Fleet Street and in every single newsroom in the land."

I presume by that she meant it in a positive way. Well, eight years on, it is for you to decide, sir, Page 61

important to remember at all times that however loud the voice of the press may be raised, whether in this room or, more likely, outside, through the filter of their very own newspapers, there is a reason why we are all here and it isn't because the press got it right and it isn't because there needs to be greater latitude and freedom given to them. So let's start with the breaking point which caused

However, before I outline this bigger picture, it is

this Inquiry to be set up.

In the beginning was the word, and the word was hacking. A term whose significance until relatively recently one could have been forgiven for not really appreciating. Forgiven if you were a member of the public, that is, since the arrest and conviction of Messrs Mulcaire and Goodman in 2006 was reported but hardly with the level of impact or weight that everyone now realises it truly deserved.

Nevertheless, whilst its significance may not have heavily impacted upon the public consciousness at the time, it was something of which the press or certain sections of it were well aware.

They chose to ignore it publicly. That was until Nick Davies wrote about it so famously in 2009. Yes, it took a journalist to do it, which is important to note. Page 63

what you think about that as a statement of fact. However, it's hard to resist the temptation to comment that if this is the press's own assessment of self-regulation, I could just as well sit down now.

It is equally tempting to point out that it was during the same evidence that Ms Brooks, the editor then of the Sun, admitted paying money to police officers. Mr Coulson, then editor of the News of the World, sitting to her side, stepped in to reassure the committee not only that this only happened in cases of public interest, but to make the now spectacular ill-judged assertion that they at News International always operated within the law.

What damage, I've heard it asked, admittedly by those whose self-interest requires them do so, what damage has really been suffered by these practices? We'll hear from a number of people who provide, as I say, a better answer than I can. It is, as I said, merely a selection. There are not enough details, not enough room in court for everyone. It is a sample, sir, as you call it of the bigger picture, a glimpse of the scale of the problem, and it comes mostly from those who 22 have hit the headlines, quite literally, but for every one of them, it should be noted that there are many, many others.

Page 62

An old-fashioned investigative journalist, if Mr Davies doesn't mind me calling him such, and no one here is saying that they should be rendered redundant.

Of course, it was never going to be the tabloid press themselves who confessed or self-regulated on this. It wasn't the police or politicians who reported it either, both of whom were likely aware. Perhaps Harold Pinter was right when he said, "Most of the press is in league with the government or the status quo". No doubt the accuracy of that statement is something, sir, which you will consider in the later modules of part 1 of this Inquiry.

So now to begin with the narratives of those who will give evidence before you.

On 21 March 2002, a 13-year-old girl was abducted and murdered on her way home from school. Her name was Milly. Between March and September 2002, she was still believed missing, not just by the public, but most importantly, by her family. Five days later, after her disappearance, a mystery caller left a voicemail message on Milly's phone, apparently inviting her to a job interview in the Midlands. The call was a hoax. A particularly cruel and insensitive hoax. It was such an awful story that it made the front pages. A certain now defunct newspaper put it in their

Page 64

16 (Pages 61 to 64)

first edition: "Missing Milly hoax outrage". Whilst the woman who made that call and thereby caused distress to poor Milly's family was convicted and imprisoned for five months, what we now know is that another outrage, another act of cruelty and insensitivity, was the one which was nowhere mentioned in the News of the World, and that was the fact that Mr Mulcaire, acting in the course of his work for the newspaper, had deliberately accessed and listened to the missing 13-year-old's voicemail, and worse still, he had even deleted some to ensure there was room for waiting voicemails to come through to her otherwise full mailbox.

We don't know who within the News of the World authorised this and at what level. We can speculate, but that's not the purpose of part 1 of this Inquiry. The individual names of those involved in such activities are to be anonymised, in a twist of irony that, whilst it is understandable to protect the criminal prosecution, will not be lost on those whose anonymity has been shattered in the past by tabloid journalists.

Of course, the hacking of Milly's phone did not come out until July of this year, her parents having been told just before the criminal trial started in April.

And it was this revelation which finally provoked the Page 65

government into setting up this Inquiry. Mr and Mrs Dowler will tell you in their own words what it felt like in those moments when Sally, her mother, finally got through to her daughter's voicemail after persistent attempts had failed because the box was full, and the euphoria which this belief created, false as it was, unfortunately.

Perhaps there are no words which can adequately describe how despicable this act was, but the Dowler story is just one of those you will hear. It comes first, for obvious reasons, but it is not just a story about hacking, in the same way as this Inquiry is an investigation into the much broader and bigger picture.

The Dowlers were subjected to terrible intrusion by the press, intrusion at a time of immense grief, and as I will describe, they are by no means alone in this experience. For example, they will explain how in the weeks following her disappearance, and when the reporting frenzy had calmed down, the couple decided to repeat the very walk which Milly had done the day she was abducted. This was no formal reconstruction done with the police. It was not for publicity. It was, rather, a private act, a very private moment, something the couple had decided to do between themselves to try to come to terms with their teenage daughter's

Page 66

disappearance. A way of coming to terms with their grief in private. Or so they thought.

But their moment of grief was obviously a photo opportunity too good to resist. Somehow the press found out that they were undertaking that last walk on that particular day and at that particular time. Their voicemails, they suspect, theirs of course, not Milly's this time, were being listened to.

The News of the World published an article on that day under the headline "The longest walk", complete with pictures of the distressed couple and a side bar which read, without even a hint of introspection:

"Face etched with pain, missing Milly's mum softly touches a poster of her girl as she and hubby retrace her last footsteps."

And alongside the picture was a caption which read as follows:

"Mile of grief. The Dowlers follow Milly's
footsteps from Walton station and below mum Sally can't
help but touch the poster of her daughter."

First stolen voicemail messages. Why not then steal these precious moments too? Ethically, what's the difference?

Both Sally and Bob Dowler will give evidence on Monday. They will be the first of my clients to do so.

Page 67

It is fair to say on any view that with the drip feed of revelation after revelation in the hacking story, as each new fact has come out, each one more outrageous perhaps than the last, it has got to the point where it is difficult perhaps still to be shocked. And whilst I suspect there are those who vehemently deplore the hacking of Milly's phone, or the phone of Shaun Russell, Josie Russell's father, or the victims of the 7/7 bombing, there are some who seem to have less sympathy for the high profile figures whose phoned also were illegally accessed.

The basis for this I presume, certainly if the tabloid press's view of the ordinary reasonable reader is right, is that so-called whingeing celebrities deserve to have their private messages listened to. After all, they want the public to watch their films or buy their records or to pay to see them play football. However, I trust that the majority of the population accept that high profile or not, there is no excuse for this kind of what is called news-gathering.

Lest it should be overlooked, while Mr Davies was the man who was prepared to write about the dark arts, it was individuals like Sienna Miller who were prepared to take on News International, unlike some of those in government or authority. And it is Sienna Miller and Page 68

others' actions which forced the hacking scandal to be taken seriously by the police. Without people like her and other so-called celebrities, who knows when or even if the Dowlers would ever have found out about the hacking of their daughter's voicemails? Who knows whether this Inquiry would have been launched? After all, the Surrey Police had known about the hacking of Milly's phone for nine years and the Metropolitan Police probably for several years as well.

So before we condemn the wonderful stereotypical rich and famous, as they are termed, and suggest that the law is not just for them, in fact no one, not even the rich and famous, wants that, it is important to remember that it is in fact a sad but true reflection of our system of justice and in particular the lack of state funding in this area that it is only because of those with sufficient resources and the access to lawyers, those terribly grasping claimant lawyers we all hear about, or the bravery of these people to run the gauntlet of the press, that the law, particularly the law of privacy, has now been developed to protect everyone, wealthy and non-wealthy alike.

Now, with the demise of conditional fee agreements, giving access to justice for those of limited means such as the Dowlers and others you will hear about, the Page 69

situation is only going to be more polarised, but of course that doesn't make for good print. It's an inconvenient truth for the press, a press largely, but not entirely, hellbent on self-interest and self-preservation, or to put it another way, continuing self-regulation.

As I mentioned at the outset, one of the features of the phone hacking scandal is that victims were not always well-known people or those caught up in headline-dominating incidents. As often as not, it seems, they were people whose crime was simply working for well-known people, people who were involved with or were simply friends of those in the public eye, and therefore who might have access to material that could provide good, but let's face it, relatively cheap copy. Ordinary people, so to speak, who were caught in the cross-hairs, often with very tragic consequences. The collateral damage in a war where every means, fair or foul, has been employed. People who have only been able to bring proceedings against News Group Newspapers because they have the benefit of lawyers who will act on a no win, no fee agreement. People, for example, like Mary-Ellen Field, a distinguished professional, an accountant by training, who was employed because of how good she was at her job by someone very much in the

Page 70

public eye, Elle Macpherson.

Ms Field will give evidence to you, sir, about how she became the well-known model's business adviser and confidante, but how when damaging details about Ms Macpherson's private life started appearing in the press, she was blamed by her employer.

This is no ordinary story though. The circumstances in which Ms Field was packed off to a clinic in America because her employer believed that her refusal to accept that she was responsible was plainly a denial borne out of the strain of caring for her disabled son and a problem with alcohol. She will explain how she reluctantly agreed, in order to save her job, to travel to this clinic in America, and then, when the clinic sent her back because there was no such problem with her, she was in any event sacked by her employer. These are matters which she will graphically describe.

Of course, we all know now that those stories in the press were actually the product not of someone leaking to the newspapers but rather the unlawful interception of Ms Field's voicemails and her employer's voicemails, too. Indeed, the unlawful interception of Ms Macpherson's phone was one of the counts on Mr Mulcaire's indictment.

So for those who question, as some outside this room Page 71

still do, why all the fuss about hacking, maybe Mary-Ellen Field provides an example.

Ms Field is by no means the only such person who suffered such a fate. Others have different but equally disturbing stories. The Inquiry will hear from someone who is described by the letters HJK. There is a reason for that. The association of HJK with someone well-known is a matter of great sensitivity. HJK is not well-known, though. I say that before anyone outside this Inquiry attempts a jigsaw identification.

HJK's phone was hacked by the News of the World, as the mobile phone company confirmed in a telephone call to HJK out of the blue in the late summer of 2006. This was several months after HJK had been doorstepped by a journalist claiming to be from another newspaper group wanting to publish an expose supposedly about HJK's embryonic relationship with this well-known individual. The connection between the News of the World and this other newspaper group is not clear, but it is hard to think of any other reason why HJK's phone was hacked or this nascent relationship came to light.

The effect on HJK was profound. The story about the quintessentially private relationship almost hit the headlines, but was displaced by another story which, thankfully, blew up the same day. It was a terrible Page 72

experience all round, and in a disturbing postscript,
HJK will explain how shortly after having been diagnosed
with a serious illness, a photographer who had been
following HJK jumped out and took a photograph, leading
to concerns on HJK's part that sensitive medical
information had been accessed by journalists. HJK would
not be the first to have suffered such a fate.

It is interesting that in what seems like on one view a fairly brazen approach to their selection of targets, the News of the World even targeted other journalists, albeit broadsheet ones. You will hear from Joan Smith, a journalist, broadcaster and novelist, but interestingly also a campaigner for human rights. Her claim to fame, as it were, and therefore the reason she was targeted, was presumably the fact of her relationship with the member of Parliament Denis MacShane. Their relationship was entirely legitimate and in the public domain, but perhaps it was felt something might be gained from just listening in to see what could be found.

Distressing enough, you might think, to be the subject of such prying into your private life, but made all the worse, she will say, by the fact that the hacking of her phone and the fishing around for messages came in the wake of the tragic loss of Mr MacShane's

Page 73

mother of Sarah Payne, the murdered little girl.

Ms Payne spearheaded the campaign, as we all know, to bring in the eponymously named anti-paedophile legislation Sarah's Law, a campaign championed by none other than the News of the World. It is ironic, to say the least, that the final edition of the newspaper contains a letter from Ms Payne in which she thanks them for their support.

The revelation, which came only days later, that her phone, the very phone she'd been given by the newspaper as part of the campaign, was likely to have been hacked by Mr Mulcaire, was a sickening postscript, perhaps a new low amongst a wealth of lows, for a newspaper whose former glory has been so fatally befouled by its cultural dependency, it seems, on the dark arts, which sadly give journalism and journalists a bad name.

Mr Jay mentioned on Monday when he outlined the scale and extent of the hacking scandal that I would mention the civil claims which are currently due to be heard at the end of January, since I represent many of the individuals whose actions are being tried then.

However, I hope I've already given you a flavour of quite how broad the cross-section is of individuals whose private messages were listened to or details were blagged, both those well-known and those who were Page 75

daughter.

Tom Rowland will give evidence next week too, a Telegraph journalist for ten years but then a contributor after that to other newspapers. He was one of those victims who was informed by the police about a number of calls that had been made to his mobile phone from a handset within the News of the World newsroom referred to as "the hub". 60 calls in his particular case. It makes sense, you might think, that journalists as well as Mr Mulcaire, the private investigator, might have made calls themselves to these voicemails. After all, they would have a much better idea of what they were looking for, or perhaps better understand what they heard.

The interest in Mr Rowland was apparently the details he might have picked up from the contacts he had made in the context of his own journalistic activities with high profile or wealthy individuals relating to the properties that they had purchased.

So the News of the World's list of victims includes journalists too. The press are even prepared to turn on their own, you might feel. But perhaps one of the cruellest twists of the whole story is the fact that one of the newspaper's most prominent targets had also been one of its most prominent supporters. Sara Payne, the Page 74

targeted because the newspaper believed them to be associated with well-known people. There are currently over 50 claims which are being tried, but that in itself is just a handful in comparison to the potential number of claims.

We have heard that Mr Mulcaire's notebook contained the names of almost 6,000 potential victims. If you just stop to think about that for a moment, 6,000 people. If you need a comparison, that would fill the entirety of the new velodrome stadium built for next year's Olympics, and those are the details obtained by just one private detective. Of those 6,000 people, the police have only managed to speak to about 600 so far.

Whilst their individual stories are all fairly different and unique to them, they do have two important similarities. Let's not forget.

One, all of these people were targeted because of the information, private, personal or sensitive information, which it was hoped could be gained to be used for the purposes of stories in the News of the World, stories which made the newspaper money. That's why it was done: to sell newspapers. Not to detect crime or to expose wrongdoing, not to protect society or for the public good.

Which leads me to the second thing that they have in Page 76

common, that is the fact that none of these stories had any public interest whatsoever. There is and was no public interest defence open to those responsible for such criminal activity. No defence for this flagrant invasion of people's privacy.

News International's other Queen's Counsel, Mr Silverleaf, basically admitted as much when he gave his fateful opinion in the Gordon Taylor case after seeing just the "for Neville" email back in 2008, and no one says differently now.

As we know from the civil litigation, the other things which News International have admitted, through the very same Queen's Counsel, in the Sienna Miller action in which judgment was entered against the newspaper group, was that this was a scheme which was devised or introduced between Mr Mulcaire and a number of journalists. We say a very large number. The figure of 28 has been mentioned in this Inquiry, and I have not heard it corrected. But in any event, it was a systematic and, it appears, highly efficient arrangement which started at one end with Mr Mulcaire using various illegal or unlawful techniques to obtain private telephone numbers, PINs, passwords, unique direct dial numbers and other access information, information which was sometimes used to listen to

targets, or, it seems, simply passed on to journalists for them to use themselves to access individual

Page 77

voicemails. That was one end of the scheme.

At the other end, the ill-gotten gains, the fruits of these labours, were turned into articles, if possible. Either directly, sometimes as quotes, we think, from the so-called pals or sources that you read about, or just as stand-up stories for which they would otherwise have had no proof.

It is important to remember that the admissions made in the Sienna Miller action were not simply as regards accessing her voicemails as well as her email account, using her generic password, but also related to the inclusion of that material in a series of articles and the persistent harassment of her over a number of years, both from the articles published and the continuing targeting and surveillance of her.

As Mr Jay explained, whatever may be said now or in January at the civil trial, it has been admitted by the newspaper group not, as was originally claimed, that they were simply liable for those activities of Mr Mulcaire because he had been hired or commissioned to carry them out, but also because their very own journalists were mixed up in it, a large number, it now seems.

Page 78

I am not going to repeat the facts and figures the Inquiry has already heard based on police material as to the sheer scale of this practice, the number of pages in Mr Mulcaire's notebook still being minutely analysed five years after it was seized, or the volume of calls made by him or made from within News International as part of the routine plundering of people's voicemails. What I would say, however, is that the evidence demonstrates not so much a cottage industry, as Mr Jay called it, but rather an industrial revolution, a culture change, we say, away from proper old-fashioned journalistic activity.

The precise details of this I will deal with in part 2, not to mention at the civil trial at the end of January, but I will just leave you with one calculation.

The police say in the 11,000 pages of Mr Mulcaire's notebook it looks as if there is evidence of well over 2,000 tasks assigned to him in the four years to which the notebooks relate. That means potentially 500 plus stories each year from this single source. Which means, on such a calculation, that there were possibly ten stories in each edition of the News of the World which were the product of phone hacking alone, even leaving aside the other dark arts practised by the newspaper.

That may be speculation, although there is other Page 79

evidence which suggests higher figures, but even on that, it is hard not to conclude that the very foundations of this most popular newspaper throughout these years were built on manifestly unholy and indefensible ground.

And, if the newspaper was receiving such an endless stream of stories, and a significant number of journalists were involved, then it must surely raise questions about who knew what and at what level. Again, that is something about which I will have much more to say in part 2.

Can I leave you with this taster? Can it really be sensibly argued that this is a simple case where checks and balances were not properly observed and that a handful of rogue journalists were allowed to run amok with the company chequebook? Or, rather, was such activity, the systematic and deliberate employment of unlawful methods, encouraged or condoned at higher positions in the newspaper for the purposes of obtaining stories about the private lives of individuals, the very lifeblood on which this newspaper prided itself?

Whatever may be the knowledge of those in senior positions at the time, there was on any view a concerted effort, we say, after the event, to conceal the ugly truth from ever surfacing.

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There is little that can be said about this because of the criminal prosecutions, at least in terms of the individuals involved. However, some general comments can be made about the bigger picture.

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Whilst it is comparatively easy now to summarise the activities, the way it has unfolded has little, if anything, to do with News Group Newspapers coming clean of their own accord. Hardly a great advertisement for self-regulation.

An examination of the state of mind of those who were involved, especially in successive hearings before the Parliamentary Select Committee, has led to inconsistency and corrections, a tangled web, one might say. But what can certainly be said is that it has revealed at the very least that someone somewhere is not telling the truth.

In order to assess the culture, it is important to remember what was said by the News of the World in July 2009. Let me pick out some highlights of the statement they put out on their website. A statement which News International, and that was the website it was put out on, said they had deliberately delayed making until all relevant facts had been analysed and checked, both internally and externally, and this is the statement:

"News International has completed a thorough

Page 81

1 News Group's staff hacked into mobile phones or accessed

2 individuals' voicemails, and it is untrue that

3 News Group reporters have hacked into telephone 4 voicemail services of various footballers, politicians

5 and celebrities named in reports this week." 6

Pausing there, it is a telling feature of the scandal that the reporting of it was largely, if not exclusively, confined to the broadsheet newspapers and the broadcasting media.

The other tabloids, or popular newspapers, ran a million miles from it in the opposite direction. No screaming headlines, for once. No finger pointing between competitors in a brutally competitive market. How interesting, you might think.

Although the myth of one rogue journalist has thankfully been exploded, it is one which was perpetuated for some time by the News of the World. Even as recently as September 2010, the group issued a public statement in the face of mounting evidence which said simply this:

"We reject absolutely any suggestion that there was a widespread culture of wrongdoing at the News of the World."

Of course, it's important to bear in mind, sir, that as Mr Pike, one of its external solicitors, admitted Page 83

investigation into the various allegations made referring to Nick Davies' initial story. Apart from matters raised in the Mulcaire and Goodman proceedings, the only other evidence connecting News of the World reporters to information gained as a result of accessing a person's voicemail emerged in April 2008 during the course of the Gordon Taylor litigation. Neither this information nor any story arising from it was ever published. Once senior executives became aware of this, immediate steps were taken to resolve Mr Taylor's complaint.

"We can state with confidence that apart from these matters there is not and never has been evidence to support allegations that News of the World journalists have accessed the voicemails of any individual or that News of the World or its journalists have instructed private investigators or other third parties to access the voicemails of any individuals.

"Further [they stated categorically], in the context of allegations having appeared in not only the Guardian but the BBC and Sky, it is untrue that officers have found evidence of News Group staff, either themselves or using private investigators, hacking into thousands of mobile phones; it is untrue that apart from Goodman, officers found evidence that other members of Page 82

1 only a few weeks ago to the Select Committee in their 2 unenviable task of trying to uncover the truth of who

3 knew what and when, that News Group solicitors knew

4 perfectly well from 2008, some two years earlier than

5 this statement was put out, that the first defence of

6 rogue reporter defence was blatantly untrue but the

7 solicitors felt bound not to reveal this information

8 because of client confidentiality. Solicitors are bound 9

to keep the silence of their clients, but the clients,

of course, are not restricted in this way.

The Inquiry will hear from the solicitor Mark Lewis, who will explain in his own words the story of how his claims against News Group started, his dealings with News International and therefore how the

News of the World eventually met its fate.

16 Mr Lewis's account of what happened to him, how the

17 Gordon Taylor case ended with an enormous settlement and

18 later the Dowlers' too, how he has been the subject of

19 attack by those in authority, the police and even the

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PCC in the course of his work and finally how he

21 personally became the target himself of

22 News International, would read a little like

a John Grisham novel if only it was fictional, but the

24 truth, as Mark Twain said, is stranger than fiction.

> Indeed, the revelation in the last few weeks that Page 84

- Day 3 am Leveson Inquiry 1 not only was he under surveillance but private 1 organisations setting themselves up so far above the law 2 2 investigators were also instructed to and did carry out that nothing seems to be beyond the pale? What 3 covert surveillance on his family, filming his ex-wife 3 4 4 and his teenage daughter, is, to use the words of 5 News International's own counsel yesterday, totally 5 6 unacceptable. And whilst an apology may be some comfort 6 of its final edition. 7 7 for Mr Lewis, and no doubt he can be asked this, it is 8 8 important to remember that as with this fresh disgrace 9 9 and the previous drip drip of revelation after 10 10 revelation about the conduct of News of the World, that 11 11 it is all well and good apologising once you've been 12 caught out. How much better if the stables, however 12 13 Augean, had been cleared out voluntarily by this 13 14 organisation. Hardly, I would suggest, a task of 14 15 Herculean proportions. 15 16 The timing is critical, too, for the newspaper was 16 17 caught out in this respect not in some nefarious 17 18 activities in the dim, dark days of 2005 and 2006, at 18 19 19 the height of Mr Mulcaire's activities. This was 20 commissioned and discussed with solicitors as recently 20 21 21 as the middle of last year, at the same time that 22 News International's offices were telling the Select 22 23 Committee that the organisation was trying to get to the 23 24 bottom of what had gone so horribly wrong. It is clear 24 25 that News Group's response to this was instead to 25 horse software. Page 85 1 consult with their solicitors -- of course, not the 1 2 so-called greedy claimant lawyers, but their external 2 3 solicitors, Farrers, about commissioning surveillance of 3 4 those conducting litigation against them, surveillance 4 5 designed to unearth the true scale of what Mr Davies of 5 6 News International describes as the wrongful and 6 7 7 shameful behaviour. 8 Mr Lewis was targeted for standing up to a powerful 8 9 9 newspaper organisation, but he isn't the first, as you The second thing I must mention, something Mr Jay 10 10 will hear from me later, and despite the best of hopes, 11 I suspect he may well not be the last. He wasn't, 11 12 certainly, alone in terms of those seeking to hold 12 13 13
  - News International to account. No, it appears that the organisation commissioned private investigators to carry out surveillance of other key lawyers whose clients were bringing civil claims against News Group, such as Charlotte Harris, who prepared, amongst others, Mr Clifford, and Mark Thompson, who prepared Sienna Miller and let us not forget that News International also set investigators on members of the Parliamentary Select Committee themselves. Remarkable. These, you might think, are the tactics of fear and desperation. But I ask you this: is this what journalism or the protection of it comes to, Page 86

a culture. What an ethical vacuum, and from a newspaper whose moral crusade is still being championed by News International even yesterday and filled the pages And yes, you might say, in this example it may be the culture of just one of the players in the market, but it is, or at least was, a highly influential one, and we say fairly representative in a number of respects of the rest of the tabloid market. Before I finally leave the issue of hacking, I need briefly mention two things. Firstly, it is important to say that what we have so far may only be just the tip of the iceberg. I don't just mean the fact that the police may only have notified about a tenth of the total number of victims of this scandal. Two of the core participants giving evidence next week will provide a glimpse of what I mean: Mr Hurst, a former member of British Army Intelligence, and Ms Jane Winter. Both will deal with how their computers and emails passing between them were illegally accessed by private investigators working, they say, for the News of the World by the use of Trojan Page 87

Mr Hurst's claim was the subject of a Panorama programme and is probably familiar to some of you here. He alleges that his emails were hacked into to obtain information and documents about activities connected to his investigations in Northern Ireland. Ms Winter, with whom he communicated, worked for an independent non-governmental organisation striving to ensure that human rights are respected in Northern Ireland.

said in his opening on Monday, is that the use of hacking into voicemails may well not have been a practice hermetically sealed within the four walls of the News of the World's offices. Indeed, as Richard Peppiatt, the ex-Star journalist who walked out in protest at tabloid culture, asked rhetorically himself at the seminar: who seriously believes that there was just one rogue newsroom, or one rogue investigator, for that matter?

Whilst Mr Davies was at great pains yesterday to dispute the action brought against the same defendant, News Group Newspapers, by my client Jude Law over his claim of hacking by the Sun newspaper as well as the News of the World, and to downplay the evidence against the sister newspaper, it would be wrong to think, and indeed as much has been said in the Chancery Division, Page 88

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1	that the corner names which were mentioned by Mr Jay are	
2	by any means the only basis upon which Mr Law's claim is	
3	brought. Neither of us can say any more. It is	
4	a matter which will be tried in the Chancery Division,	
5	although not in January of next year, unfortunately.	
6	Sir, I don't know if that's a convenient moment to	
7	break shortly.	
8	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Certainly. Shall we just have unti	
9	half past, and then we'll come back for another half an	
10	hour and then you'll choose your time to break for the	
11	short adjournment.	
12	MR SHERBORNE: I'm very grateful, sir.	
13	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Thank you very much.	
14	(12.22 pm)	
15	(A short break)	
16	(12.30 am)	
17	LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: Yes, Mr Sherborne.	
18	MR SHERBORNE: Let us pause for a moment then to just take	
19	stock. Outrageous and shocking as it is, the practise	
20	of illegally accessing people's personal voicemails is,	
21	I would suggest, just one symptom of a much greater	
22	disease afflicting the tabloid press.	
23	As you reminded Mr Caplan yesterday, hacking, as	
24	I mentioned earlier, is not the only reason we are here.	
25	Although, as I've said as well, having listened to the	
	Page 89	L
1	core participants at the seminars last month, one might	
2	be forgiven for thinking that other than hacking,	
3	regarded as a historic and isolated lapse of judgment,	
4	there was nothing to criticise, really.	
5	It is no surprise, therefore, with such an attitude	
6	as that from the popular press, that so little publicity	
7	was given to the Information Commissioner's report when	
8	it came out in 2006.	
9	Given that even now there is a desperate attempt to	
10	avoid its conclusions, I'm going to highlight some of	
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the things that were said in this initial report, "What

price privacy now?" a phrase to which I will return.

"investigations by my officers and by the police

industry devoted to the illegal buying and selling of

a threat to individual privacy that this is the first

report I or any of my predecessors have presented to

In paragraph 5.6 of his report, he specifically

Page 90

addressed the issue of the media. He said:

have uncovered evidence of a pervasive and widespread

"The trade in such information represents so serious

Mr Thomas concluded, the Information Commissioner,

"Journalists have a voracious demand for personal information, especially at the popular end of the market. The more information they reveal about celebrities or anyone remotely in the public eye, the more newspapers they can sell. The primary documentation seized at the premises of the Hampshire private detective consisted largely of correspondence, reports, invoices, settlement of bills, et cetera, between the detective and many of the better-known national newspapers, tabloid and broadsheet, and magazines.

"In almost every case, the individual journalist seeking the information was named and invoices and payment slips identified leading media groups. Some of these even referred explicitly to confidential information. The information which the detective supplied for the newspapers included details of criminal records, registered keepers of vehicles, driving licence details, ex-directory telephone numbers, itemised telephone billing and mobile phone records and details of friends and family telephone numbers.

"The secondary documentation seized at the same premises consisted of the detective's own handwritten personal notes, and a record of work carried out, about whom and for whom. This mass of evidence documented Page 91

literally thousands of Section 55 offences and added many more identifiable reporters supplied with information, bringing the total to some 305 named journalists."

Somewhat surprisingly, given the true public

Somewhat surprisingly, given the true public interest in this of all stories, it barely received a mention, at least not in certain sections of the press. Let me write the headline for you; after all, no newspaper actually did:

"What price privacy? Tabloid newspapers are chief suspects in the routine illegal buying and selling of personal information. It's official, confirms Information Commissioner. See pages 4 and 5 inside for the league table of shame."

And who heads this table? Well, I won't name the main offender, but if I was indulging in the press' favourite practice of jigsaw identification, I might say it earns hundreds of millions a year, it lives in a plush multimillion property off High Street Ken, and its editor is also the chairman of the PCC's Editors' Code of Practice Committee.

It was helpful to hear Mr Caplan say that steps were taken by this editor, once the report came out, to stamp out these practices. Perhaps, once he's heard from the victims who come to give evidence here, he and other Page 92

Parliament."

personal information."

He went on to conclude that:

editors of that section of the market will continue to put their houses in order, whatever it is that you recommend, sir. After all, that is why we are here, and it might just be a good start.

But again, we mustn't forget that the roll call of dirty tricks or journalistic tools of the trade, as I suppose they might be called, does not involve just hacking or the illegal trade in personal information. There is also the obsession, in a particular area of this market, with the invasion into the private lives of well-known people, the hounding of people in the public eye, the intrusion into the grief of victims of crime and the unforgivable vilification of those caught up unwittingly in such events, as well as other ethical or cultural problems which my clients will give evidence about.

Let's begin, then, with the invasion of privacy.

Right at the outset in true media lawyer style,
I know I meant to say in the clearest of terms that
freedom of speech is an essential part of any democratic
society, and I do. No one could or does say otherwise.
But, more importantly, it is only one part of the
equation. The other side, so frequently ignored or
understated by the press, is the right to respect for
private life, for home, for family life, for
Page 93

Now, the ones that I don't show may be almost the same as the ones that I do. They may, for example, be a bad light or I may be pulling an embarrassing face or something, but the fact that they may contain similar information to the ones that I do show is not really the point. It is my choice which of those moments I show and why, and just because I only show some of them doesn't mean that Snappy Snaps or some other generic high street developers can show all of them in their window. It is this freedom of choice, or, to use another dirty word, control, about how I portray myself to the world or what of my private life I put in the public domain, and it's something which we should all be entitled to do; at least, that is, unless there is some countervailing public interest, a topic to which I will turn, albeit relatively briefly, in due course.

The same applies to what I may do in private or in semi public or public places. It is about respect for other people's privacy, regardless of whether you are a celebrity or not.

Now, if you expose your entire life to the press and trade off that, truly and actively trade off that, then it may be a different story, I accept. But examples of that, proper examples of that, are few and far between in reality, as some of the core participant victims

Page 95

correspondence.

Privacy, contrary to what the newspapers believe, is not a dirty word, and it does not necessarily mean the same as secret. Indeed, it is a much wider concept, and whilst I could give you a legal lecture about its importance, I may well commit, as I said earlier, some of this to written form.

What it means quite often is nothing more than a type of freedom in itself, the freedom, that is, to make choices, choices about what we do, choices about what we do in private and also what we do in public or semi-public places sometimes, provided that the activity is one which there is a reasonable expectation would remain private. And by private, again, I do not mean secret.

Let me give you an example of this freedom of choice in relation to photographs. When I come back from holiday, if I get one, I take my photos to be developed. Some, it turns out, are terrible; most, in fact. Whilst I might show all of the ones I get back, no matter how terrible, to my family, and maybe only the semi-decent ones to my friends or work colleagues because I want them to see a certain historical monument or something similar, there are some which should never see the light of day. That is my choice.

Page 94

giving evidence will explain. Most importantly, it is that kind of person, who exposes their entire life to the press, who is not here complaining to you, sir.

This freedom of choice is one which you or I, as ordinary members of the public, take for granted, but for people whose careers or talents place them in the public eye, they apparently cannot.

It has often been said, even by Lord Hoffmann who has been quoted wrongly by at least one editor as making freedom of speech a trump card, that a right to privacy is a part of every human being's development, and if I may be permitted a moment of lofty prose, the respect which is given to an individual's privacy is as much a mark of a tolerant and mature society as we like to believe ours is, as a free and forceful press.

There I go again, putting these two rights, or principles, which often clash, on an equal footing, at least to start with. That is, of course, until the facts of any particular case are scrutinised. Well, I make no apologies for doing so. Not only is a it right as a matter of common sense; it is the law, both here and in Europe.

I know the press don't like this, and I will return to this in the context of Mr Mosley's story in a moment, but that is the position. Freedom is not an unqualified Page 96

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It is noteworthy that it was an American writer, Elbert Hubbard, born and bred on First Amendment principles, who famously described responsibility as the price of freedom. The fact that he's also famous for defining an editor as a person employed by a newspaper whose business is to separate the wheat from the chaff and to see that the chaff is printed is too tempting not to mention.

Whilst I'm happy to debate these issues in front of this Inquiry, indeed with anyone, it is in truth an academic argument, and I say that for two reasons, the two different definitions of the word "academic".

Firstly, because it is largely irrelevant, since the stories which are the subject of the injunctions about which so much heat is generated by the press, never do they contain any public interest at all. They don't involve politics or corruption or the misuse of public money. They are not what one might call the product of 19 investigative journalism. Far from it. They involve celebrity gossip, sport and sex. These are the type of stories where the law is now being presented as a threat to freedom of speech.

The second reason why it is an academic argument is that however clever the legal or intellectual arguments Page 97

has now become familiar in a certain section of the press.

It is a startling feature that despite this obscene rush to trash the judgment and condemn it as wrong, there was never any appeal by the News of the World, a point I think you noted, sir, during Mr Jay's opening. Nor was there any suggestion by the government in its submissions to the European Court that the decision was wrong. And how, I ask, could it be?

The story which the News of the World blasted across its front page with the screaming headline, "Formula 1 boss has sick Nazi orgy with five hookers", revealing the details of Mr Mosley's sex life together with graphic images, has nothing whatever to do with public interest. Mr Mosley's work as president of the FIA may have involved a public dimension in terms of imposing sanctions, for example, on the Formula 1 industry, but as much, if not more, was about road safety, something which is really rather boring, I can tell you, but nevertheless incredibly important.

Mr Mosley didn't court publicity. Neither he nor his wife nor his sons had any interest in being associated with the glamour of motorsport. However, whilst before the end of March 2008, he may not have been well known to the average member of the British Page 99

may be on each side, the imperative which really drives the newspaper is money. Stories like this sell newspapers. Maybe not literally on the news stands, but these exclusives capture or keep the readership, or so the newspapers believe, and with readership figures comes advertising, such as there is left. And if proof of that is needed, then why is it that you heard some of the media representatives at the seminars citing what was said by various commentators or even the odd judge or two is falling into the age-old trap that public interest is defined by what the public are interested in or curious about, when they said that there was a real public interest in these newspapers being allowed to continue publishing such stories.

Indeed, the attitude of the tabloid press to privacy and the challenges which this represents is neatly encapsulated, I say, by the evidence given by Mr Mosley. I say the attitude of the tabloid press generally as opposed to the News of the World, which was the particular newspaper that so spectacularly destroyed his privacy once and for all, because of the haste, as I will describe later, of the other newspapers from the same market to rubbish Mr Mosley after the decision, to rubbish the judgment, and quite remarkably, to rubbish even the judge who made it in July 2008, a pattern which Page 98

public, and that was a deliberate choice, he is well known now, though. Let's be honest. Who can look at him without thinking about what he chooses to do with other consenting adults in private? And then stop, and ask yourself this: is this something you really feel you're entitled to know about? Whatever your answer, you do know it. And once you know it, it's too late.

The fact that he won his case does nothing to remedy that. How does it feel for Mr Mosley, a man who has devoted much of his life to ensuring the safety of others, about which very little is written? He will

Let me go back a little, though. I remember that telephone call on the Sunday morning at the end of March of 2008, and I confess I was reading the News of the World at the time, and there it was on the front page. That is how Mr Mosley first saw it too. He wasn't given any warning in advance, despite the obvious devastation it was likely to cause to his private life and to that of his family. Was this an accident? I can answer that. I say I can. Mr Myler, the editor of the News of the World, answered it himself in his evidence at the trial. He admitted that the failure to give any notice was a deliberate attempt to avoid Mr Mosley going for an injunction, as he suspected he would get it. Page 100

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Extraordinary. And yet the newspaper did not bat an eyelid at this deliberate decision to remove any opportunity for Mr Mosley to protect his article 8 rights.

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The balance between freedom of speech and respect for a private life is an exercise which, if conducted at all, happened entirely within the editor's office, made by an individual -- and this is not personal to Mr Myler -- who had a direct commercial interest in publishing this story. Is this the right way for the law to work? It certainly is how the press want it to

Whilst the original story with the Nazi line was bad, in the follow-up story, the newspapers sought to rub salt into wounds because Mr Mosley had the temerity to publicly state that his private activities had nothing to do with the Nazis or anything Nazi at all. It was absurd.

Indeed, he was called a liar for this in the follow-up article, which was published on that second weekend, a weekend whilst Mr Mosley was waiting for the court to decide his emergency application to prevent the very graphic images of him being published on the Internet. The injunction was refused, as we all know, even though the judge held that there was no public Page 101

1 will tell you that the Nazi theme was preconceived story 2 for which they needed the facts to fit.

We know that because of evidence the News of the World had to reveal in the action. Woman E, the witness, who never showed up at the trial, can be seen on footage shot the day before as they tested the secret camera they were fitting her with. As Mr Mosley describes in his evidence to the Inquiry, you can see woman E being instructed by Neville Thurlbeck, a man whose name is familiar to all here, the journalist responsible for the story, trying to get Mr Mosley, as he wanted woman E to do, to perform a sieg heil salute, telling woman E how far Mr Mosley should be away from the camera if she could get him to do that salute. Of course, there was no salute, and as woman E later apologised, she knew there was nothing Nazi about this at all. Perfect example, you might think, of the example described so vividly by Mr Peppiatt: let's publish the story and worry about the facts later.

of Fleet Street, said Mr Hall. I beg to differ. Entrapment was bad enough, but it didn't stop there. There was blackmail, too, we say: the attempt by Mr Thurlbeck to persuade some of the woman involved after the story came out to play nicely with the Page 103

Publish and be damned is consigned to the history books

interest in the story and the article was a gross intrusion into his private life, and it was refused because the damn had burst. Millions of people had already seen these images, as the News of the World had posted them on their website, and it had gone viral across the Internet.

Mr Mosley was faced with a choice, as he will tell you: whether to retreat and accept this humiliation, something which the newspapers counted on that he was likely to do, or instead to prepare himself for a full-blown trial, with all the added embarrassment that this would cause. Thankfully, he chose the latter. Thankfully, not just for lawyers, but for ordinary members of the public, because it is a case which has strengthened the protection to the private life of all

What happened at trial is, of course, history, but then so is his private life, history. As I said, it is too late to put the genie back into the bottle.

And what about the News of the World? Well, they obviously failed to make good the suggestion that there was a Nazi theme, as they did other spurious public interest arguments which the court rejected. But if you want a little insight into some of the tricks of the tawdry trade I have mentioned, listen to Mr Mosley as he 25 Page 102

News of the World and to give them stories for the follow-up edition under the threat of revealing their identities. Mr Neville's email, what you might call the "from" rather than the "for Neville" email, even sent these terrified women unpixelated images of themselves which had been obtained to show them what would be published in the newspaper if they didn't play ball.

This kind of blackmail was so commonplace in the tabloid psyche that the editor thought nothing of it at trial. As the judge described it -- this supposedly amoral judge, as one particular newspaper termed him -it disclosed a remarkable state of affairs.

As I say, Mr Mosley won his action, but at what cost? And I mean cost in real terms as well, because though he was awarded £60,000, the largest privacy award to date, he was left out of pocket, particularly as he had to spend considerable sums trying to clear up literally thousands of articles on the Internet or reposting of these voyeuristic images, and he will tell you about that.

More importantly, what about the cost to his family? What price privacy, one might say.

How did the tabloid press deal with this defeat? Well, having lost in Court 13, the News of the World editor looked for a different kind of appeal: in the Page 104

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court of public opinion, that is. He ran straight to the steps of the RCJ attacking the judgment and accusing the judge of bringing in a law of privacy through the back door, whatever that is meant to mean. He sought to challenge the decision, defending the article, despite the judge's clear rulings, as a legitimate and lawful publication, and decrying this as, yes, you guessed it, a chilling effect on free speech. Our press, he said, is less free today. Our media are being strangled by stealth.

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He was not a lone voice, however loud. The Sun joined in too, with the headline, "The day that freedom got spanked". Of course, the Sun, we hear now, is trying to distance itself as fast as it can from its former stable mate.

The Daily Mail stepped in, too, to defend the News of the World as its editor attacked the judgment and, more importantly, the judge as well. In a speech to the Society of Editors, Mr Dacre complained that the law was coming not from Parliament but from amoral judgments, words he said "I used very deliberately from arrogant and amoral judgments of one man, a judge with a subjective and highly relativist moral sense".

His attack went much further and was far more personal, and I won't repeat it, but it was on a judge Page 105

An isolated incident? No. The same is true of his son's funeral. For example, one of the reporters tried to pass himself off as a rambler in order to get in and take pictures.

All of this perhaps could have been avoided, Mr Mosley would say, not just for his benefit but for others who also find their lives ruined by unlawful intrusions into their privacy. That is if prior notification had to be given by newspapers before they published stories about people's private lives. That was the basis of his complaint to Strasbourg, that the law should provide a proper remedy, one that is practical and real, and what other proper remedy is there for invasion of privacy? Because once something is made public, nothing else will ever do. It's not like libel, where an award of damages can prove to the world that the allegation about which you complain is untrue. The only effective remedy is one where the stable door is shut, if it should be shut, before the horse bolts.

And who should decide whether the stable door should be shut or not? Is it the courts? Trained independent judges? Or would you rather it was the editors, whose commercial interests lie in publication.

If you even need to give it a second thought, then Page 107

who was simply applying the law as he was required to do, and, most importantly, as Parliament has in fact accepted by its adoption of the Human Rights Act and the Convention rights under it, and as the House of Lords has frequently endorsed.

But once again, let's not let the facts get in the way of a good story.

It is an interesting insight into how this section of the press regards itself above the law and it is familiar from the way in which they treat injunctions ordered by the court preserving privacy.

This Inquiry may recognise the rubbishing by editors of those who make the decisions as a way of undermining 13 the process itself. Sadly, in Mr Mosley's case, as appears in several other of the accounts you will hear, there is a terrible postscript.

In the aftermath of the trial, Mr Mosley's son, who was suffering from depression, died of an overdose, something which he strongly believes was in some way attributable to the very public humiliation that he received. The press's reaction to this deeply sensitive issue hardly covered them in more glory. As Mr Mosley tried to sort out his son's personal effects, he was mobbed by journalists at the house, even though he had written to newspaper editors asking to be left alone. Page 106

1 you only need to think for a moment about what we

2 learned of the mind of a tabloid editor from

3 Mr MacKenzie's performance at the seminars. And we

4 heard what Mr Myler too said at the trial of Mr Mosley.

5 He published the story even though he knew Mr Mosley

6 would probably have succeeded in injuncting it if 7

a court had been allowed the opportunity of hearing the 8 application. Again, this is a point which I am more

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than happy to debate, but it is better perhaps if

I commit these legalistic arguments to writing.

Before we look at the real area of journalism, as I say, where these arguments are tested, namely kiss and tell stories, let me say one or two words about the much discussed topic of public interest.

The difference between what is truly in the public interest and what the public are interested in is much simpler than newspapers like to make out. Indeed, it is rather simpler when one realises something which Professor Cathcart pointed out in one of the seminars, namely there are two different senses in one which uses the word.

There is on the one hand interest in the sense that I like something, like I have an interest in football or holidays in the sun, or interest as in something which is good or bad for me, like I have an interest in the Page 108

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2 example, to put up my rent. 3 Of course, I can understand why the newspapers have 4 an interest, in the second sense of the word, in 5 confusing these two concepts. After all, what the 6 public are interested in, in the first sense, sells more 7 newspapers: celebrity gossip, generally tittle-tattle; 8 and what the public have a genuine interest in knowing 9 about: drug trials, what goes on in Europe with the 10 Central Bank and so on, mostly doesn't. As I always 11 tell my children, things that you enjoy are rarely good 12 for you, and I'm sure if they can understand it, I'm

outcome of a particular decision made by chambers, for

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I'm not advocating boring newspapers. Don't get me wrong, I like to read about gossip too. Most people do. But just because I like to doesn't mean that I should, or that newspapers should be able to invoke that curiosity, that prurient interest in such matters, to defeat an individual's wish to maintain respect for the boundaries of their private life.

It is important to remember the distinction which the Convention on Human Rights makes between these two different and recognised roles of the press in society. Namely, on the one hand, reporting facts, even if controversial, which are capable of contributing to Page 109

1 injunctions. Not in court, since, as Mr Rusbridger 2 confirmed, they rarely do contest them in court, because

3 obviously they are hopeless, but rather through the 4 pages of their newspapers where they believe they can

5 influence the public more directly. As I say, I won't 6 take up time dealing with them now.

7 Nor the associated problem of how, even when such 8 orders are granted by the courts to protect the privacy 9 of individuals, and often accompanied with anonymity 10 orders, that they are somehow undermined by the press.

Indeed, there is nothing particularly remarkable about anonymity. It is just the way of protecting the whole purpose of an order, but it does seem to offend against the sensibilities of a certain section of the press who do their utmost to try and undermine this anonymity, producing, as they do, just enough material to speculate, and for that speculation to become rife about the identity of the individual whom the court has deemed worthy of protection.

Returning then to kiss and tell stories and chequebook journalism --

22 LORD JUSTICE LEVESON: I think it's probably convenient now

23 and we'll resume again at 2.05 pm.

24 (1.05 pm)

(The luncheon adjournment)

Page 111

a debate of general public interest in a democratic society, what we like to call the press as a public watchdog. And on the other hand, its role as reporting on the details of the private lives of well-known individuals.

6 The former has a legitimate interest for the public. 7

The latter does not.

sure journalists can too.

The Strasbourg court has said as much. Even though it refused Mr Mosley's complaint about the lack of a requirement in this country for prior notification, it repeated the importance of the press as a public watchdog, and therefore recommended that any constraints on this role should be narrowly constructed, given the importance of this kind of expression. However, as to the role in its provision of sensational and lurid news, intended to titillate, it said, or entertain or satisfy the curiosity, your voyeuristic curiosity, as it described it, of a particular readership, it recognised that that was a limited role as compared to the importance to maintain the private lives of citizens,

even if they have a public profile. I would certainly not quibble with any of that. There are various myths which have grown up around the term "public interest", ones which are often peddled through the press when arguing against these Page 110

	•	•	•	Ī		
	action 9:7 13:24	age-old 98:10	answers 30:15	47:24,24	attended 21:6	12:20,25 13:15
abandoning 7:23	14:7 77:14	ago 57:3 84:1	anticipation	argued 34:2	60:8	13:22 14:1,13
abducted 64:15	78:11 88:20	agree 34:24 35:6	50:24	80:13	attention 14:23	bark 29:5
66:21	103:4 104:13	35:25 37:16	anti-paedophile	arguing 48:16	28:23	Barristers 23:10
abide 17:16	actions 69:1	47:16 48:11	75:3	110:25	attitude 34:16	based 20:21
ability 7:8 17:22	75:21	agreed 35:24	anxiety 37:6	argument 48:9	90:5 98:15,18	23:12 31:18
27:7 52:23	active 9:22	71:13	anxious 9:20	97:12,24	attributable	44:7 79:2
able 4:17 9:25	actively 9:25	agreeing 61:9	50:10	arguments 97:25	106:20	basically 77:7
22:22 41:17	95:22	agreement 9:18	anybody 23:19	102:23 108:10	attuned 28:9	basis 3:23 4:6
45:10 49:17,18	activism 3:18	9:19 10:10	43:2 51:25	108:12	audiences 26:14	6:23 16:24
49:21 70:19	activities 65:17	70:22	53:12	arises 25:2	48:3	20:23 21:21
109:17	74:17 78:21 81:6 85:18,19	<b>agreements</b> 24:15 60:12	anybody's 18:5	arising 22:23 82:8	audio 27:1 audit 50:10	42:11,12 47:8 68:12 89:2
abolish 34:2	88:4 101:16	69:23	anyway 53:17 59:5	Army 87:20	Augean 85:13	107:11
absolutely 17:2	activity 56:15	akin 19:24	apart 52:10 82:2	arose 13:17	authorisation	bat 101:1
19:23 33:25	77:4 79:12	albeit 73:11	82:12,24	arrangement	32:9,12 42:2	<b>battle</b> 1:4 4:10
43:21,23 83:21 <b>absurd</b> 101:18	80:17 94:12	95:16	apologies 7:17	77:21	authorised 50:2	Baykara 13:7
abuse 34:14	actual 11:7	alcohol 71:12	96:20	arrest 11:24	65:14	<b>BBC</b> 82:21
abysmally 19:23	add 25:17 27:8	alike 3:23 69:22	apologised	46:15 63:15	authority 42:8	<b>BBC's</b> 11:20
academic 97:12	44:11 45:1	alive 4:3	103:16	arrested 57:7	68:25 84:19	bear 83:24
97:13,24	added 92:1	allegation	apologising	arrogant 105:22	avail 49:7	becoming 28:9
accept 56:13	102:11	107:17	85:11	<b>article</b> 13:1,2,3	available 36:7	<b>bed</b> 23:6
68:19 71:9	address 25:15	allegations 82:1	apology 52:4,5	13:12,14 51:25	42:24	befouled 75:14
95:23 102:8	40:14 44:15	82:14,20	85:6	67:9 101:3,20	average 99:25	beg 103:21
accepted 8:23	addressed 42:5	alleges 11:23	apparent 25:20	102:1 105:5	avoid 16:11	began 50:15
106:3	51:13 54:2	88:3	apparently 12:3	articles 78:5,14	90:10 100:24	<b>beginning</b> 27:8 43:5 50:6
access 17:19	90:25 <b>adds</b> 28:20	<b>allowed</b> 21:17 22:6 61:3	29:19 64:21 74:15 96:7	78:16 104:18 arts 68:22 75:15	avoided 107:5 avoiding 2:18	43:5 50:6 63:11
69:17,24 70:14	adequately 66:8	80:15 98:13	appeal 99:5	79:24	award 104:15	behalf 2:1 12:6
77:24 78:2	adjournment	108:7	104:25	aside 11:25	107:16	12:24 14:7
82:17	89:11 111:25	allows 27:12	appear 51:11	79:24	awarded 29:21	59:17
<b>accessed</b> 65:9 68:11 73:6	adjudications	42:20	appeared 29:17	asked 44:11 47:3	104:15	behaviour 10:5
82:15 83:1	34:7	alongside 20:22	36:16 82:20	49:6 50:13	aware 32:4	58:3 86:7
87:23	Administrative	21:7 67:16	appearing 71:5	62:14 85:7	63:22 64:7	behaviours
accessing 57:16	21:7	Alpha 15:1	appears 34:21	88:15	82:9	12:17,18
78:12 82:5	admissions	Alternatively	77:20 86:13	asking 42:16	awareness 15:6	<b>being's</b> 96:11
89:20	78:10	25:1	106:15	106:25	awful 33:6 64:24	belief 66:6
accident 60:16	admitted 62:7	Amendment	applause 59:14	aspects 30:20		<b>believe</b> 5:17 10:7
100:20	77:7,12 78:19	97:3	59:16	53:7	B	15:4 22:21
accompanied	83:25 100:23	amends 52:21	apple 29:1	asserting 19:13	back 19:4 46:10	29:18 31:22
111:9	admittedly 62:14 adoption 106:3	America 71:8,14	application	assertion 62:12 assess 52:23	53:21 71:15	33:9 41:6,8
accompanying	adoption 100:3 adults 100:4	American 29:15 31:11 97:2	101:22 108:8 applies 95:17	81:17	77:9 89:9	43:19,21 47:23 94:2 96:15
21:18	advance 19:18	amok 80:15	applies 93.17 apply 56:15	assessment 62:3	94:17,20 100:13 102:19	98:5 111:4
accord 81:8	49:11 50:13	amoral 104:11	applying 106:1	assets 6:14	100.13 102.19	believed 16:8
account 5:20	51:9 100:18	105:20,22	appoint 31:12	assigned 79:18	backed 16:19	64:18 71:9
20:15 23:15 25:18 26:5	advantages	analysed 79:4	53:14	assignments	background	76:1
28:11 36:23	33:19	81:23	appointed 53:13	19:9	39:13	believes 14:2
78:12 84:16	adversely 60:2	analysis 44:18	appointing 53:12	assist 23:4	bad 6:22 12:17	88:16 106:19
86:13	advertisement	47:19,20	Appointments	associated 13:17	46:13 75:16	belong 14:9
accountability	81:8	Andy 29:24	53:15	24:12,13 56:11	95:3 101:14	benefit 41:6 43:3
18:3 20:14	advertising	angry 15:20	appreciate 54:19	76:2 99:23	103:22 108:25	43:7 49:2
accountable 28:6	26:12 98:6	announced	appreciating	111:7	balance 40:18	70:21 107:6
accountant	<b>advice</b> 17:19 34:17 49:1	45:21	63:14	association 10:17 13:4	47:12 101:5	benefited 21:9 benefits 27:7
70:24	34:17 49:1 adviser 71:3	anonymised 65:17	<b>approach</b> 43:10 43:15,16 73:9	72:7	<b>balances</b> 26:5	best 23:5 31:8
accounts 29:6	advocating	anonymity 5:1	appropriate 2:22	assumption 46:3	80:14 <b>balancing</b> 4:6	38:12 49:4
59:23 106:15	109:14	39:14 65:20	40:22	asylum 15:18,25	<b>ball</b> 104:7	86:10
accuracy 64:10	affairs 104:12	111:9,12,16	April 2:23 65:24	attack 84:19	Bank 109:10	better 27:10
accusing 105:2 achieve 22:6	afflicting 89:22	anonymous	82:6	105:24	banks 28:15	60:24 62:18
acquire 12:4	afford 4:20	39:12 45:7	arbitrarily 60:13	attacked 105:17	bar 24:25 25:11	74:12,13 85:12
acquire 12.4 acquiring 36:19	afraid 42:3	answer 39:7 44:9	arbitration	attacking 105:2	32:9 67:11	108:9
37:2	aftermath 37:24	47:4 49:6	35:22	attempt 52:12	barely 92:6	better-known
act 19:13 65:5	106:17	55:24 62:18	area 44:4 69:16	90:9 100:24	bargain 10:12	91:9
66:9,23 70:21	agencies 2:3 3:5	100:6,21	93:9 108:11	103:23	13:9	beyond 87:2
106:3	<b>Agency</b> 7:10	answered 100:22	areas 7:5 25:19	attempts 29:12	bargaining 2:9	bias 31:8
1 - 4 - 27 10 65 7	agenda 60:17,19	answering 42:16	<b>argue</b> 36:1 47:21	66:5 72:10	9:18 10:2,10	<b>bid</b> 21:22
acting 37:19 65:7						
acting 37:19 65:7			l	l	<u> </u>	

<b>bidder</b> 21:16	57:20 63:9	33:11,23 56:19	caused 39:14	chequebook	55:8,13,17	comments 81:3
big 56:20	breathtakingly	62:21 64:22	63:9 65:2	80:16 111:21	56:16 67:25	commercial 4:9
bigger 62:21	12:5	65:2 72:12	caution 45:22	chief 53:11 92:10	84:9,9 86:15	10:5 18:18
63:1 66:13	bred 97:3	93:5 97:19	celebrities 68:14	children 109:11	93:15	22:2 30:22
81:4	<b>bribing</b> 57:16	100:14 104:3	69:3 83:5 91:4	chilling 105:8	<b>Clifford</b> 86:18	48:7 101:9
bill 32:21,23	brief 28:2 45:4	110:2	celebrity 95:20	choice 27:14	climate 4:14	107:24
billing 91:20	briefly 2:15	called 16:17	97:21 109:7	94:16,25 95:6	clinic 71:8,14,14	Commercially
bills 91:8	87:13 95:16	27:21 31:4	cent 6:15 24:10	95:10 96:4	clinically 8:16	26:10
	<b>brigade</b> 56:4	68:20 79:10	26:14 36:19	100:1 102:7	Clive 11:24	Commission
binary 35:5	bring 8:14 31:20	93:7 101:19	38:7	choices 30:13	closure 6:9 11:18	15:17 33:12
43:14 <b>binding</b> 19:17	70:20 75:3	caller 64:20	central 1:13 10:3	40:21 94:10,10	club 20:8,9	53:15
bins 28:14	bringing 86:16	calling 64:2	35:23 109:10	94:10	club 20.8,9 clue 38:8	commissioned
bit 1:17 53:4,5	92:3 105:3	calls 74:6,8,11	century 44:19	choose 89:10	code 16:9 17:12	78:22 85:20
bits 51:6 53:6	brings 21:19	79:5	certain 26:16	chooses 100:3	17:16,20 18:3	86:14
blackmail	Bristow 54:24	calmed 66:19	52:24 55:19	choosing 5:16	18:16 19:11,14	Commissioner
103:23 104:8	Britain's 31:13	camera 103:7,14	56:8,19 63:21	chose 63:23	20:25 34:5	90:13 92:13
blackmailing	<b>British</b> 29:16,19	campaign 2:12	64:25 92:7	102:12	37:17 47:22	Commissioner's
57:19	30:20 36:19	75:2,4,11	94:23 99:1	Christopher	58:14 92:21	90:7
blagged 75:25	38:8 56:1	campaigner	111:14	17:5	cognisant 44:5	commissioning
blagging 41:20	87:20 99:25	73:13	certainly 17:9	churned 7:11	coherent 34:7	86:3
57:17	broad 75:23		57:11 68:12	circulations		commit 17:20
blamed 71:6	broadcaster	campaigning 18:20	81:14 86:12	26:13	collaboratively 21:4	94:6 108:10
blasted 99:10	73:12	canvass 33:5	89:8 101:11	circumstances	collateral 70:18	commits 18:4,7,8
<b>blatant</b> 57:21	broadcasting	canvass 33:3 capable 109:25	110:22	71:7	colleagues 48:6	commits 18:4,7,8 committee 19:3
	2:13 83:9	_	certificate 10:18	citing 98:8	50:9 94:22	19:5 20:25
<b>blatantly</b> 16:6 84:6	broader 6:4 9:10	capacity 26:23 Caplan 89:23	certification	citing 98:8 citizen 28:9	collective 2:9	21:7 46:14
blew 72:25	22:11 66:13	92:22	10:19	citizens 28:18	9:18 10:2,10	47:4,10 61:20
blind 29:17	broadly 33:20	caption 67:16	cetera 91:8	110:20	11:13 12:20,25	62:10 81:12
block 10:15	34:25 46:22,25	capture 98:4	chaff 97:7,8	city 3:9	13:15,21 14:1	84:1 85:23
blue 72:13	broadsheet	card 12:4,11	chair 17:4	civic 20:23	14:13 15:6,10	86:21 92:21
blue-chips 6:17	56:23 73:11	28:13 96:10	chairman 33:25	civil 75:19 77:11	16:20 24:1	common 16:22
board 44:13 48:5	83:8 91:10	career 5:18	92:20	78:19 79:14	collectively 2:8	17:2 37:17
56:16	broadsheets 3:23	19:13	challenge 2:19	86:16	3:17 9:13	48:14 60:17
boasted 59:2	46:20,23 49:3	careers 96:6	4:10 28:7	claim 73:14 88:1	10:12 13:9	77:1 96:21
Bob 67:24	Broder 31:2	cares 30:17	105:5	88:22 89:2	15:15	commonplace
body 34:8 60:16	Brooks 61:19	caring 71:11	challenges 32:3	claimant 52:18	Collyer 54:24	8:25 104:8
<b>bolstering</b> 38:11	62:6	carried 11:22	35:19 36:3	69:18 86:2	colour 16:12	Commons 19:3
bolts 107:20	brought 6:1	91:24	98:16	claimants 36:8	column 31:19	47:3 61:20
<b>bombing</b> 68:9	88:20 89:3	carrot 33:17	challenging 6:10	claimed 61:22	columnist 59:12	communicated
book 2:4 17:14	brutal 8:16	43:8	Chamber 13:6	78:20	columns 31:20	88:6
books 3:11 59:9	brutally 83:13	carrots 35:17	chambers 109:1	claiming 72:15	combination	communities
103:20	<b>BSkyB</b> 36:19	51:23	championed	claims 75:19	27:1	5:23
boring 99:19	build 34:23	carry 42:18	75:4 87:4	76:3,5 84:13	come 8:1 11:17	companies 37:2
109:14	built 30:9 40:19	43:22 51:22	Chancery 88:25	86:16	19:20 22:13	48:20
born 37:15 97:3	48:7,21 76:10	78:23 85:2	89:4	clarifications	33:21 36:21	company 11:22
borne 71:10	80:4	86:14	change 34:14	31:16	41:12 42:5	20:11 25:24
boss 99:12	bullying 8:25	case 2:16 13:16	79:11	clash 96:17	44:15 46:15	72:12 80:16
bosses 20:3	10:5 11:14	13:19 14:20	changed 59:6	classic 58:25	47:15 48:13	company's 11:8
bottle 102:19	22:20 29:23	30:8 39:9	61:22	clause 18:21 19:2	50:18 53:21	company s 11.6
<b>bottom</b> 6:19 8:10	30:3 58:1	49:22 74:9	changes 10:21	19:5,8,16	55:4 65:11,22	81:5
39:16 85:24	burst 102:3	77:8 80:13	19:24	40:22 48:17	66:25 68:3	compared
bought 21:15,25	business 6:21	84:17 91:12	<b>chapel</b> 3:14,15	clauses 48:21	89:9 92:25	110:19
<b>bound</b> 84:7,8	18:17 47:13	96:19 100:8	9:14,16 15:15	clean 81:7	94:17	comparison 76:4
boundaries	48:12 71:3	102:14 106:14	15:23 16:4,16	clear 15:4 17:15	comes 20:16	76:9
109:20	97:7	caselaw 34:8	24:9	33:19 34:17	41:23,24 62:22	competing 4:8
box 66:5	busy 4:5	cases 16:8,22	chapels 1:24	56:2 72:19	66:10 86:25	competition
branches 1:24	butter 2:11	22:20 47:18,20	charge 57:13	85:24 104:17	98:6	36:11 43:24
bravery 69:19	buy 43:12 58:17	58:12 62:10	58:5	105:6	comfort 85:6	competitive
brazen 73:9	58:19 68:17	casualisation 6:8	Charlotte 86:17	cleared 85:13	coming 16:7	83:13
bread 2:11	<b>buying</b> 90:17	categorically	<b>cheap</b> 33:9,16	clearest 93:19	22:23 38:3	competitors
breadth 18:14	92:11	82:19	70:15	clearly 12:8 18:1	43:2 67:1 81:7	83:13
break 19:11	bystanders 9:3	Cathcart 108:19	cheating 7:1	18:13 28:23	105:20	complacency
53:19,23 89:7		caught 57:23	checked 59:3	34:20 35:2	comment 62:2	56:1
89:10,15	C	70:9,16 85:12	81:23	45:8	commentator	complain 56:24
breakdown 55:6	calculation	85:17 93:13	checker 27:12	clever 97:25	31:3	107:17
55:9	79:15,21	cause 100:19	checks 26:4	client 84:8 88:21	commentators	complained 16:5
breaking 16:8	call 2:21 9:15	102:12	80:13	clients 54:15	98:9	105:19
<u> </u>						

	I		1	I	l	
complaining	57:20	contest 111:2	costs 6:18 52:13	creator 19:10	daily 3:16,16,23	106:13
96:3	confident 11:5	contested 52:3	cost-free 52:1	cricketing 41:14	4:6,9 6:22	decision-making
complaint 15:16	confidential 51:7	context 6:4 7:5	cottage 79:9	crime 57:21	15:18 16:15,17	44:4
82:11 107:11 110:9	91:15	9:11 18:17	Coulson 29:24 62:8	70:11 76:23	17:10 59:12	declining 26:13
complaints	confidentiality 84:8	25:17 28:2,20 30:12 74:17	council 3:3 17:16	93:12 <b>criminal</b> 30:23	105:16 damage 62:14,16	decrying 105:7 deemed 111:19
15:17 17:3	confined 83:8	82:19 96:24	20:19,24 21:5	36:24 39:13	70:18	deep 3:19
34:5 41:22	confirmed 72:12	continue 56:6	council's 20:25	65:19,24 77:4	damages 52:14	deeply 59:11,19
56:23	111:2	93:1 98:14	counsel 31:22	81:2 91:17	52:17,23	106:21
complaints-dri	confirms 92:12	continuing 70:5	32:4,22 77:6	crisis 6:7	107:16	defamation
34:12	conflicting 4:8	78:16	77:13 85:5	criteria 41:9	damaging 25:22	32:16,17,21,23
complete 52:14	confusing 109:5	continuous	counted 102:9	critical 7:4 41:2	25:22 71:4	32:24
67:10	confusion 27:22	26:24	counterbalance	85:16	damn 102:3	defeat 104:23
completed 21:21	connected 88:4	contracts 18:21	11:10	criticise 90:4	damned 103:20	109:19
81:25	connecting 82:4	contractual	countervailing	criticism 37:12	dance 8:7	defence 29:2
completely 34:19	connection 72:18	18:23	95:15	criticisms 59:15	dancer 8:6	47:16,23 49:7
complex 51:5	conscience 18:20	contractually	country 37:2	Crossley 54:23	dark 5:21 68:22	52:15,20 77:3
comply 18:15	19:2,16 40:22	19:17	38:25 55:2,15	cross-examina	75:15 79:24	77:4 84:5,6
compression 31:9	48:17	contradict 27:13	58:10 110:10 counts 71:23	2:19	85:18	defend 11:14
computers 87:22	consciences 30:14	contrary 94:2 contrast 45:24		cross-hairs 70:17	data 27:1 date 104:16	17:23 47:16 105:16
conceal 80:24	conscious 28:16	contribute 4:19	<b>couple</b> 66:19,24 67:11	cross-section	daughter 67:20	<b>defendant</b> 88:20
concentrate 23:4	28:18 38:16,16	27:8	course 5:4 17:20	75:23	74:1 85:4	defending 2:13
concept 5:13	consciousness	contributing	17:24 35:12	crucial 35:9	daughter's 66:4	5:11 17:21
8:19 40:15	44:6 63:20	109:25	42:5 45:22	crucially 18:24	66:25 69:5	105:5
42:3 94:4 97:1	consenting 100:4	contribution	54:14 55:10	crudely 46:22	David 31:2 32:5	defined 47:22
concepts 40:12	consequences	4:18 22:10	56:5 61:5,12	cruel 64:23	Davies 45:8,16	98:11
109:5	8:15 70:17	contributor 74:4	64:4 65:8,22	cruellest 74:23	63:24 64:1	defining 97:6
concern 25:19	consequential	control 35:8	67:7 70:2	cruelty 65:5	68:21 82:2	definition 31:3
28:8,10 39:11	28:19	95:11	71:18 82:7	crusade 87:4	86:5 88:19	35:24
39:21 40:2	consider 2:21	controversial	83:24 84:10,20	Cullen 14:25	day 4:5 23:6	definitional
42:9 43:13	32:6,18 50:1	109:25	86:1 95:16	cultivated 9:11	26:24 43:19	35:12
concerned 39:19	64:11	convenient 53:19	96:18 102:17	<b>cultural</b> 30:20	44:1 47:10	definitions 97:13
40:24 44:17 concerns 4:1	considerable 13:17 38:20	89:6 111:22 <b>Convention</b> 13:1	103:15 105:13 109:3	34:14 75:15 93:15	51:16,17 66:20 67:6,10 72:25	<b>defunct</b> 64:25 <b>degree</b> 36:3 52:3
11:13 35:16	59:3 104:17	13:13 106:4	court 13:7,19	culture 6:4 7:25	94:25 103:6	53:1
54:19 57:14	consideration	109:22	14:11 48:16	8:3,5,9,17 9:9	105:12	delayed 81:22
73:5	18:6 32:14	convergence	57:11 62:20	9:11,13 12:21	days 6:14 44:8	deleted 65:10
concerted 80:23	considered 21:14	27:2	99:8,21 101:22	22:10,15,19	64:19 75:9	deliberate 80:17
conclude 80:2	23:3 29:19	convicted 65:3	102:23 104:24	24:2 29:23	85:18	100:1,24 101:2
90:19	32:24	conviction 63:15	105:1 106:11	30:3 31:24	deadline 26:24	deliberately 23:9
concluded 13:8	considering 9:9	convince 38:24	108:7 110:8	39:16 55:18	deal 4:4,11 24:21	65:8 81:22
90:13	15:23	cool 53:20	111:1,2,18	57:14 60:3	35:23 42:19	105:21
conclusions	consigned 59:9	<b>copy</b> 7:10 70:15	courtesy 24:24	61:22 79:11	52:4 55:10	<b>deliver</b> 7:9,12,19
90:10	103:20	core 1:15 39:12	25:11	81:17 83:22	79:13 87:21	8:1,13 20:15
concrete 55:20	consisted 91:7,23	42:7 54:24	courts 35:18	87:3,8 88:15	104:23	delivered 9:2
<b>condemn</b> 69:10 99:4	consolidation 21:12	56:24 59:24 60:4 87:18	36:5 42:22 47:18 40:15	<b>curiosity</b> 109:18 110:17,17	<b>dealing</b> 11:15 49:4 111:6	Delphic 56:9 demand 16:17
conditional	constant 37:12	60:4 87:18 90:1 95:25	47:18 49:15 52:6 107:22	curious 98:12	dealings 84:13	91:1
42:23 69:23	constraints	corner 89:1	111:8	current 6:5	dearth 21:20	demands 4:8
conditions 11:16	110:12	corners 39:23	cover 54:10	26:17 32:20	death 7:3	Demir 13:6
condoned 80:18	constructed	cornerstone	coverage 15:18	currently 4:11	debate 35:6	demise 69:23
conduct 16:9	110:13	31:23	15:20,21 16:6	21:20 22:12	97:10 108:9	democracy
17:13 18:16	consult 45:5 86:1	Corp 30:21	16:23	26:11 34:25	110:1	30:17
58:6 85:10	consultation	36:17	covered 106:22	37:8 57:5	deception 57:18	democratic 1:22
conducted 101:6	32:20	corporation 22:1	covering 35:22	59:11 75:19	58:19	5:16 93:20
conducting 86:4	consumers 20:5	correct 18:8 50:7	covert 85:3	76:2	decide 41:20	110:1
conference 8:24	28:5	52:16	co-operation	cut 6:18 18:17	52:3 61:25	demonstrate
confess 100:15	contacted 17:11	corrected 77:19	21:10	cutbacks 6:8,23	101:22 107:21	41:15 50:20
<b>confessed</b> 52:16 64:5	contacts 74:16	corrections 31:16 81:13	co-regulation 20:21	cuts 43:2	decided 31:15	demonstrates 41:15 79:9
confidante 71:4	contain 95:4 97:17		20:21 crack 32:25	cutting 38:13	66:19,24 <b>decision</b> 13:6	
confidence 4:20	contained 76:6	correspondence 7:6 91:7 94:1	crack 32:25 created 10:16	cycle 26:25 cynical 12:5	41:18 42:11	demonstrating 32:11
11:12 15:10	contains 75:7	corruption 97:18	66:6	Cymcai 12.3	98:23 99:8	demonstration
18:24 51:11	contend 20:7	cost 11:3 35:10	creative 33:7		101:2 105:5	41:9
55:14 82:12	content 6:19	104:14,14,21	38:10	Dacre 105:19	109:1	<b>denial</b> 71:10
confidences	16:24 48:8	costly 32:24	creatively 45:3	daft 9:8	decisions 16:23	denied 15:8
		,				
ļ						

		_		_		_
58:12	dial 77:24	dispute 33:8	drug 109:9	3:12	ensure 4:19 23:4	71:16 77:19
Denis 73:17	died 106:18	88:20	Dublin 2:7	elements 13:10	65:11 88:7	80:24
department 3:9	differ 103:21	disputes 33:13	due 32:8 56:5	56:24	ensuring 12:16	events 25:21
dependency	difference 5:19	42:21 51:23	75:19 95:16	eliminate 31:8	100:10	28:22 57:23
75:15	15:11 16:21	distance 39:4	duly 12:5	Elle 71:1	enter 5:17 13:25	93:14
dependent 42:23	22:9 23:15	105:14	dust 44:19	eloquently 60:6	entered 77:14	eventually 84:15
deplore 68:7	61:12 67:23	distinction	duty 14:11 18:2	email 77:9 78:12	entering 23:14	everybody 23:21
depression	108:15	109:21	dynamic 23:16	104:3,4	entertain 4:7	38:23 39:3
106:18	differences	distinguished	.,	emails 87:22	33:4 110:16	40:7 42:5 43:3
depth 11:20	33:15	70:23	E	88:3	entertains 23:7	43:7 44:13,22
<b>Deputy</b> 2:25 3:12	different 39:25	distorted 31:7	E 103:4,9,12,13	embarrassing	entire 6:9,11	51:15 54:4,6
derecognise	40:9,13 46:21	distortion 36:14	103:15	95:3	8:23 95:21	everybody's 42:6
13:18	47:13 48:3,3,4	distress 18:5	earlier 12:13	embarrassment	96:2	everyone's 13:3
<b>Derek</b> 11:19	48:8,14 51:6	65:2	13:15 47:18	102:11	entirely 48:8	ever-increasing
describe 66:9,16	72:4 76:15	distressed 67:11	84:4 89:24	<b>embed</b> 53:2	61:16 70:4	30:11
71:17 98:22	95:23 97:13	Distressing	94:6	embedded 17:14	73:17 101:7	evidence 4:12
described 13:15	104:25 108:20	73:21	early 25:16 40:3	embodiment	entirety 76:10	18:12 19:3
72:6 97:4	109:23	disturbing 72:5	52:2,15	61:4	entitled 95:14	39:12 45:7,25
103:18 104:10	differently 40:13	73:1	earns 92:18	embryonic 72:17	100:6	46:1 47:9
110:18	77:10	diverges 36:6	easily 57:15	emerged 82:6	Entrapment	54:14,18 55:17
describes 86:6	difficult 34:11	divide 46:21	East 36:15	emergency	103:22	60:4 62:6
103:8	36:2 45:8	Division 88:25	easy 81:5	101:22	entrenched	64:14 67:24
describing 35:13	46:17 68:5	89:4	echoed 40:21	employed 36:24	59:20	71:2 74:2 79:8
description 40:5	difficulties 35:12	divulging 57:17	economic 6:12	59:12 70:19,24	episode 37:24	79:17 80:1
deserve 7:2	dig 36:24	dock 57:10	<b>edition</b> 65:1 75:6	97:6	eponymously	82:4,13,22,25
68:15	digital 26:11,14	doctrine 32:16	79:22 87:6	<b>employees</b> 14:5 14:25 57:17	75:3	83:19 87:19
deserved 63:18 designed 86:5	26:15 <b>dilemmas</b> 32:3	document 51:8 documentation	104:2	employer 9:21	equal 96:17 equality 20:24	88:23 90:16 91:25 92:25
desk 3:10	dilute 20:1	91:6,22	<b>editor</b> 3:11 8:17 8:19 11:24	10:20 13:9,23	equalty 23:15	93:15 96:1
Desmond's	dim 85:18	documented	17:8 29:19,24	13:25 14:6	28:24 33:1	98:17 100:22
20:10	dimension 99:16	91:25	31:13 41:8	71:6,9,16	62:5 72:4	103:3,8
desperate 90:9	diminished 7:10	documents 88:4	47:9 59:1,4,7	employers 6:13	equation 93:23	evidential 54:20
desperation	direct 1:25 77:24	dogged 5:25	61:19 62:6,8	10:11,13	error 52:16	evil 56:4
86:24	101:9	dogs 29:5	92:20,23 96:9	employer's	especially 28:2	examination 6:3
despicable 66:9	direction 83:11	doing 14:8 51:2	97:6 100:21	71:21	81:11 91:2	38:3 42:14
despite 31:8	directly 15:17	96:20	104:9,25	employment	espouse 61:18	44:9 81:10
86:10 99:3	78:6 111:5	domain 42:13	105:17 108:2	18:21 23:17	essence 13:21	examine 9:10
100:18 105:5	director 32:5	73:18 95:13	editorial 8:22,24	29:22 80:17	14:3	36:10
destroyed 98:20	dirty 93:6 94:3	dominance 22:7	16:1,16,23	empowerment	essential 1:11	examining 29:4
detail 19:20	95:11	36:18 37:3	18:19 19:10	14:20	12:13 13:10	example 20:18
detailed 22:22	disability 16:14	dominant 25:24	26:16	enable 22:13	93:20	29:18 35:17
42:14	disabled 71:11	30:21	Editorially 26:18	encapsulated	established	58:25 66:17
details 57:18	disappearance	Dooley 20:25	editors 8:21 9:3	40:2 98:17	10:20 17:13	70:22 72:2
62:19 71:4 74:16 75:24	64:20 66:18 67:1	<b>door</b> 30:1 105:4 107:19,21	11:11 19:7	encourage 1:16 22:12	establishes 41:10 establishment	87:7 94:16 95:2 99:17
74.10 73.24 76:11 79:13	disciplinary 9:24	doorstepped	20:23 27:6	encouraged	10:1 12:20	103:17,18
91:17,19,20	disciplined 19:12	72:14	31:12 37:13 56:2 92:20	34:14 80:18	20:19,20	107:2 109:2
99:13 110:4	disclosed 104:12	doubling 36:18	93:1 105:19	encouragement	et 91:8	examples 22:8
detect 76:23	discrimination	doubt 40:11 41:1	106:12,25	31:14	etched 67:13	22:17 53:14
detective 11:21	16:9	64:10 85:7	107:23	endangered 7:8	ethical 5:11 15:6	95:23,24
12:2 76:12	discuss 5:1	doubtless 38:4	editor's 101:7	endeavours	32:3 37:10,17	excellent 5:25
91:7,9,16	discussed 35:21	dovetail 53:7	educate 4:7	26:17	87:3 93:14	exception 18:10
detective's 91:23	85:20 108:14	dovetailed 32:20	effect 72:22	<b>ended</b> 6:15 84:17	Ethically 67:22	excesses 11:12
detriment 19:12	discussion 5:14	<b>Dowler</b> 36:15	105:8	endless 80:6	ethics 10:6 11:15	excludes 20:4
devastation	52:9	66:2,9 67:24	effective 107:18	endorsed 106:5	12:22 15:13	exclusively 83:8
100:19	disease 89:22	<b>Dowlers</b> 66:14	effectively 11:8	ends 4:24 48:10	16:21 17:16,18	exclusives 98:4
develop 8:8	disempower	67:18 69:4,25	36:18	engage 3:21	18:18,22 31:25	excuse 37:21
developed 69:21	13:18	84:18	effects 106:23	14:17 51:7	40:8 55:18	68:19
94:18	disgrace 85:8	downplay 88:23	efficient 77:20	engaged 18:2	57:14 60:3	excused 58:4
developers 95:9	dismissed 11:1	draconian 60:10	effort 4:11 80:24	22:12	EU 16:7	executive 3:3
developing 36:5	18:23	draft 5:1 draw 14:23 33:6	efforts 22:12	enjoy 109:11	euphoria 66:6	11:25 12:3 executives 10:7
<b>development</b> 46:24 96:11	Dispatches 45:10 dispenses 12:12	drip 68:1 85:9,9	31:8	enlargement 16:7	<b>Europe</b> 42:10 96:22 109:9	11:9 12:9 21:2
devised 77:16	dispensing 9:1	drives 28:13 98:1	eight 3:3 61:25 either 61:6 64:7	enlightened	European 13:7	82:9
devoted 90:17	displaced 72:24	driving 91:18	78:6 82:22	21:10	99:8	exercise 30:12
100:10	disproportionate	drown 61:3	Elbert 97:3	enormous 15:11	eve 10:21	40:20 41:2
diagnosed 73:2	21:13	drowned 61:7	elected 2:23,25	39:14 84:17	event 50:23	101:6
	1			1		

	I	I	I	I		
exercised 38:19	ex-directory	76:13 87:1,15	<b>find</b> 4:24 14:19	form 12:23 13:11	full-blown	28:2 38:18
exercising 58:2	91:19	95:24 97:20	32:10 38:11	15:2 17:15	102:11	46:18 49:11
exhibit 2:19	ex-Star 88:14	103:13 105:24	45:14 107:7	26:11 31:21	<b>full-time</b> 3:6,12	63:8 75:10,22
exist 26:11 27:15	ex-wife 85:3	Farrers 86:3	finding 4:23	34:7 35:7 37:4	function 59:14	90:7,9 92:5
existence 11:8	eye 58:16 70:13	far-reaching 1:9	42:19	44:17 50:11	functioning 9:16	96:13 98:17
existential 26:8	71:1 91:4	fast 6:24 26:15	finds 15:1 20:2	94:7	fundamental	100:18 107:9
expect 14:12	93:12 96:7	28:13 105:14	finely 20:10	formal 66:21	7:23 12:25	110:13
28:5 44:24	eyelid 101:2	fatally 75:14	finger 83:12	formed 43:5 former 29:20	43:22 61:15 <b>funded</b> 10:16	<b>giving</b> 19:3 23:8 69:24 87:18
<b>expectation</b> 8:13 94:13		<b>fate</b> 72:4 73:7 84:15	fingers 53:20 firm 56:3	31:3 32:5 59:1	funding 11:7	96:1
expedition 50:3	face 18:19 32:3	64.13 fateful 77:8	firmly 59:9	59:7 61:19	35:9 69:16	glamour 99:23
expeditions 32:9	55:15,16 67:13	father 68:8	first 1:4 19:1	75:14 87:20	funeral 107:2	Glasgow 2:7
expense 37:14	70:15 83:19	<b>Fatwah</b> 16:17	25:20 28:3,4	105:15 110:6	further 6:18 22:1	glimpse 62:21
44:22 52:6	95:3	favourite 92:17	28:21 31:13	forms 2:10 37:6	32:11 33:25	87:19
expensive 42:22	Facebook 28:11	fear 4:15,22 5:7	34:3 39:24	Formula 99:11	36:6 46:19	glory 75:14
experience 3:14	faced 102:7	5:9 22:4 30:19	54:2 61:15	99:17	49:1 57:8	106:22
5:9 15:9 31:18	facing 3:20	36:22 46:8	65:1 66:11	forth 13:12	82:19 105:24	<b>go</b> 10:14 33:14
40:4 56:16	fact 17:3 27:12	86:23	67:21,25 73:7	<b>forum</b> 36:1	Furthermore	38:9 39:4 48:9
66:17 73:1	48:6 59:25	feared 61:8	84:5 86:9	forward 19:15	14:3	51:25 96:16
experiences 2:15	62:1 65:7 68:3	fearful 24:3	90:21 97:3	22:13 40:23	fuss 72:1	100:13
4:1,13 55:16	69:12,14 73:15	fearing 23:16	100:17 109:6	44:3	<b>future</b> 5:9 19:21	goes 8:18,25 50:3
59:3 60:1,6	73:23 74:23	fearless 23:22	Firstly 87:14	foster 8:8	23:1,17 30:10	109:9
61:10	77:1 87:16	feature 3:10,11	97:14	foul 70:19	53:18	going 7:13 26:3
expertise/inde 35:10	94:19 95:4	83:6 99:3 <b>features</b> 23:17	<b>fishing</b> 32:9 50:3 73:24	<b>found</b> 67:4 69:4 73:20 82:22,25		39:16,18 41:20 42:7,8 43:2,8
explain 56:6 60:5	97:5 100:8 106:2	57:1 70:7	fit 103:2	foundations 80:3	gagging 60:13	43:10,16 45:17
66:17 71:12	factor 5:10 16:22	fee 60:11 69:23	fitting 103:7	four 29:8 79:18	gain 17:19 37:14	46:9,12,15,18
73:2 84:12	17:2 46:11	70:22	five 64:19 65:4	88:12	gained 37:23	47:14 49:21
96:1	factors 22:20	feed 68:2	79:5 99:12	fourthly 32:18	73:19 76:19	50:12 51:16
explained 78:18	46:9,17	feel 4:17 9:20	flagrant 59:19	framework	82:5	64:4 70:1 79:1
explicitly 91:15	facts 42:14 52:3	24:2 30:18	77:4	36:11 37:1	gains 37:8 78:4	90:10 100:24
exploded 29:2	52:4 79:1	43:3,4,15	flavour 75:22	frank 46:15	galvanised 3:18	good 4:11 5:15
83:16	81:23 96:19	74:22 100:5,9	flawed 25:25	<b>free</b> 14:5 61:16	gap 23:18	12:17 22:14
explore 32:10	103:2,19 106:6	feelings 60:6	31:6	96:15 105:8,9	gathers 44:19	25:10 32:7
52:2	109:24	fees 42:23	fledged 12:10	freedom 2:14	gauntlet 69:20	34:6 38:5,12
expose 5:23	fail 29:12	feet 25:12	Fleet 59:10 61:22	13:2,3 14:8	GCHQ 32:5	48:15 50:2
12:17 27:13 39:21 72:16	failed 19:23	<b>fell</b> 52:10 <b>felt</b> 1:11 15:20	103:21 <b>fleshed</b> 54:12	20:1 31:2 35:17 37:5	general 2:23,25	57:4 67:4 70:2
76:23 95:21	20:12 66:5 102:21	16:1,3 30:5	floor 16:16	41:1 43:20,20	3:12 20:6 26:7	70:15,25 76:24 85:11 93:4
exposed 39:22	failings 37:15	66:2 73:19	flows 38:12	58:3 61:13,13	30:3 46:8 55:7 81:3 110:1	102:21 106:7
exposes 96:2	failure 26:4	84:7	focus 28:23	63:8 93:20	generally 98:18	108:25 109:11
exposing 34:6	100:23	FIA 99:15	fold 33:17	94:9,9,16	109:7	Goodman 11:24
exposure 23:19	failures 28:25	fiction 84:24	<b>follow</b> 34:11	95:10 96:4,10	generated 18:15	63:16 82:3,24
31:11	fair 33:9 39:8	fictional 84:23	67:18	96:25 97:5,23	97:16	goods 8:1,13 9:2
<b>Express</b> 3:7,8,15	68:1 70:18	Field 70:23 71:2	following 66:18	101:5 105:12	generic 78:13	Google 28:12
3:16,16 15:15	<b>fairly</b> 73:9 76:14	71:8 72:2,3	73:4	freelancers 2:2	95:8	Gordon 77:8
15:18 17:10	87:10	Field's 71:21	follows 57:15	freely 17:22	<b>genie</b> 102:19	82:7 84:17
24:7 37:11	falling 98:10	Fifthly 33:20	67:17	freer 55:24	gentlemen's 20:8	gossip 97:21
expressed 39:11	false 66:6	fighting 2:13	<b>follow-up</b> 101:14	frenzy 66:19	genuine 4:14	109:7,15
40:3	fame 73:14	figure 77:17	101:20 104:2	frequently 4:10	10:2 21:20	<b>governance</b> 34:9
<b>expression</b> 13:2 17:7 37:5	familiar 49:13	<b>figures</b> 36:24 68:10 79:1	footage 103:6 football 68:17	93:23 106:5 <b>fresh</b> 85:8	36:21 52:12	41:4 48:21
43:21 110:14	88:2 99:1 103:10 106:10	80:1 98:5	10010an 68:17	friends 57:24	109:8	<b>government</b> 53:12 64:9
Express's 15:21	103:10 106:10 <b>families</b> 57:24	60:1 98:3 <b>fill</b> 76:9	footballers 83:4	70:13 91:21	<b>genuinely</b> 11:5 20:15	66:1 68:25
extend 25:11	familes 57:24	filled 87:5	footing 96:17	94:22	getting 8:20 42:4	99:7
extension 32:14	65:3 85:3	fills 55:13	footnote 44:18	fringe 28:8	girl 64:15 67:14	<b>Grand</b> 13:6
extent 32:18	91:21 93:25	filming 85:3	footsteps 67:15	front 15:24 22:5	75:1	granted 96:5
40:16,24 58:8	94:21 100:20	<b>films</b> 68:16	67:19	30:1 38:1	give 4:12,20	111:8
75:18	104:21	filter 63:4	force 5:15 53:7	46:13 64:24	11:12 29:18	granting 1:15
external 27:23	family-owned	final 75:6 87:6	forced 69:1	97:10 99:11	45:4 53:6	graphic 99:14
83:25 86:2	36:12	finally 36:9	forceful 96:15	100:17	59:16,23 64:14	101:23
externally 30:18	<b>famous</b> 60:15	57:25 65:25	fore 41:12	frozen 27:20	67:24 71:2	graphically
81:24	69:11,13 97:5	66:3 84:20	forged 9:11	fruits 78:4	74:2 75:16	71:17
Extraordinary	famously 63:24	87:12	forget 76:16	full 20:23 65:12	92:25 93:15	grasping 69:18
101:1	97:4	Finance 21:6	86:19 93:5	66:5	94:5,16 100:23	grass-roots 1:23
extreme 9:5	fanciful 9:5	<b>financial</b> 30:12 37:9	<b>forgiven</b> 60:8 63:13,14 90:2	fuller 27:9 fully 12:10 45:6	104:1 107:25	grateful 1:14 45:2 89:12
extremely 40:17	far 57:4 60:6,7	31.7	03.13,14 90.2	runy 12.10 45.0	given 14:24 22:8	43.4 07.14
	•	•	•	•	•	

	l		l	l	l	10.40
great 10:14	hand 108:22	hearing 108:7	hoped 76:19	imagine 9:3	27:16,17	49:10 57:17
19:18 23:18	109:24 110:3	hearings 81:11	hopeless 111:3	immediate 4:22	increasing 21:12	58:11,11 73:6
24:21 26:15	handful 76:4	heart 8:17 17:13	hopes 86:10	82:10	incredibly 99:20	76:18,19 77:24
42:19 43:11	80:15	33:9 39:2	horribly 85:24	immediately	incurring 44:23	77:25 82:5,8
55:13 72:8	handle 28:17	heat 97:16	horse 87:25	44:10 45:21	indefensible 80:5	84:7 88:4 90:7
81:8 88:19	50:15,15	heavily 63:20	107:20	immense 66:15	independence	90:13,18,20
greater 63:7	handled 33:22	height 85:19	hostile 5:12 12:8	immensely 25:22	10:18,20 44:3	91:2,3,13,16
89:21	hands 37:21	heil 103:12	hotline 17:18	impact 11:3	independent	91:16 92:3,12
greedy 6:12	52:15 56:18	held 13:20 14:11	hounding 57:23	31:24 39:19	1:20 11:4,7	92:13 93:8
60:11 86:2	59:17	26:6 101:25	93:11	43:20 63:17	31:19 33:17	95:5
grief 18:5 57:21	handset 74:7	hellbent 70:4	hour 31:10 89:10	impacted 25:22	35:14 53:5,13	informed 5:23
66:15 67:2,3	handwritten	help 12:15 17:3	hours 31:7	60:2 63:20	88:6 107:22	74:5
67:18 93:12	91:23	35:14 38:22	house 47:3 49:16	impacts 41:1	indictment 57:15	informing 18:2
grievance 9:24	handy 47:19	39:19 48:19	61:20 106:4,24	impartial 56:18	71:24	informs 23:7
grip 38:22	happen 9:15	67:20	houses 93:2	impelled 16:4	individual 2:10	ingrained 45:18
Grisham 84:23	happened 29:10	helpful 32:10	hub 74:8	imperative 37:16	60:4 65:16	inhibit 37:7
gross 31:8 102:1	52:18 62:10	51:20 92:22	Hubbard 97:3	98:1	72:17 76:14	inhibiting 5:10
ground 80:5	84:16 101:7	Herculean 85:15	hubby 67:14	implications	78:2 82:15	iniquity 34:7
group 8:9 9:14	102:17	hermetically	huge 52:6 human 13:7 15:7	1:10 27:3,4	90:21 91:12 101:8 111:18	initial 26:2 82:2
12:24 22:6	happens 9:17	88:12		implies 35:7	individually 3:17	90:11
36:12 70:20 72:15,19 77:15	happily 21:3	<b>high</b> 8:13 68:10 68:19 74:18	73:13 88:8 96:11 106:3	importance 94:6 110:11,14,20	15:22 23:24	initially 29:13 injuncting 108:6
78:20 81:7	happy 25:3 31:17 97:10	92:19 95:9	109:22	important 5:14	individuals	injunction 47:18
82:22 83:3,18	108:9	92:19 95:9 higher 80:1,18	humiliation	6:3 7:24 14:2	15:12 24:2	51:10 100:25
84:3,13 86:16	harassment	highest 21:16	102:8 106:20	28:24 30:4	57:19 61:9	101:24
88:21	78:15	highlight 27:13	hundreds 92:18	36:25 38:1	68:23 74:18	injunctions 47:5
groups 6:18 21:2	hard 60:19 62:2	59:19 90:10	Hunt 33:25	55:6 63:2,25	75:21,23 80:20	97:15 106:10
24:16 31:15	72:19 80:2	highlights 55:17	Hurst 87:20	69:13 76:15	81:3 82:18	111:1
55:15 91:14	harm 32:7 50:1	81:19	Hurst's 88:1	78:10 81:17	83:2 110:5	input 9:13
Group's 83:1	harmful 18:8	highly 30:4	Turst 5 00.1	83:24 85:8	111:9	inquiries 14:22
85:25	harnessing 27:7	60:20 77:20		87:14 99:20	individual's 22:2	29:8
growing 26:14	Harold 64:8	87:9 105:23	iceberg 87:15	109:21	96:13 109:19	inquiry 1:9 2:20
grown 110:23	<b>Harris</b> 86:17	hint 67:12	idea 19:2 26:8	importantly	induce 12:17	3:24 4:13,18
Guardian 1:5	haste 98:21	hinted 39:17	28:19 39:22	64:19 93:22	indulging 92:16	4:20,24 5:3
24:8,9 25:19	hasty 31:5	hired 11:21	42:24 48:15	96:1 104:21	industrial 2:11	7:24 12:14,22
29:2 47:7,20	hate-stirring	78:22	74:13	105:18 106:2	13:24 18:13	15:1 19:21
49:5,17 82:20	15:24	historic 90:3	ideas 51:14,14	impose 35:3	19:6 79:10	21:14 22:14,25
guardians 12:15	head 5:6 18:25	historical 94:23	identifiable 92:2	60:13	industry 1:10,22	24:21 25:16,18
Guardian's	48:18	history 44:19	identification	imposing 99:16	2:2 3:25 4:17	25:21 26:6
23:19	headline 67:10	59:9 102:17,18	72:10 92:17	impossible 16:25	5:17 6:5,6,12	29:19 30:7
guards 12:14	92:8 99:11	103:20	identified 19:10	23:23	6:24 7:3 8:5	31:1,14,22
guessed 105:7	105:12	his/her 19:13	23:18 91:14	impressed 33:22	10:7 20:2	32:22 33:21
guidance 61:21	headlines 15:25	hit 62:23 72:23	identify 4:12	impressive 58:5	22:11,16 23:1	34:18 44:16
guilty 16:8	62:23 72:24	<b>HJK</b> 72:6,7,8,13	identities 104:3	imprisoned 65:3	23:14 24:18	45:20 54:17
gypsies 16:6	83:12	72:14,22 73:2	identity 111:18	inaccuracies	32:1 34:10	55:11 56:3,13
	headline-domi	73:4,6	ideological 22:2	18:8	35:25 36:3	58:6 59:14
H	70:10	<b>HJK's</b> 72:11,16	ignoble 39:21	inaccurate 8:2	44:20 46:13	61:1,10 63:10
hack 38:8	headquarters	72:20 73:5	<b>ignore</b> 39:4,5	16:6 17:6 31:6	47:15 48:13	64:12 65:15
hacked 72:11,20	2:6	hoax 64:22,23	63:23	incident 55:23	49:14 59:11	66:1,12 69:6
75:11 83:1,3	heads 92:15	65:1	ignored 93:23	107:1	79:9 90:17	72:5,10 77:18
88:3	health 30:17	Hoffmann 96:8	illegal 58:18	incidents 70:10	99:17	79:2 84:11
<b>hacking</b> 9:6 11:2	hear 24:23 46:7	hold 16:16 20:15	77:22 90:17	include 56:11	industry's 6:4	97:11 103:8
18:13 22:21	54:15 56:4	26:5 86:12	92:11 93:8	included 13:19	34:20	106:12
23:19 28:24	60:3 62:17	holding 5:20	illegally 37:25	49:12 91:17	inevitable 6:11	insecure 6:10
29:7 30:16	66:10 69:19,25	23:15	57:16 68:11	includes 74:20	9:2 46:7 50:11	insecurity 30:12
33:22 55:4,23	72:5 73:11	holiday 94:18	87:23 89:20	including 2:17	inevitably 31:5	insensitive 64:23
63:12 65:22	84:11 86:10	holidays 108:24	illiberal 32:25	13:24 22:18	inflammatory	insensitivity 65:5
66:12 68:2,7	92:22 105:13	home 64:16	illness 16:13 73:3	34:16 40:5	16:5	inside 92:13
69:1,5,7 70:8	106:15	93:25 honost 18:0	illusory 14:10	48:16	influence 21:13	insight 3:19
72:1 73:24	heard 4:2 23:2	honest 18:9	illustrated 20:10	inclusion 78:14	21:19 30:19 60:21 111:5	22:14 102:24
75:18 79:23	26:7 30:2 31:7 39:11 44:8,8	30:25 100:2	ill-equipped	incoming 33:24	influential 60:20	106:8
82:23 87:12	60:8 62:14	hookers 99:12	34:19	incomplete 31:5	87:9	insights 4:1 insofar 56:14
88:11,22 89:23	74:14 75:20	<b>hope</b> 14:19 22:22 25:17,20 26:16	ill-gotten 78:4	inconsistency 81:13	inform 4:7 26:23	inspired 31:12
90:2 93:8	74:14 73:20	28:20 38:10	ill-judged 62:12	inconvenient	37:19	Installations
half 24:19 89:9,9 Hall 103:21	79:2 92:24	43:19 44:25	images 99:14 101:23 102:4	70:3	informal 34:16	15:2
	98:7 108:4	75:22	101:23 102:4	incorporate	information 49:9	instruct 14:5
Hampshire 91:6	70.7 100.4	13.22	104.5,17	incorporate	miormation 47.7	monuel 14.3
	•	•	•	•	•	•

instructed 82:16	13:14	103:24	41:16 59:8	domonto	100:2	87:12
85:2 103:9	interrupt 23:11	involves 10:3	60:24 75:16	judgments 105:21,22	knows 41:18	87:12 leaving 15:23
insurance 28:14	25:3,7	Ireland 1:13	86:25 97:20	Judicial 53:15	69:3,5	79:23
intellectual	interrupted 23:9	20:19 21:4,5	108:11 111:21	July 2:24 28:22	09:5,5	lecture 94:5
97:25	23:10	88:5,8	journalism's	29:2,7 36:16	L	led 22:21 25:21
intelligence 32:6	interrupting	Irish 8:6 20:24	44:18	65:23 81:18	labours 78:5	81:12
87:21	48:2	21:5,9,9	journalist 2:16	98:25	laced 59:22	left 4:17 64:20
intend 32:23	intervene 35:3	ironic 75:5	3:7 4:24 12:2	jumped 73:4	lack 10:19 34:21	98:6 104:16
61:7	intervention	irony 65:17	12:10 17:1,10	jurisprudence	40:3 69:15	106:25
intended 110:16	16:20 36:16	irrelevant 97:14	18:2 19:9,12	36:5	110:9	legal 9:17 14:18
interception	interventions	Islam 16:18	27:22 29:20	justice 1:3,16,19	land 61:23	37:1 49:1 50:9
71:20,22	34:11	isolated 90:3	41:7 57:6	7:13,18 23:9	lapse 90:3	54:19 94:5
interest 12:24	interview 45:21	107:1	63:25 64:1	24:4,17,20	large 2:10 26:21	97:25
17:21 18:1,7	64:22	isolation 9:8	72:15 73:12	25:8,10 38:14	77:17 78:24	legalistic 108:10
18:11 21:11,16	interviewer 3:9	issue 19:16 29:16	74:3 83:15	46:3,6 48:1,23	largely 54:12	legislation 14:13
35:24 39:1,1	intimidated	30:24 36:11	88:14 91:12	50:7,17,22	56:18 70:3	48:23 53:1
41:17,22 47:15	29:11 30:6	41:24,25 43:14	103:10	51:2,12,22	83:7 91:7	75:4
47:22,23 48:15	intransigent	51:13 53:3	journalistic 9:6	52:22 53:10,11	97:14	legislative 10:21
50:4 60:17	10:13	87:12 90:25	11:15 15:12	53:17,25 54:9	largest 55:2,14	legitimate 41:21
62:11 74:15	introduced	106:22	16:21 18:18,22	54:16,21 69:15	104:15	73:18 105:6
77:2,3 92:6	10:21 77:16	issued 15:24	30:22 41:2	69:24 89:8,13	lash 48:12	110:6
95:15 97:17	introduction	83:18	56:14 58:9	89:17 111:22	lashed 37:21	lengths 10:14
98:11,13 99:15	19:16	issues 2:12 3:18	74:17 79:12	justified 18:6	late 29:3 43:25	Lest 68:21
99:22 101:9	introspection	3:20,25 10:3	93:6	42:15	72:13 100:7	letter 19:11 75:7
102:1,23	67:12	14:1 23:25 35:9 39:15	journalists 1:4	K	102:19	letters 72:6
108:14,16,22 108:23,24,25	intrude 18:4		1:11,12,21 3:20,22 4:2,12		latitude 63:7	let's 63:9 70:15
108:23,24,23	intrusion 19:4 56:25 57:21	40:16 42:10 47:2 50:15	4:19 5:7,10,18	keen 44:21 51:14	laughable 8:20	76:16 93:17 100:2 103:18
110:1,6,24	66:14,15 93:12	54:19 97:10	6:2,10 7:12,19	<b>keep</b> 5:23 10:23 24:25 38:1	launch 55:12 launched 34:18	106:6
interested 46:23	102:2	itemised 91:19	7:25 8:8 9:20	84:9 98:4	69:6	level 22:20 52:24
46:25 48:4	intrusions 32:7	itemised 71.17	11:12 12:18	keepers 91:18	law 33:14 35:18	55:25 63:17
98:11 108:16	107:8	J	14:14,16 15:7	Ken 92:19	36:7 39:14	65:14 80:9
109:6	invasion 77:5	Jameel 49:16	15:19 16:15	Kent 36:12,15	40:24 43:1,3	levels 26:17
interesting 12:7	93:10,17	Jane 87:21	17:6,15,18,22	kept 52:8	46:23 47:20	leverage 30:21
20:18 21:1	107:14	January 29:3	18:4,7,21	key 12:15 17:17	51:6,25 53:6,8	LEVESON 1:3
29:20 49:25	investigate 17:11	75:20 78:19	19:18,25 20:7	20:20 22:20	58:13 62:13	1:16,19 7:13
73:8 83:14	29:7 34:20	79:15 89:5	22:16,18 23:2	86:15	69:12,20,21	7:18 23:9 24:4
106:8	35:3 42:24	<b>Jay</b> 12:18 39:9	23:6,13,22,24	kind 48:8 49:20	75:4 87:1	24:17,20 25:8
interestingly	investigated	61:3 75:17	25:23 29:14,17	50:10 60:2	88:21 96:21	25:10 38:14
73:13	34:13	78:18 79:9	30:5,10 35:8	68:20 96:2	97:22 101:11	46:3,6 48:1,23
interests 4:9 10:1	investigation	88:9 89:1	37:4,25 38:6,8	104:8,25	105:3,20 106:1	50:7,17,22
13:5,12 14:2,4	12:22 58:7	Jay's 99:6	40:20 45:10,12	110:14	106:9 107:12	51:2,12,22
14:7,10,21 20:16 22:2	66:13 82:1 investigations	jigsaw 72:10	45:19 57:5 58:15 65:21	kiss 108:12	lawful 105:6	52:22 53:10,17 53:25 54:9,16
107:24	18:10 88:5	92:17 <b>Joan</b> 73:12	73:6,11 74:10	111:20 <b>knell</b> 7:3	laws 32:24 33:7 60:11	54:21 89:8,13
interference	90:15	job 5:8,22 7:21	74:21 75:16	knew 23:21 30:6	lawyer 48:25	89:17 111:22
16:2 37:4	investigative	8:11,13 34:4	77:17 78:1,24	50:12 80:9	53:1 93:18	Lewis 84:11 85:7
internal 30:24	5:25 7:7 41:16	64:21 70:25	80:8,15 82:14	84:3,3 103:16	lawyers 49:19	86:8
31:22	49:4 64:1	71:13	82:16 91:1	108:5	60:11 61:6	Lewis's 84:16
internally 30:18	97:20	jobs 15:23 17:22	92:4 106:24	know 4:2 8:19	69:18,18 70:21	liable 78:21
81:24	investigator	24:3	109:13	24:5 25:10	86:2,15 102:13	<b>liar</b> 101:19
International	74:11 88:18	<b>John</b> 47:9 84:23	journalist's 7:8	26:6,21,22	Law's 89:2	libel 33:7 35:22
10:17,25 12:9	investigators	<b>join</b> 12:4 13:11	10:4	27:9,9 30:22	lay 1:22 3:1	36:2 46:24
12:12 18:14	36:23 82:17,23	14:3 20:10	<b>Jude</b> 88:21	40:14,14 42:9	lead 7:22 19:24	47:1 51:9
21:8 24:13	85:2 86:14,20	joined 3:7	judge 52:10,11	46:18 49:5,20	25:3	60:10 107:16
30:19 36:22	87:23	105:12	52:19 98:9,25	50:9 65:4,13	leading 73:4	licence 91:18
62:12 68:24	inviting 64:21	joint 3:15 47:3	101:25 104:10	71:18 75:2	91:14	licensing 19:25
77:12 79:6	invoices 91:8,13	47:10	104:11 105:3	77:11 89:6	leads 32:17	35:8
81:21,25 84:14 84:22 86:6,13	invoke 109:17 involve 41:20	Josie 68:8	105:18,22,25 <b>judged</b> 30:1	93:19 96:23	76:25	lie 107:24 lied 34:20
86:20 87:5	43:11 93:7	journalism 1:12	judges 60:12	100:6,7,7	league 64:9	lies 58:19
International's	97:18,20	2:12 5:11,15 5:15 25 7:1 6 7	107:23	101:24 103:3	92:14 <b>leaking</b> 71:19	life 4:4 18:5
77:6 85:5,22	involved 15:19	5:15,25 7:1,6,7 8:4,12 19:18	judge's 105:6	knowing 9:21 109:8	learn 32:2	22:15 30:20
Internet 43:11	47:13 53:2	20:17 21:9	judge s 103.0 judgment 49:16	knowledge 27:23	learned 108:2	36:22 71:5
101:24 102:6	59:11 65:16	23:2,7 26:9,18	77:14 90:3	80:22	learnt 11:3	73:22 93:25,25
104:18	70:12 80:8	27:17,25 31:1	98:24 99:4	known 45:17	leave 61:17	95:12,21 96:2
interrelation	81:3,11 99:16	31:24 38:12,25	105:2,17	69:7 99:25	79:15 80:12	99:13 100:10
	l		l	l		1
J						

100.10 101.6	49.1.22.50.7	Manak (4.15.17	Madiala 25.10	(6.20	44.1	21.24.22.25
100:19 101:6	48:1,23 50:7	March 64:15,17	Media's 25:19	66:20	44:1	21:24 23:25
102:2,15,18	50:17,22 51:2	99:24 100:14	medical 73:5	Milly's 64:21	moral 15:7 30:12	24:5,14,19
109:20	51:12,22 52:22	mark 84:11,24	meeting 16:16	65:3,22 67:7	40:20 87:4	91:10
lifeblood 80:21	53:10,11,17,25	86:18 96:14	21:6	67:13,18 68:7	105:23	nature 9:1 25:25
light 5:21 6:1	54:9,16,21	market 35:11,13	member 12:10	69:8	morning 23:8	57:13
22:19 72:21	89:8,13,17	36:14 40:9	13:4,16 63:14	mind 38:1,5,19	26:7 39:17	Nazi 99:12
94:24 95:3	96:8 111:22	57:2 83:13	73:16 87:20	46:10 64:2	44:8 100:14	101:13,17
limit 11:12	<b>Lords</b> 49:16	87:8,11 91:3	99:25	81:10 83:24	Mosley 42:10	102:22 103:1
limitations 26:1	106:4	93:1,10 98:23	members 1:23	108:2	98:17,23 99:21	103:16
limited 9:23	losing 5:8	Mary-Ellen	2:1,8 3:4,17	minded 33:4	100:9,17,24	Nazis 101:17
69:24 110:19	loss 73:25	70:23 72:2	4:5 9:12,21	minds 12:8	101:3,15,21	nearly 31:18
line 6:19 8:22 9:6	lost 65:19 104:24	mass 40:9 91:25	10:1 11:17	minutely 79:4	102:7,25 103:7	neatly 98:16
41:20 101:13	lot 33:6 46:19	mate 105:15	14:2,21 16:3	minutes 27:24	103:11,13	necessarily 4:22
link 15:4	49:18	material 17:7	17:23 18:19	Mirror 24:14	104:13 106:22	58:22 61:14
lip 37:18	lots 48:20 51:6	18:9 31:24	19:22 22:12	Mirror's 24:15	107:6 108:4,5	94:3
Lippman 27:21	loud 63:2 105:11	70:14 78:14	23:4 24:10,25	misleading 8:2	Mosley's 96:24	necessary 13:24
list 4:25 74:20	low 75:13	79:2 111:16	37:24 42:21	33:23	99:13,15	need 4:6,7 32:8
listen 77:25	lows 75:13	matter 16:21	56:3 57:22	missing 64:18	106:14,17	36:10 37:9
102:25	luncheon 111:25	58:13 72:8	82:25 86:20	65:1,9 67:13	110:9	38:6,23 40:13
listened 54:25	lurid 110:15	88:18 89:4	96:5 102:14	misuse 97:18	mother 66:3 75:1	40:14 53:6
55:14 65:9	M	94:20 96:21	membership	mixed 78:24	motive 49:8	60:25 76:9
67:8 68:15		matters 14:18	9:19 17:14	mobbed 106:24	motorsport	87:12 107:25
75:24 89:25	M 33:11	15:12 19:6	member-led	mobile 28:16	99:23	108:1
listening 73:19	MacKenzie 59:1	71:17 82:3,13	1:23	72:12 74:6	mounting 83:19	needed 98:7
literally 62:23	59:10	109:18	mental 16:13	82:24 83:1	move 12:6	103:2
92:1 98:3 104:18	MacKenzie's	mature 96:14 mean 40:4 42:9	mention 32:17 40:19 43:8	91:20 <b>mock</b> 16:18	moving 26:25 28:1	needs 21:14 39:22 63:7
	108:3					
litigation 77:11	Macpherson	44:16 46:9	75:19 79:14	model 6:12,21	MPs 29:10 36:16	nefarious 85:17
82:7 86:4	71:1	48:16 51:16,24	87:13 88:9	19:21 20:3,12	<b>Mulcaire</b> 63:16	negative 39:10
little 20:8 34:6	Macpherson's	87:16,20 94:3	92:7 97:9	20:21 26:16	65:7 74:10	negotiating 10:6
36:4 37:14 58:7 75:1 81:1	71:5,23	94:14 95:8 104:14 105:4	mentioned 41:5 43:24 65:6	48:7 <b>models</b> 20:12,13	75:12 77:16,21 78:22 82:3	neither 58:21 82:7 89:3
	MacShane 73:17	104:14 105:4	70:7 75:17		78:22 82:3 Mulcaire's 71:24	82:7 89:3 99:21
81:6 84:22 90:6 100:11,13	MacShane's	meaning 52:2		20:14 47:13 53:11		never 51:11 64:4
102:24	73:25		77:18 89:1,24 102:25	model's 71:3	76:6 79:4,16 85:19	82:13 94:24
live 27:6,11	magazine 37:13	meaningfully 35:3	mere 9:3,19	modern 28:10	multimillion	97:16 99:5
livelihood 39:20	magazines 2:3 91:11	means 8:14 11:7	merely 17:3	modest 6:16		
	1 91:11					103.5
			•		92:19	103:5
lives 16:1 27:23	Mail 59:12	12:21 17:24	34:12 37:18	module 28:3	<b>mum</b> 67:13,19	nevertheless
28:4 38:10	<b>Mail</b> 59:12 105:16	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16	module 28:3 55:11	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16	nevertheless 49:17 50:11
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 <b>meshes</b> 51:5	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 <b>lob</b> 59:5	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 <b>lob</b> 59:5 <b>lobbied</b> 60:19	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23 N name 64:16 75:16 92:15	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23 N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23 N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23 N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Millands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Millands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24 Lord 1:3,16,19	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19 76:13	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9 mediating 34:5	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25 77:13 78:11 86:19	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1 months 4:23	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13 narrow 37:11	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20 72:11,18 73:10
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24 Lord 1:3,16,19 7:13,18 13:20	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19 76:13 management	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9 mediating 34:5 mediation 33:2	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25 77:13 78:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1 months 4:23 11:3 23:20	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13 narrow 37:11 narrowly 110:13	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20 72:11,18 73:10 74:7,20 75:5
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24 Lord 1:3,16,19 7:13,18 13:20 14:25 23:9	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19 76:13 management 6:22 16:19	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9 mediating 34:5 mediation 33:2 33:11,12 35:22	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25 77:13 78:11 86:19 million 83:11	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1 months 4:23 11:3 23:20 29:4 52:6 65:4	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13 narrow 37:11 narrowly 110:13 nascent 72:21	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20 72:11,18 73:10
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24 Lord 1:3,16,19 7:13,18 13:20 14:25 23:9 24:4,17,20	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19 76:13 management 6:22 16:19 Manchester 2:7	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9 mediating 34:5 mediation 33:2 33:11,12 35:22 52:9	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25 77:13 78:11 86:19 million 83:11 millions 92:18 102:3	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1 months 4:23 11:3 23:20 29:4 52:6 65:4 72:14	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13 narrow 37:11 narrowly 110:13 nascent 72:21 national 1:4,10	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20 72:11,18 73:10 74:7,20 75:5 76:21 77:6,12 79:6,22 81:7
28:4 38:10 58:11,16 60:2 80:20 92:18 93:10 107:7,10 110:4,20 lob 59:5 lobbied 60:19 local 6:6 21:24 24:16 31:21 lofty 96:12 lollipop 41:23 London 2:6 lone 61:5 105:11 long 53:8 longest 67:10 look 28:25 32:23 50:5 52:2 100:2 108:11 looked 104:25 looking 37:20 47:4 74:13 looks 34:9 79:17 loose 6:24 Lord 1:3,16,19 7:13,18 13:20 14:25 23:9 24:4,17,20 25:8,10 33:25	Mail 59:12 105:16 mailbox 65:12 main 25:19 34:21 56:23 92:16 mainstream 28:9 maintain 109:19 110:20 maintaining 26:16 major 6:17,17 28:23 majority 8:11 23:5 24:9 38:24,25 68:18 making 4:11 5:8 15:16 35:20 81:22 96:9 man 21:25 29:25 59:2 68:22 100:9 103:9 105:22 manage 21:3 managed 45:19 76:13 management 6:22 16:19	12:21 17:24 18:10,12 59:18 66:16 69:24 70:18 72:3 79:19,20 89:2 94:8 meant 61:24 93:19 105:4 measures 5:2 mechanism 41:19 42:20 43:4 mechanisms 33:8 media 1:21 5:12 10:13 19:4 20:3,5 21:12 22:3,6 26:11 27:2,12 36:19 37:1 40:1 43:11 51:6 83:9 90:25 91:14 93:18 98:8 105:9 mediating 34:5 mediation 33:2 33:11,12 35:22 52:9 mediator 52:1,7	34:12 37:18 38:21 42:16 43:6 58:2 62:19 meshes 51:5 message 64:20 messages 67:21 68:15 73:24 75:24 Messenger 36:12 Messrs 63:16 met 15:23 84:15 metaphorically 57:11 methods 80:18 Metropolitan 69:8 Meyer 17:5 Michelle 46:11 middle 85:21 Midlands 64:22 Mile 67:18 miles 83:11 Miller 68:23,25 77:13 78:11 86:19 million 83:11 millions 92:18	module 28:3 55:11 modules 36:9 64:11 moment 27:20 47:12 51:3 53:19 66:23 67:3 76:8 89:6 89:18 96:12,24 108:1 moments 57:3 66:3 67:22 95:6 Monday 54:18 67:25 75:17 88:10 money 5:18 21:22 62:7 76:22 97:19 98:2 monitored 34:13 month 31:2 36:12 56:3 60:9 90:1 months 4:23 11:3 23:20 29:4 52:6 65:4 72:14 monument 94:23	mum 67:13,19 murdered 64:16 75:1 Murdoch 10:16 muscle 30:23 mustn't 48:2 93:5 Myler 100:21 101:9 108:4 mystery 34:18 64:20 myth 83:15 myths 110:23  N name 64:16 75:16 92:15 103:10 named 75:3 83:5 91:13 92:3 names 65:16 76:7 89:1 narrative 61:17 narratives 39:10 60:1 64:13 narrow 37:11 narrowly 110:13 nascent 72:21	nevertheless 49:17 50:11 56:20 63:19 99:20 Neville 77:9 103:9 104:4 Neville's 104:3 new 35:2 37:6 45:9,13,19 68:3 75:13 76:10 news 2:3 3:5,10 7:11 10:17,25 11:1,18,21 12:1,6,9,12 18:14 21:8 22:19 24:13 25:19 26:3,25 27:22 29:19,20 30:8,9,19,21 36:17,22 40:19 45:15 48:10 57:6 62:8,12 65:6,13 67:9 68:24 70:20 72:11,18 73:10 74:7,20 75:5 76:21 77:6,12

82:4,14,16,22	newsrooms	30:1 59:18	82:9 83:12	original 101:13	32:21 73:16	<b>PCI</b> 20:21 21:7
83:1,3,17,23	50:14	61:8 62:17	85:11 92:23,24	originally 78:20	90:23 105:20	peccadillos 22:5
84:3,13,14,15	newsworthy	74:6 76:4	98:21 100:7	ought 25:10	106:2	peddled 110:24
84:22 85:5,10	30:2	77:16,17 78:15	106:6 107:14	40:24	Parliamentary	peddling 9:6
85:22,25 86:6	news-gathering	78:24 79:3	ones 12:11 30:16	outcome 109:1	81:12 86:21	pejorative 16:11
86:13,16,20	68:20	80:7 87:10,17	54:20 73:11	outlet 43:11	part 2:10 5:16,20	people 5:16
87:5,24 88:13	NHS 28:12	numbers 77:23	94:20,22 95:1	outline 58:8 63:1	17:17,20 19:21	23:16 26:21,21
88:21,23 98:3	nicely 6:16	77:24 91:19,21	95:2,5 110:24	outlined 23:23	20:14 21:4	30:18 33:14,17
98:19 99:5,10	103:25	nut 33:1	one's 13:12	75:17	22:13 28:23,25	34:5,10 37:20
100:16,22	Nicholls 49:13		one-stop 33:13	output 20:5	52:21 54:13	39:18 43:19
102:4,20 103:4	Nick 45:8,16	0	one-way 27:5	outrage 65:1,4	55:11 56:1	45:14,24 46:1
104:1,24	63:24 82:2	objective 41:9	online 2:3 28:15	outrageous 68:4	64:11 65:15	46:9,14 49:10
105:17 110:15	night 16:20	60:22	opaque 34:9	89:19	73:5 75:11	53:13 56:22
Newsnight 11:20	28:15	<b>obliged</b> 10:9 20:9	open 18:9 54:14	outset 59:13 70:7	79:7,14 80:11	57:20,24 58:16
newspaper 5:4	nine 69:8	obscene 99:3	77:3	93:18	93:20,22 96:11	59:25 62:17
6:5,12,14,18	nominees 20:23	observed 53:11	opened 39:9	outside 9:22 63:4	partial 31:5	69:2,19 70:9
8:9,17 21:1,15	non-governme	80:14	<b>opening</b> 1:7 2:18	71:25 72:9	participant 1:15	70:11,12,12,16
21:24,25 22:6	88:7	obsession 93:9	2:20 25:14	outsourced	42:7 54:24	70:19,22 76:2
22:11,17,22	non-statutory	<b>obtain</b> 77:22	54:22 88:10	30:23	56:24 59:24	76:9,12,17
23:25 24:16	35:20 53:4	88:3	99:6	overdose 106:18	60:5 95:25	93:11,11 96:6
26:19 29:23	non-wealthy 69:22	<b>obtained</b> 18:12	openings 51:19	overlooked 68:21	participants 39:12 87:18	102:3 109:15
31:4,15,20	69:22 normal 26:4	76:11 104:6	operate 6:2		39:12 87:18 90:1	<b>people's</b> 46:10 57:16 58:11
36:14 40:6 52:12,15 55:15	Northcliffe	obtaining 18:9	operated 3:15 62:13	overly 35:5 overridden	90:1 particular 5:2,13	57:16 58:11 77:5 79:7
57:2,7 59:15	36:13	80:19 <b>obvious</b> 66:11	operates 8:23	41:22	32:11 56:20	89:20 95:19
64:25 65:8	Northern 20:11	100:18	operating 9:7	overriding 18:1	57:9 67:6,6	107:10
72:15,19 75:6	37:11 88:5,8	obviously 38:19	operation 32:6	18:6 37:16	69:15 74:9	Peppiatt 88:14
75:10,13 76:1	note 14:18 21:1	40:16 41:7	opinion 57:12	oversight 41:4	93:9 96:19	103:18
76:21 77:15	31:13 33:24	46:14 51:24	77:8 105:1	41:10	98:20 104:11	perceived 40:13
78:20 79:24	35:5 63:25	67:3 102:21	opportunistic	overwhelming	109:1 110:18	percentage
80:3,6,19,21	notebook 76:6	111:3	57:19	38:24	particularly 6:6	24:17
85:16 86:9	79:4,17	occasion 52:19	opportunity	overwhelmingly	10:13 15:19	Perfect 103:17
87:3 88:22,24	notebooks 79:19	occur 34:15	25:15 44:20	18:11	30:25 41:12	perfectly 84:4
92:9 97:6 98:2	<b>noted</b> 32:4 62:24	odd 98:9	67:4 101:3	owner 11:9 22:3	49:15 58:10	<b>perform</b> 103:12
98:20 101:1	99:6	offences 92:1	108:7	owners 5:4 6:24	64:23 69:20	performance
104:7,11	notes 50:13 52:8	offend 111:13	oppose 35:8	20:6,14	104:16 111:11	108:3
106:25	91:24	offender 92:16	opposed 54:20	ownership 21:12	parties 82:17	peril 39:5
newspapers 2:3	noteworthy 97:2	offending 16:23	98:19	Oyster 28:13	partly 36:22,23	period 29:1 38:3
3:5,7,22 7:2 8:22 9:20	notice 100:24 notification	offer 24:24,25	opposite 83:11 option 5:7	P	parts 7:14 party 34:11	permit 14:5 permitted 96:12
13:18 15:8,15	42:11 51:5	35:21 52:21,21 59:14	oral 54:11,13	packed 71:8	party 34.11 pass 107:3	permitted 90.12 perpetuated
20:9,15 24:12	107:9 110:10	offers 26:16	order 1:3 4:15	page 15:25 16:17	passage 31:11	83:17
24:13,19 26:10	notified 87:17	office 101:7	37:22 53:2,6,7	16:19 31:16	passed 78:1	persistent 66:4
26:25 28:6	notion 26:18	officer 10:19	71:13 81:17	99:11 100:17	passing 87:22	78:15
33:15,18,19	nous 9:6	officers 29:9	93:2 107:3	pages 22:5 60:20	password 78:13	person 72:3 96:2
40:9 46:22	novel 84:23	62:7 82:21,25	111:13	64:25 79:3,16	passwords 77:23	97:6
47:21 48:3,7	novelist 73:12	90:15	ordered 106:11	87:5 92:13	pattern 98:25	personal 15:9
56:2,23 57:25	November 1:1	offices 2:7 85:22	<b>orders</b> 60:13	111:4	<b>pause</b> 89:18	22:4 57:17
58:23 60:21	29:21 33:23	88:13	111:8,10	<b>pain</b> 67:13	Pausing 83:6	58:10 76:18
61:6 63:5	nuanced 43:17	official 50:10	ordinary 4:1	<b>pains</b> 88:19	pawns 22:1	89:20 90:18
70:20 71:20	NUJ 1:20 2:23	92:12	57:22 68:13	pale 87:2	pay 11:15 37:18	91:1,24 92:12
74:4 76:22	3:13,14,19	officials 3:21	70:16 71:7	pals 78:7	52:17 68:17	93:8 101:8
81:7 83:8,10	4:11 9:12,14	10:9	96:5 102:13	Panorama 45:9	paying 62:7	105:25 106:23
88:21 91:5,10	9:22 10:8,15	Offshore 15:2	organisation	88:1	payment 91:14	personally 84:21
91:17 92:10	10:23 11:17	Oh 54:9	1:23 11:6 12:7	paper 16:8 29:15	Payne 74:25 75:1	person's 16:12
94:2 98:3,5,13 98:22 101:14	12:4,4,5,8,10 12:15 13:16,18	okay 24:17 34:25 old-fashioned	12:16 30:4 85:14,23 86:9	30:5 40:5 44:9 45:18	75:2,7 payout 29:24	82:6 perspective 12:7
102:9 107:9	14:15,23 15:4	64:1 79:11	86:14 88:7	paper's 11:24	PCC 16:5 17:2,9	persuade 14:12
102:3 107:3	15:14,23 16:3	Olympics 76:11	organisations	17:8	17:10 19:6,22	14:14 43:9
109:14,17	17:12 19:3,11	Omand 32:5	5:12 28:5,17	paragraph 90:24	20:11 29:12	103:24
111:4	19:15,22 20:20	49:25	30:10 40:20	paragraph 50.24 parallel 43:1	33:11,22,24	persuading
newspaper's	21:3 22:9 23:3	ombudsmen	55:2 87:1	parapet 5:6	34:4 35:21	13:25
74:24	24:1,5,8 26:8	31:12	organised 9:16	18:25	37:10,12,15	pertinent 30:5
newsroom 4:5	30:3 46:8	once 6:13 16:4	organising 13:24	paraphrase 8:5	43:9 45:11	pervasive 90:16
7:25 8:19,23	<b>NUJ's</b> 2:18 3:1	26:23 27:5	orgy 99:12	60:7	61:21 84:20	Phillips 13:20
22:15 61:23	18:16	29:1 35:18	orientation	parents 65:23	PCC's 16:9	phone 18:13
74:8 88:17	number 26:20,21	43:19 59:4	16:13	Parliament 26:1	92:20	28:16,24 29:7
	I		I	I		

30:16 33:22	21:18 104:16	<b>PR</b> 59:7	67:4 69:20	28:16 32:7	37:17 70:23	87:19 107:12
38:9 64:21	poet 8:6	practical 107:13	70:3,3 71:6,19	34:16 35:23	professionally	provided 94:12
65:22 68:7,7	point 37:7 42:18	practice 8:4	74:21 89:22	36:2 40:12,15	5:22 17:23	provides 11:10
69:8 70:8	43:13 45:7	12:22 31:25	90:6 92:8,16	40:17 46:20	professor 44:18	21:13 61:1
71:23 72:11.12	46:4,6 50:4	58:14 79:3	93:24 95:21	47:2,4,6,8,18	108:19	72:2
72:20 73:24	56:9 58:24	88:12 92:17,21	96:3,15,23	49:24 56:25	<b>profile</b> 68:10,19	provision 110:15
74:7 75:10,10	62:5 63:9 68:5	practices 6:4 8:3	97:16 98:15,18	69:21 77:5	74:18 110:21	provisions 48:19
79:23 91:20	95:6 99:6	9:10 14:17	99:2 101:11	90:12,21 92:10	profitable 6:13	provoked 65:25
phoned 68:10	108:8	30:24 55:18	104:23 105:8	93:17 94:2	profitably 32:2	proxy 10:17
phones 82:24	<b>pointed</b> 108:19	57:14 58:2	106:9 109:23	95:19 96:10,13	44:22	prurient 109:18
83:1	pointing 83:12	60:3 62:16	110:2,11,25	98:15,21	profits 6:15,16	prying 73:22
<b>photo</b> 67:3	<b>points</b> 48:14	92:24	111:10,15	104:15,22	profound 72:22	<b>psyche</b> 104:9
photograph 73:4	polarised 70:1	practise 89:19	pressing 36:10	105:3 106:11	programme 88:2	<b>public</b> 2:4,13 4:6
photographer	police 22:3 25:25	practised 38:25	<b>pressure</b> 7:11,19	107:8,14 111:8	prominence 52:4	14:22 15:24
73:3	28:13 29:6	79:24	14:17 17:6	private 11:21	prominent 74:24	16:3 17:21
photographers	45:11,20 46:15	praise 9:1	30:11	12:2 18:5 28:6	74:25	18:1,2,3,6,11
2:5	62:7 64:6	precautions	pressured 4:4	28:17 36:23	prominently	20:6,16 21:10
photographs	66:22 69:2,7,8	32:15	pressures 7:22	38:9 57:16	52:17	21:16 28:5,17
94:17	74:5 76:13	precious 67:22	7:25 10:5	58:11,16 60:15	promise 25:6	31:12 32:7
photos 94:18	79:2,16 84:19	precise 79:13	18:19	66:23,23 67:2	promote 12:17	35:24 36:22
phrase 90:12	87:16 90:15	preconceived	press's 62:3	68:15 71:5	<b>proof</b> 60:25 78:9	37:23,25 39:1
physical 16:13	policy 1:25	103:1	68:13 106:21	72:23 73:22	98:6	39:1 41:5,17
pick 43:13 81:19	political 30:20 30:22	predecessors	presumably 12:9	74:10 75:24	proper 12:9	41:22 42:13,21
<b>picked</b> 7:15 37:5 74:16	politicians 22:4	90:22 predictably 5:4	73:15	76:12,18 77:23 80:20 82:17,23	32:12 79:11 95:24 107:12	45:25 47:15,21 47:23 48:15,15
74:16 picture 23:13	60:21 64:6	predictably 5:4 prefer 25:1,4,8	<b>presume</b> 61:24 68:12	80:20 82:17,23 85:1 86:14	95:24 107:12 107:13	47:23 48:15,15
27:10 28:1	83:4	prejudicial	pretence 27:19	87:23 91:7	properly 29:7	55:7.13 57:11
39:25 40:1	politics 97:18	16:11	pretend 27:14	93:10,25 94:11	33:1 35:16	57:22 58:16
62:21 63:1	poor 28:7 65:3	premises 91:6,23	pretty 52:1	94:14,14 95:12	80:14	60:14 62:11
66:13 67:16	popular 56:10	preoccupied	prevent 36:17	95:17 100:4,19	properties 74:19	63:15,20 64:18
81:4	57:2 80:3	34:6	101:22	101:6,16 102:2	property 92:19	68:16 70:13
pictures 67:11	83:10 90:6	prepare 102:10	prevented 14:8	102:15,18	proportionality	71:1 73:18
107:4	91:2	prepared 36:1	36:13	107:10 109:20	32:8 50:2	76:24 77:2,3
pieces 28:2	population 68:18	39:18 47:16,24	preventing 12:21	110:4,20	proportions	83:19 91:4
Pike 83:25	portray 40:1	47:24 68:22,23	60:13	<b>prize</b> 59:12	85:15	92:5 93:11
PINs 77:23	95:11	74:21 86:17,18	prevents 37:1	proactive 34:13	proprietor 16:2	94:11 95:13,15
Pinter 64:8	position 96:25	prescribing	previous 2:24	probably 24:23	proprietors	95:18,18 96:5
<b>Piper</b> 15:1	positions 80:19	40:25	85:9	53:19 59:5	11:11	96:7 97:17,18
place 6:3 9:18	80:23	presence 15:5,11	previously 3:1	69:9 88:2	<b>prose</b> 96:12	98:10,11,13
10:6 19:1	positive 22:10	22:9	pre-publication	108:6 111:22	prosecution	99:14,16 100:1
32:12 41:8	39:10 60:25	present 23:13	32:14 34:17	problem 5:13	65:19	101:25 102:14
96:6	61:24	presentations	42:2	36:6 39:23	prosecutions	102:22 105:1
places 9:15,17	possibilities	38:17	<b>price</b> 90:12	42:2 51:12	81:2	106:20 107:15
94:12 95:18	26:15	presented 40:2	92:10 97:5	53:8 62:22	prospects 5:18	108:14,15,16
plain 58:18,20	possibility 2:18	90:22 97:22	104:22	71:12,15 111:7	protect 9:25	109:6,8 110:1
plainly 71:10	possible 13:22	preserving	Pricewaterhou	problems 3:25	14:11,13,21	110:2,6,11,21
planning 44:25	21:23 22:14	106:11	50:18	20:2 38:21	65:18 69:21	110:24 111:5
plastic 27:18	31:9 78:6	president 3:2	prided 80:21	39:14 44:1,5 55:16 93:15	76:23 101:3	publication
<b>play</b> 1:13 5:20 22:13 68:17	<b>possibly</b> 79:21 <b>Post</b> 31:3	99:15 <b>press</b> 1:9 2:14	primarily 56:18	55:16 93:15 proceed 24:23	111:8	27:25 32:13 58:10 105:7
103:25 104:7	posted 102:5	3:20 6:7 7:10	<b>primary</b> 53:1 91:5	proceed 24:23 proceedings 9:24	<b>protecting</b> 14:16 20:16 111:12	107:24
played 20:20	poster 67:14,20	9:10 12:4,11	principally 57:1	70:20 82:3	protection 2:14	publicity 66:22
player 34:21	postscript 73:1	15:17 16:11	principally 37.1	proceeds 24:21	4:21 12:19	90:6 99:21
player 34.21 players 87:8	75:12 106:16	19:20 20:1,19	18:22 61:15	process 6:20	13:5,12 14:4,9	publicly 5:6
playing 6:24	post-Milly 36:15	20:24 21:5	principles 5:11	10:3 27:5 31:9	14:25 18:23	63:23 101:16
playing 0.24 plays 5:15 7:3	potential 27:6,12	26:2,12 31:2	7:23 11:14	49:20 106:14	19:17 38:7	publish 26:23
pleading 12:23	39:19 76:4,7	33:2,12 35:17	18:16 46:25	procure 58:19,20	86:25 102:15	31:15 49:18,19
19:15	potentially 79:19	38:3 42:13,21	48:11 96:17	produce 14:18	111:19	58:21 72:16
plenty 51:18	power 5:20 8:10	43:20 55:2,7	97:4	produced 26:20	protects 13:3	103:19,20
plundering 79:7	11:11 21:13,19	55:19,20,24	<b>print</b> 70:2	producers 20:5	protest 88:15	published 27:21
plurality 36:11	23:15 26:5	56:1,8,11,19	printed 26:12	producing	protocol 5:1	67:9 78:16
43:25	35:2 41:16	57:9,14 58:4	40:6 97:8	111:16	proud 6:13	82:9 101:20,23
<b>plus</b> 79:19	powerful 25:24	58:12 59:18	<b>prior</b> 36:4 51:7	product 8:3	<b>prove</b> 41:13	104:7 107:10
<b>plush</b> 92:19	60:16 61:2	60:9,16 61:2	107:8 110:10	71:19 79:23	58:22 107:16	108:5
<b>pm</b> 89:14 111:23	86:8	61:13,16,18	priorities 1:25	97:19	provide 20:13	publishers 4:9
111:24	powerless 15:21	63:3,6,21 64:5	privacy 13:1	profession 44:21	22:17 54:17	publishing 2:4
pocket 11:8	powers 34:21	64:8 66:15	19:4 28:8,10	professional	62:17 70:15	27:5 58:15
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

98:14 101:10	24:2 42:3 80:8	24:12 33:2	regulator 33:24	<b>reporter</b> 9:7 84:6	response 6:17	13:1,4,9,11,14
pulled 16:18,19	raised 19:2 29:18	35:18 109:23	34:1 35:2 36:6	reporter 9:7 84:6	27:15 30:15	14:3,12 15:7,8
	44:1 63:3 82:3	110:18	36:8 51:1 53:6	32:15 49:5	49:12 85:25	19:9 23:14
pulling 95:3	rambler 107:3	recognition 2:9		82:5 83:3 92:2		24:20,23 25:10
punishment 4:23	ran 83:10 105:1		regulatory 37:1	107:2	responses 25:25	39:2 40:11
purchased 74:19		9:17 10:10,22	reject 83:21		responsibilities 28:20 41:3	
purely 57:25	range 3:18	14:23 24:15	rejected 19:5	reporting 15:17		47:12 54:5,21
purpose 16:18	ranging 2:12	30:25	52:18 102:23	66:19 83:7	responsibility 97:4	58:23 59:4,5
51:18 54:13	ranks 61:5	recommend	relate 30:25	109:24 110:3		63:6 64:8
65:15 111:13	rarely 109:11	14:13 36:25 93:3	79:19	reports 83:5 91:8	responsible	68:14 93:18,24
purposes 76:20	111:2 <b>rash</b> 47:17		related 78:13	reposting 104:19	31:23 71:10	96:10,21
80:19		recommendati 14:15	relates 28:21 30:24	represent 2:8 3:21 21:8	77:3 103:11	101:10
pursued 42:10	rate 26:13 RCJ 105:2	recommended			responsive 27:6	rightly 58:12
pursuit 17:25			relating 74:18	54:24 55:8	28:6 31:21	rights 2:9 10:22
push 60:19	reach 52:13	19:5 110:12	relation 5:2 32:3	56:17 59:21	33:16	13:7 19:13
put 17:6 18:25	reaction 27:24	reconstruction	32:6 94:17	75:20	rest 28:4 87:11	73:13 88:8
19:15 29:11	106:21	66:21	relations 2:4	representation	restatement 38:21	96:16 101:4
42:13 49:9	reactions 45:4	record 29:24	relationship 55:6	2:10 9:23 11:4		106:3,4 109:22
51:9,19 52:15	read 31:10 50:18	45:12,20 46:1	72:17,21,23	11:6 15:7 24:1	restoration	rights-based
64:25 70:5	57:15 67:12,16	52:9 91:24	73:16,17	representations	10:22	28:19
81:20,21 84:5	78:7 84:22	records 68:17	relatively 26:20	14:6	restraint 36:4	rigorous 21:16
93:2 95:12	109:15	91:18,20	63:12 70:15	representative	51:7	rings 9:4
102:19 109:2	reader 27:11	rectify 55:21	95:16	87:10	restricted 84:10	risk 51:10
puts 28:14	68:13	recur 56:7	relativist 105:23	representatives	restriction 60:23	road 48:9 99:18
putting 5:5 10:3	readers 7:1 27:3	red 40:4	releases 7:11	14:24 40:1	result 6:11 7:22	roasting 9:2
96:16	28:4 31:13,20	redundancies	relentless 7:20	55:1 98:8	18:15 41:18	robust 11:5
	readership 98:4	4:25 6:8,23	relevant 20:18	represented	82:5	15:10 22:8
Q	98:5 110:18	redundant 4:16	81:23	20:22 24:6,7	resulting 16:24	24:8
quality 2:12 6:19	reading 100:15	11:2 64:3	religion 16:12	24:11,12,14	results 6:22	robustly 17:21
6:25 23:7 49:9	real 22:9,18	reference 16:12	reluctance 29:6	representing	resume 111:23	rogue 9:7 80:15
quarrel 34:4	41:17 42:9	33:8 43:25	29:14	1:21 3:4,17	retired 4:16	83:15 84:6
quarter-formed	55:8 58:14	referred 14:18	reluctantly	represents 20:6	retrace 67:14	88:17,17
51:14	61:12 98:12	56:8 74:8	71:13	90:20 98:16	retreat 102:8	role 1:13 2:24
Queen's 77:6,13	104:14 107:13	91:15	remain 94:14	reps 10:8 15:15	retribution 4:21	3:12 5:15 7:4
question 12:14	108:11	referring 56:10	remarkable	require 42:14	46:11	14:15,24 15:1
23:12 25:2	realised 39:3	82:2	36:18 86:22	43:16	Retrospectively	20:20 59:16,16
58:1 71:25	realises 63:18	reflected 52:13	104:12 111:11	required 106:1	54:9	110:3,13,15,19
questioned 35:5	108:18	reflecting 3:24	remarkably	requirement	return 56:5	roles 2:3 109:23
questioning	reality 4:4,13 5:5	reflection 69:14	98:24	110:10	61:11 90:12	roll 93:5
32:12 57:8	7:24 8:12	reform 33:5	remedies 36:7	requires 62:15	96:23	room 21:2 62:20
questions 25:7	22:15 95:25	refusal 71:9	remedy 100:8	requiring 40:23	Returning	63:3 65:11
30:15 32:4	really 37:9,20	refuse 19:9	107:12,13,18	research 7:9	111:20	71:25
39:6,24 42:4	42:4 44:6 55:9	refused 10:18	remember 59:10	reside 8:10	reveal 84:7 91:3	roost 8:21
42:16 44:12	55:22 59:22	101:24 102:2	63:2 69:14	resist 19:23 62:2	103:4	rotten 29:1
49:6 50:13	62:16 63:13	110:9	78:10 81:18	67:4	revealed 25:24	round 73:1
51:1 54:3,4	80:12 90:4	regard 10:14	85:8 100:13	resolution 33:9	81:15	routine 79:7
80:9	95:5 98:1	regarded 29:23	109:21	33:13 42:20	revealing 99:12	92:11
quibble 110:22	99:19 100:5	52:14 90:3	remembering	51:23 52:13	104:2	<b>Rowland</b> 74:2,15
<b>quick</b> 33:16	reason 5:24 45:8	regardless 58:17	61:18	resolve 33:15	revelation 65:25	royal 11:24
quiet 25:1	63:5 72:6,20	95:19	reminded 89:23	82:10	68:2,2 75:9	rub 101:15
quintessentially	73:14 89:24	regards 78:11	remotely 91:4	resources 7:21	84:25 85:9,10	rubbish 98:23,24
72:23	97:24	106:9	remove 101:2	10:5 69:17	revelations	98:24
quite 4:10 21:3	reasonable 50:25	<b>regime</b> 34:13	rendered 64:3	resource-inten	41:14 55:4	rubbishing
43:25 47:17	68:13 94:13	regimes 53:13	rendering 31:6	7:5	revenue 26:15	106:12
48:24 49:3,23	reasons 51:9	regional 3:22 6:6	rent 109:2	respect 32:19	revisions 30:16	ruined 60:2
49:25 58:5	66:11 97:12	37:13	rep 3:14	85:17 93:24	revolution 79:10	107:7
62:23 75:23	reassure 62:9	registered 91:18	repeat 44:17	95:18 96:12	Reynolds 32:16	rule 8:21 17:14
94:8 98:24	Rebekah 61:19	regular 31:15	66:20 79:1	101:5 109:19	46:24 49:3,7	rules 34:10 49:25
<b>quo</b> 64:9	received 92:6	regularly 17:18	105:25	respected 88:8	49:14,23 50:15	ruling 3:3
quote 12:18	106:21	regulates 35:11	repeated 110:11	respectfully 30:7	rhetorically	rulings 105:6
<b>quoted</b> 31:2 96:9	receiving 80:6	regulation 19:20	repel 37:20	32:17	88:15	run 9:4 15:25
quotes 78:6	recesses 5:21	26:1 27:4	replaced 26:24	respects 38:4	rich 60:14 69:11	17:17 35:10
	recognise 14:15	31:21,23 32:19	reply 17:4	44:3 87:10	69:13	51:10 69:19
R	24:4 32:21	33:3,18,20	report 15:1 90:7	respond 27:13	Richard 20:10	80:15
race 16:12	39:15 48:1,2	35:7,20 37:7,8	90:11,22,24	45:6 49:11	88:14	running 31:19
racist 15:21	49:21 52:11	50:12 53:9,9	92:23	51:21	rife 45:17 111:17	49:22
radical 33:4	55:21 106:12	60:23	reported 63:16	responding 28:7	right 1:3,6 7:18	runs 43:1
raise 11:13 23:24	recognised 13:23	Regulations 15:2	64:6	45:3	9:23 12:24,25	Rupert 10:16
		<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Rusbridger	second 30:24	seminar 59:8	86:7	44:17 58:22	50:19	stable 105:15
24:24 25:6.9	39:25 76:25	88:16	shape 1:24 22:25			
25:12,14 38:14	88:9 97:24	seminars 38:18	shape 1:24 22:23 share 4:12 31:17	70:11,13 78:1	sorry 48:1 sort 32:14 42:8	107:19,21 <b>stables</b> 85:12
	101:20 107:25	56:3 59:2 60:9	61:10	78:11,21 83:20 106:1	42:25 53:3	stadium 76:10
45:3 46:5,7	101:20 107:23					
48:5,24 50:8		90:1 98:8	sharp 4:3 shattered 65:20	single 4:5 9:7	106:23	staff 2:2 10:17
50:21,25 51:4	secondary 91:22	108:3,19		16:25 61:23	sought 58:4	10:25 12:12
51:20,23 52:25	secondly 28:8	semi-decent 94:21	Shaun 68:8	79:20	101:14 105:4	24:9 82:22
53:16,18 54:3	41:8		shed 22:18	sir 1:8 17:5 32:5	sounding 7:3	83:1
57:2 111:1	secret 94:4,15	semi-public	sheer 79:3	54:8,23 59:13	sounds 38:14	<b>staffing</b> 10:4
rush 99:4	103:7	94:12 <b>senior</b> 10:7 11:9	sheet 58:5	61:8,25 62:20	58:22 59:4	stage 25:16 40:3
Russell 68:8	Secretary 2:23 2:25 3:13		Shell 20:11	64:10 71:2	source 49:8,8	52:2
Russell's 68:8	20:24 21:6	11:25 12:3,8 21:7 22:20	Sherborne 1:5	83:24 89:6,12 93:3 96:3 99:6	79:20 <b>sources</b> 2:14	stages 42:1 stamp 92:23
S			53:25 54:5,8			_
	26:7 30:3 46:8	29:9 80:22	54:10,17,22,23	sister 10:23 57:7	59:3 78:7	stance 16:3
sacked 71:16	secretive 21:22	82:9	89:12,17,18	88:24	so-called 16:6	stand 18:22
sacrificing 6:19	section 55:19	sensational	she'd 75:10	sit 10:8 21:2 62:4	29:1 32:16	standards 33:12
6:25	56:8,19,20,21	110:15	shielded 58:4	site 47:20	34:10 46:22,24	56:14,15
sad 69:14	57:10 92:1	sense 55:8 74:9	shining 5:20	sits 20:25	68:14 69:3	standing 86:8
sadly 8:25 75:16	93:1 99:1	96:21 105:23	shocked 68:5	sitting 47:20	78:7 86:2	stands 57:10
106:14	106:8 111:14	108:22 109:4,6	shocking 25:21	62:9	spanked 105:13	98:3
safeguards 30:9	sections 63:22	senses 36:2	25:23 89:19	situation 70:1	speak 2:1 15:9	stand-up 78:8
40:19	92:7	108:20	shop 33:13	size 40:5	15:12 45:14,20	<b>Stanistreet</b> 1:7,8
safety 14:25	sector 22:17	sensibilities	shops 28:14	Sky 82:21	56:4 70:16	1:18,20 7:17
99:18 100:10	security 18:25	111:14	short 17:4 26:4	slash 6:18	76:13	7:19 23:23
sales 16:25 21:21	see 29:15 37:14	sensible 43:10	42:22 53:23	sledgehammer	speaking 4:15	24:7,19 40:21
Sally 66:3 67:19	42:14 51:15	sensibly 80:13	89:11,15	32:25	5:6 7:16 44:12	46:11
67:24	52:25 55:23	sensitive 57:18	shortcuts 7:22	slightest 20:1	speaks 36:9	Star 3:16 16:15
salt 101:15	56:4 61:16	73:5 76:18	shorthand 53:20	slightly 39:25	spearheaded	stark 4:13 8:12
salute 103:12,14	68:17 73:20	106:21	shortly 73:2 89:7	slippery 48:8	75:2	start 31:14 63:9
103:15	92:13 94:23,24	sensitivity 72:8	shot 103:6	slips 91:14	special 12:23	93:4 96:18
sample 62:20	97:8 103:8	sent 71:15 104:4	show 29:5 50:8	slow 1:16 7:13	19:15	started 65:24
sanctions 35:4	seeing 6:22 77:9	sentences 2:17	52:10 61:7	32:24	specialist 7:6	71:5 77:21
99:17	seek 14:14	separate 8:4,6	94:20 95:1,5,6	small 26:20	species 7:8	84:13
Sara 74:25	seekers 15:18,25	97:7	95:7,9 104:6	Smith 73:12	specific 5:1	starting 38:22
Sarah 75:1	seeking 58:1	<b>September</b> 15:14	showed 37:11	Snappy 95:8	59:15	48:14
Sarah's 75:4	86:12 91:13	64:17 83:18	103:5	Snaps 95:8	specifically	startling 99:3
sat 17:8 54:25	seeks 56:14	series 39:24 42:4	shut 107:19,19	snapshot 28:1	90:24	starts 53:25
satisfied 17:5	seen 11:19 12:23	54:2 78:14	107:22 sick 99:12	sniff 53:9	spectacular	54:18 <b>state</b> 6:5 35:7
satisfy 110:16	61:14 102:4	serious 55:5 73:3 90:20		<b>snoop</b> 38:9 <b>Social</b> 27:12	62:11	
save 71:13	103:6		sickening 75:12	society 5:16,21	spectacularly 98:20	69:16 81:10 82:12 101:16
saw 10:22 100:17	<b>seized</b> 79:5 91:6 91:22	seriously 23:3 29:9 69:2	<b>side</b> 49:20 61:6 62:9 67:11	7:4 19:7 20:23	speculate 65:14	104:12
saying 7:15 17:5	seldom 33:14		93:23 98:1		l -	stated 32:22
43:22 64:3	Select 19:3 61:20	88:16		21:9 26:5 28:19 43:22	111:17	82:19
says 8:18 53:5	81:12 84:1	serried 61:5 serve 4:6,7 35:11	sieg 103:12 Sienna 68:23,25	76:24 93:21	<b>speculation</b> 79:25 111:17	statement 2:18
55:18 59:7	85:22 86:21	served 3:2	77:13 78:11	96:14 105:19	speech 44:24	2:20,20 15:24
77:10	selection 60:4	service 2:13	86:19	109:23 110:2	53:10 55:12	31:1 62:1
scale 6:7 18:13 22:21 62:22	62:19 73:9	33:14 35:22	signed 33:18	softly 67:13	58:3 61:13	64:10 81:19,20
75:18 79:3	self-interest	37:18 42:25	signed 55:16 significance	software 87:25	93:20 96:10	81:24 83:19
75:18 79:3 86:5	62:15 70:4	services 36:8	29:16 63:12,19	sold 21:15,25	97:23 101:5	84:5
scandal 6:1 11:2	self-preservation	83:4	significant 5:10	sole 60:21	105:8,18	statements 29:10
55:5 69:1 70:8	70:5	serving 23:6	9:12 28:10	solicitor 84:11	speeches 38:18	states 16:10
75:18 83:7	self-regulated	set 8:21 13:12	35:4 80:7	solicitors 83:25	speed 7:16	<b>station</b> 67:19
87:18 87:18	64:5	43:6 56:14	signing 17:14,15	84:3,7,8 85:20	speed 7.16 spend 104:17	station 67.19 status 1:15 64:9
scheme 77:15	self-regulation	63:10 86:20	silence 84:9	86:1,3	spike 16:25	statute 35:14,16
78:3	20:4,22 34:3	setting 25:18	Silverleaf 77:7	solution 20:2	spirit 19:11	statute 33.14,10 statutory 15:2
school 64:16	35:6,14 61:21	53:5,12 61:1	similar 32:3 49:2	solution 20.2 solutions 38:23	split 19.11 splashed 22:5	35:6,7 53:4,5,9
scope 18:14	62:4 70:6 81:9	66:1 87:1	59:25 60:1,1	55:20	splendid 9:8	stays 37:10
42:19	self-serving 20:8	settle 6:15	94:24 95:4	solve 35:19	spoke 39:9 40:12	steal 58:20 67:21
screaming 83:12	60:17	settlement 84:17	similarities	solved 33:1	45:12 59:2	stealth 105:10
99:11	sell 76:22 91:5	91:8	76:16	somewhat 31:6	spoken 4:24	step 15:16
scrutinised	98:2	seven 36:13	simple 8:15	92:5	35:19 39:17	stepped 62:9
35:16 96:19	selling 90:17	sex 16:12 97:21	80:13	son 71:11 106:17	spoof 16:17	105:16
scrutiny 21:20	92:11	99:13	simpler 108:17	sons 99:22	sport 97:21	steps 13:17,23
sealed 21:22	sells 57:25 58:23	sexual 16:13	108:18	son's 106:23	spurious 102:22	41:21 82:10
88:12	109:6	shame 92:14	simply 4:15 5:7	107:2	square 30:13	92:22 105:2
Seamus 20:25	semi 95:18	shameful 55:4	21:17 30:21	sophisticated	squarely 10:6	stereotypical
20.23				- F		

	I	l	l	1		İ
69:10	stunning 29:21	surely 80:8	takes 25:18 44:4	99:16 104:14	60:9 90:2	65:24
stick 33:11 43:8	style 93:18	surfacing 80:25	53:3	terrible 66:14	100:3	tolerant 96:14
sticks 35:18	subject 34:25	surprise 33:21	talents 96:6	72:25 94:19,21	<b>third</b> 34:11	tolerate 36:4
51:24	35:12 41:21	90:5	talk 41:4	106:16	45:20 82:17	Tom 74:2
stock 89:19	51:9 73:22	surprising 39:11	talked 46:11	terribly 69:18	Thirdly 28:18	tone 8:21,24
<b>stolen</b> 67:21	84:18 88:1	surprisingly	talking 40:7	terrified 104:5	32:1	15:21
stop 12:1 47:7	97:15	92:5	talks 21:23 28:12	Tesco 28:14	<b>Thomas</b> 90:13	<b>tools</b> 93:6
76:8 100:4	subjected 66:14	Surrey 69:7	tangled 81:13	test 17:21 21:16	Thompson 86:18	top 8:11 40:4
103:22	subjective 41:7	surveillance	target 38:15	32:7,8,8 41:6	thorough 81:25	48:17
stories 8:2 18:15	105:23	11:22 29:11	84:21	41:18 42:8	thoroughly 7:9	topic 38:19 95:15
41:12 49:18	submissions 1:7	78:17 85:1,3	targeted 37:25	49:2,3,13	thought 2:17	108:14
58:15 59:25	25:14 54:11,13	86:3,4,15	40:10 73:10,15	tested 41:25	14:20 37:12	<b>topics</b> 54:10
71:18 72:5	54:14,18,22	survival 60:18	76:1,17 86:8	49:15 103:6	39:8 41:10	topped 7:10
76:14,20,21	56:7 59:22	survive 26:10	targeting 78:17	108:12	46:19 47:11	total 87:17 92:3
77:1 78:8	99:8	suspect 55:13	targets 73:10	testimony 4:20	48:18 50:23	totally 85:5
79:20,22 80:7	<b>submit</b> 22:22	67:7 68:6	74:24 78:1	22:18,23	51:17 67:2	touch 29:14
80:20 92:6	36:25	86:11	task 84:2 85:14	text 19:8 26:25	104:9 107:25	34:25 67:20
97:15,22 98:2	subscribe 43:9	suspected 100:25	tasks 79:18	27:1	thoughts 33:4	touched 54:10
98:14 104:1	succeeded 108:6	suspects 45:22	taster 80:12	thank 1:5,8 23:8	43:6	57:3
107:10 108:13	successive 81:11	92:11	tawdry 58:9	24:21 25:15	thousand 37:24	touches 67:14
111:20	successor 35:21	sustainability	102:25	45:3 53:18,21	thousands 82:23	town 45:13
story 8:14 11:19	sucked 26:12	26:9	<b>Taylor</b> 77:8 82:7	89:13	92:1 104:18	trade 2:16 5:13
17:25 27:20	suffer 19:12	sustainable 6:21	84:17	thankfully 72:25	threat 26:8 90:21	10:22 12:19
29:14 41:13	suffered 59:17	sympathy 68:10	<b>Taylor's</b> 82:10	83:16 102:12	97:22 104:2	13:4,11,22
42:12,15 45:11	62:16 72:4	symptom 89:21	team 2:21 3:21	102:13	threatened 29:11	14:4,9,21,24
51:11 59:22	73:7	symptomatic	4:18 22:14	thanks 1:19 75:7	47:1	15:5,6 17:12
64:24 66:10,11	suffering 29:22	55:25	38:11 50:9	theirs 67:7	three 2:24 15:14	58:9 90:20
68:3 71:7	106:18	system 13:21	54:23	theme 5:3 56:5	28:2	93:6,8 95:22
72:22,24 74:23	sufficient 69:17	33:2,2 34:12	techniques 77:22	102:22 103:1	thrown 39:15	95:22 102:25
82:2,8 84:12	sufficiently 9:25	50:20 69:15	teenage 66:25	thin 20:13	thrust 18:17	tradition 31:11
95:23 96:24	suggest 30:7	systematic 77:20	85:4	thing 45:15	Thurlbeck 103:9	tragic 70:17
99:10 101:10	32:18 55:20	80:17	teeth 20:13 35:2	49:24 76:25	103:24	73:25
101:13,14	61:17 69:11	systemic 34:14	43:13	88:9	Thursday 28:15	Trained 107:22
102:1 103:1,11	85:14 89:21	59:19	Telegraph 24:11	things 14:17 24:3	tie 37:21	training 70:24
103:19,25	suggested 12:13	systems 12:16	74:3	30:6,13 31:7	ties 42:25	transformed
106:7 108:5	32:1,5 35:15		telephone 17:18	34:23 38:6	tiller 35:1	26:19
straight 37:10	40:8	T	72:12 77:23	40:25 44:7	time 2:22 3:6,8	trap 98:10
105:1	suggesting 50:17	table 10:7 92:14	83:3 91:19,20	46:13 48:4,6	6:10 23:8 26:8	trash 99:4
straightforward	50:19	92:15	91:21 100:14	48:13,18 50:4	38:20 49:11	travel 71:13
18:9,12	suggestion 83:21	tabloid 3:23 40:4	tell 7:14 45:15	50:22 51:19	51:18 58:6,7	treat 106:10
<b>strain</b> 71:11	99:7 102:21	40:4 56:10	66:2 99:19	52:5 53:7,17	63:21 66:15	treated 28:12
stranger 84:24	suggestions	57:1,9 59:1	100:12 102:7	54:1 77:12	67:6,8 80:23	54:3 58:25
strangled 105:9	28:21	64:4 65:20	103:1 104:19	87:13 90:11	83:17 85:21	trial 52:11 65:24
stranglehold	suggests 80:1	68:13 87:11	108:13 109:11	109:11	89:10 100:16	78:19 79:14
22:4	sum 29:21	88:15 89:22	111:20	think 23:23	111:6	100:23 102:11
Strasbourg	summarise 81:5	91:10 92:10	telling 27:19	24:10,23 27:8	times 37:9 38:2	102:17 103:5
107:11 110:8	summer 72:13	98:15,18 104:9	60:14 81:16	34:5,23,24	45:9,13,19	104:10 106:17
<b>stream</b> 44:6 80:7	sums 104:17	104:23 108:2	83:6 85:22	37:9,23 39:2	47:10 63:2	108:4
<b>street</b> 59:10	sun 57:7 62:7	tabloids 46:20,25	103:13	40:18 42:19	timescales 7:21	<b>trials</b> 109:9
61:22 92:19	88:22 105:11	83:10	tells 47:25	43:4 44:14	timing 85:16	tribunal 29:22
95:9 103:21	105:13 108:24	tackle 11:13 17:1	temerity 101:15	45:7 46:7,18	tiny 36:12	48:19
strengthened	Sunday 3:8	tactics 86:23	tempt 33:17	46:19 47:14,22	tip 87:15	trickery 57:18
102:15	47:10 100:14	tailed 7:10	temptation 62:2	49:2,14,23	titillate 110:16	tricks 93:6
stress 11:14	supplied 91:17	take 10:16 13:23	tempting 62:5	50:11,14,25	title 15:19 21:24	102:24
striking 47:17	92:2	14:6 16:4 25:3	97:8	51:5 52:1,19	28:3	tried 47:7 75:21
stripped 6:13	support 4:25	25:6 29:8,15	ten 74:3 79:21	52:20 53:10	titles 3:16 6:9,14	76:3 89:4
strive 4:5	14:7 17:19	41:13 44:3,13	tend 12:17	58:5 62:1	10:15 21:15,18	106:23 107:2
striving 88:7	75:8 82:14	46:4 48:5 49:1	tenth 87:17	72:20 73:21	21:23 23:25	Trinity 24:15
strong 11:4 15:5	supporters 74:25	49:24 52:6	term 56:6 63:12	74:9 76:8 78:7	24:5,7,14	Trojan 87:24
15:6 24:8	suppose 93:7	58:6,7,24	110:24	83:14 86:23	36:13 37:11	troops 8:20
40:17 56:9	supposedly	68:24 89:18	termed 31:22	88:24 99:6	40:13 56:12	true 46:21 48:5
stronger 37:22	72:16 104:10	94:18 96:5	69:11 104:11	103:17 108:1	tittle-tattle 109:7	58:8 69:14
strongly 106:19	sure 10:11 23:14	107:4 111:6	terms 11:16	111:22	today 3:20 5:24	86:5 92:5
structures 17:17	24:20 37:10	taken 11:25	43:25 55:10,17	thinking 25:12	22:8 27:22,25	93:18 107:1
struggle 26:10	38:5 43:14,15	32:12 50:14	56:25 66:25	31:18 32:2,19	58:7 105:9	<b>truly</b> 31:19 63:18
40:18	54:4 56:22	69:2 82:10	67:1 81:2	33:7 38:11	told 11:19 12:1,3	95:22 108:15
stuff 14:22 45:16	109:12,13	92:23	86:12 93:19	40:15 51:3,24	45:16 61:19	<b>trump</b> 96:10
	l		l			
l-						

trust 25:23 55:6	40:7	88:10 95:10	voicemail 64:20	61:24 64:16	whingeing 68:14	15:5 24:1
55:9 68:18	understated	useful 33:5 34:23	65:10 66:4	66:12 67:1	whistle-blowing	workplaces 4:14
truth 27:19,20	93:24	uses 28:11	67:21 82:6	70:5 81:6	48:20,21	8:1
27:22 29:13	undertaking	108:20	83:4	84:10 101:10	widely 32:24	world 11:1,18,21
	67:5		voicemails 57:16	106:7,10,13,19	wider 94:4	12:1,6 22:19
46:1,2 70:3	unearth 86:5	usually 21:21 utmost 18:7	65:11 67:7	111:12		26:3 27:11,15
80:25 81:16		111:15			widespread 29:13 37:6	· ·
84:2,24 97:11	unemployable 5:8 46:12	111:13	69:5 71:21,21 74:12 78:3,12	ways 12:16 32:11 38:11	83:22 90:16	28:11 29:20 30:8 45:15
try 34:3 39:21				44:14 51:15		
60:19 66:24 111:15	unenviable 84:2 unethical 14:17	v 13:7,16	79:7 82:15,18 83:2 88:11	<b>WB</b> 8:6	wife 99:22 Wilson 13:16	48:10 57:6
trying 45:25 84:2	17:7	· /	89:20	<b>wealth</b> 75:13	win 60:11 70:22	62:8 65:6,13 67:9 72:11,18
85:23 103:11	unfolded 81:6	vacuum 6:2 87:3 value 14:19	voices 61:4	wealthy 69:22	window 95:10	73:10 74:7
104:17 105:14	unforgivable		volces 61.4 volume 79:5	74:18	Winter 87:21	75:5 76:21
Turkey 13:7	93:13	31:19 44:25	voluntarily	web 81:13	88:5	79:22 81:18
turn 74:21 95:16	unfortunate	various 38:17	85:13	Webb 11:19,20	wish 4:19 61:18	82:4,14,16
turned 45:13	55:22	41:25 57:24 77:22 82:1	voluntary 13:21	website 81:20,21	109:19	83:17,23 84:15
78:5	unfortunately	83:4 98:9	voracious 91:1	102:5	wishes 2:21	85:10 87:24
turns 94:19	61:8 66:7 89:5	110:23	voyeuristic	Wednesday 1:1	Witherow 47:9	88:23 95:12
Twain 84:24	unhappy 5:5	vast 23:5 24:9	104:19 110:17	week 11:20	witness 2:20,21	98:19 99:5,10
tweak 53:6	unholy 80:4	38:24 44:22	vulnerable 57:19	12:13 54:19	103:5	100:16,22
twist 65:17	union 1:4,11,11	vehemently 68:6	vullici abic 37.17	74:2 83:5	witnesses 5:2	100:10,22
twists 74:23	1:20,24 3:1,4	vehicles 91:18		87:19	45:22	104:1,24
two 31:14 36:2	9:22,25 10:17	velicles 91:18 velodrome 76:10	waiting 57:8	weekend 101:21	woman 65:2	104.1,24
39:10 45:19	10:22 11:10	veneer 20:14	65:11 101:21	101:21	103:4,9,12,13	World's 74:20
46:9,17 53:25	12:11,19 13:5	verdict 29:25	wake 11:2,18,23	weeks 22:24	103:15,24	88:13
55:2,14 61:13	13:22 14:2,4,5	verify 58:21	73:25	44:15 66:18	women 104:5	worry 37:4
76:15 84:4	14:9,24 15:5,6	verny 58.21 versa 50:6	walk 21:17 29:25	84:1,25	won 100:8	103:19
87:13,18 96:16	15:10 17:12,17	versus 35:6	66:20 67:5,10	weight 63:17	104:13	worse 65:10
97:12,13 98:10	unionist 2:16	46:20 53:4	walked 16:15	welcome 35:15	wonder 23:11,20	73:23
108:13,20	unions 5:13	vested 12:24	20:11 88:14	38:21 44:12	58:6	worst 38:13
109:5,22	10:23 13:11	vice 50:6	walking 37:13	well-document	wonderful 69:10	worth 29:4 61:18
type 59:8 94:9	14:21	vice-president	walls 88:12	55:16	word 43:24	worthy 111:19
97:21	<b>unique</b> 76:15	3:2	<b>Walter</b> 27:21	well-known	58:24 63:11,11	wouldn't 38:8
types 46:21	77:23	victims 54:25	<b>Walton</b> 67:19	57:20,24 70:9	94:3 95:11	49:18 60:18
	universal 48:11	56:17,24 57:21	want 5:19,19,21	70:12 71:3	97:13 108:21	wounds 101:15
U	unlawful 58:18	59:21,24 60:5	5:22 15:12	72:8,9,17	109:4	write 8:2 17:6
ugly 80:24	71:20,22 77:22	60:5,10,10,11	23:11 39:8	75:25 76:2	wording 52:5	26:2 27:14
UK 1:13 13:16	80:18 107:7	60:12 61:4	44:10,16 45:1	93:11 110:4	words 41:19 66:2	68:22 92:8
14:11 16:7	unpalatable	68:8 70:8 74:5	49:6 51:8	well-organised	66:8 84:12	writer 3:10,11
19:19 21:3	17:24	74:20 76:7	58:21 68:16	11:10 22:9	85:4 105:21	53:20 97:2
unacceptable	unpixelated	87:17 92:25	94:22 101:11	went 52:11 90:19	108:13	writes 27:24
12:21 85:6	104:5	93:12 95:25	102:24	105:24	work 2:1,11,11	writing 47:7
unaccountable	unpopular 17:25	video 27:1	wanted 25:17	weren't 26:22	7:9 8:11 9:22	49:10 54:6
60:12	unprecedented	view 10:14 13:25	103:12	33:21 45:11	10:4,6 14:22	108:10
unanimous 13:6	1:8 15:16	19:22 28:25	wanting 72:16	we'll 19:20 24:20	21:3 22:23	written 17:4
unbelievable 9:8	unpredictable	34:1 36:21	wants 42:13	53:21 62:17	35:15,20 38:7	22:23 54:12,17
unchecked 9:1	7:20	37:7,16 43:23	51:25 69:13	89:9 111:23	38:9,23 43:18	94:7 100:11
uncomfortable	unqualified	59:4 68:1,13	Wapping 10:24	we're 1:22 4:18	47:14 49:15	106:25
38:4	96:25	73:9 80:23	war 70:18	5:24 6:21	51:16 65:8	wrong 30:6
uncover 84:2	unreasonable	views 23:1 33:6	warning 100:18	20:22 22:11	84:20 91:24	55:22 58:18
uncovered 90:16	7:20	40:17 43:5	warranted 17:4	24:7,11,11	94:22 99:15 101:11	85:24 88:24
underling 9:4	untrue 82:21,24	vigorously 17:23	Washington	38:5 47:24 40:3 51:16 16		99:4,9 109:15
undermine	83:2 84:6 107:18	vilification 57:22	31:3	49:3 51:16,16	workable 35:24	wrongdoing 5:23 76:23 83:22
111:15	untruthful 29:9	93:13 <b>vilified</b> 61:9	wasn't 16:3	<b>we've</b> 18:19 20:3 30:2 32:1	<b>worked</b> 3:9,10 8:18 88:6	76:23 83:22 wrongful 86:6
undermined 111:10	untruthful 29:9 unvarnished	vilified 61:9 viral 102:5	23:21 44:24 50:3 64:6	51:24	workers 4:3 14:8	wrongly 96:9
	58:8			whatsoever 77:2	workforce 6:9	wrongs 59:19
undermining 106:13	unwillingness	virtually 26:22 28:9	86:11 100:18 wasted 44:23	wheat 97:7	24:10	wrote 63:24
underpins 8:5	26:2	vital 3:24 5:16	wasted 44:25 watch 68:16	whilst 10:11	working 3:4,6,8	#10tc 03.24
understand 1:3	unwittingly	9:9 12:21	watchdog 110:3	56:13,22 63:19	3:20,22 4:2,18	Y
7:24 23:16	57:23 93:14	14:15 23:1	110:12	65:1,18 68:6	22:15,16 23:2	year 26:14 47:19
39:13 46:6	upset 15:20	30:16	water 21:4	76:14 81:5	30:11 49:23	65:23 79:20
51:12 74:14	urge 55:23 56:13	vividly 60:7	way 8:22 9:12,25	85:6 88:19	50:8 70:11	85:21 89:5
109:3,12	urgent 16:16	103:18	33:22 40:23	94:5,19 97:10	87:23	92:18
understandable	use 32:15 35:15	voice 1:12 61:2,4	43:18 44:3	99:24 101:13	workplace 1:24	years 1:22 2:25
61:15 65:18	36:8 47:1 78:2	61:5 63:3	45:11 47:14	101:21	5:12 8:9 9:13	3:3 6:7 11:23
understands	85:4 87:24	105:11	50:14,16 52:1	whim 21:25	9:14 10:8 11:4	18:20 20:3
1	l		ĺ			

						Page 120
		•		•	•	
31:18 59:18	29:3 36:16					
61:25 69:8,9	<b>21</b> 64:15					
74:3 78:15	21 64.13 21st 44:19					
79:5,18 80:4	<b>24</b> 31:7					
84:4	<b>24-hour</b> 26:24					
	<b>25</b> 6:14					
year's 76:11						
Yeats 8:6	<b>28</b> 77:18					
yesterday 21:5	3					
33:8 55:1 85:5						
87:5 88:19	<b>3</b> 51:16					
89:23	<b>30</b> 6:15					
York 45:9,13,19	<b>305</b> 92:3					
	<b>36</b> 52:21					
1	<b>38,000</b> 2:1					
<b>1</b> 28:25 55:11						
64:11 65:15	4					
99:11,17	<b>4</b> 92:13					
<b>1.05</b> 111:24						
<b>10</b> 13:2 26:14	5					
30:1	<b>5</b> 92:13					
<b>10.00</b> 1:2	<b>5.6</b> 90:24					
<b>100</b> 51:17	<b>50</b> 76:3					
<b>104</b> 1:22	<b>500</b> 79:19					
<b>11</b> 13:3,12,14	<b>51</b> 54:25 59:24					
<b>11,000</b> 79:16	<b>51</b> 54:25 59:24 <b>55</b> 92:1					
<b>11.15</b> 53:22	33 92.1					
<b>11.30</b> 53:21,24	6					
<b>12.22</b> 89:14						
<b>12.30</b> 89:16	6 51:25					
<b>13</b> 57:5 104:24	<b>6,000</b> 76:7,8,12					
13-year-old	<b>60</b> 74:8					
64:15	<b>60,000</b> 104:15					
13-year-old's	<b>600</b> 76:13					
65:9	<b>61</b> 36:19					
<b>15</b> 31:18						
<b>16</b> 1:1	7					
<b>18</b> 23:20	<b>7/7</b> 68:9					
<b>18-month</b> 29:1						
<b>1922</b> 27:21	8					
<b>1922</b> 27.21 <b>1936</b> 17:13	<b>8</b> 13:1 101:3					
	<b>800,000</b> 29:22					
<b>1980s</b> 13:19 <b>1989</b> 15:3						
	9					
<b>1997</b> 31:13	<b>95</b> 24:10					
<b>1999</b> 3:7	<b>99</b> 38:7					
<b>2</b> 28:23 31:16						
79:14 80:11						
<b>2,000</b> 79:18						
<b>2.05</b> 111:23						
<b>2001</b> 15:14						
<b>2002</b> 64:15,17						
<b>2003</b> 19:4 61:20						
<b>2004</b> 16:4						
<b>2005</b> 85:18						
<b>2006</b> 16:15 63:16						
72:13 85:18						
90:8						
<b>2007</b> 20:19						
<b>2008</b> 77:9 82:6						
84:4 98:25						
99:24 100:15						
<b>2009</b> 29:3,7,21						
33:23 63:24						
81:19						
<b>2010</b> 83:18						
<b>2011</b> 1:1 28:22						
	I	l	I		I	
0						